1	IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS	
2		LAS DIVISION
3	In re:) Case No. 09-37010-sgj-11) Jointly Administered Ch. 11
4	ERICKSON RETIREMENT)
5	COMMUNITIES, LLC, et al.,) Dallas, Texas) Tuesday, March 23, 2010
6	Debtors.) 1:30 p.m.
7) - MOTION TO REJECT CERTAIN) UNEXPIRED LEASE [794]
8) - MOTION TO EXTEND OR LIMIT) THE EXCLUSIVITY PERIOD [819]
9) - MOTION FOR VALUATION [906])
10	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS	
11	l .	ABLE STACEY G.C. JERNIGAN, TES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE.
12	APPEARANCES:	
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24	Proceedings recorded b	y electronic sound recording;
25		by transcription service.

1 DALLAS, TEXAS - MARCH 23, 2010 - 1:34 P.M. THE COURT: Good afternoon. Please be seated. 2 3 right. We have various Erickson matters set on our docket 4 this afternoon. Let's start by getting appearances from counsel, please. 5 MR. CALIFANO: Good afternoon, Your Honor. 6 7 Califano, DLA Piper, on behalf of the Debtors. With me are my partners Michael Hynes and Vincent Slusher. 8 9 THE COURT: Good afternoon. 10 MR. BOONE: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Bill Boone 11 for the Corporate Revolver Group. 12 THE COURT: Okay. Good afternoon. 13 MR. WALLANDER: Good afternoon, Your Honor. 14 Wallander and Molly Sorg on behalf of HCP, Inc. 15 THE COURT: Good afternoon. MR. SWETT: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Brian Swett 16 17 and Myja Kjaer on behalf of Bank of America as agent for the 18 Dallas lenders. 19 THE COURT: Okay. Good afternoon. 20 MS. RERKO: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Cynthia 21 Rerko. Here with me is Lisa Epps of the law firm Spencer 22 Fane. She's been admitted pro hac vice. We are here on 23 behalf of U.S. Bank as indenture trustee. 2.4 THE COURT: Okay. Good afternoon.

MR. BLECK: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Daniel Bleck

1 representing Capmark Finance, Inc. as agent for the Littleton 2 lenders. THE COURT: Okay. Good afternoon. 3 MS. CALLARI: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Carollynn 4 Callari with Venable on behalf of Redwood. 5 THE COURT: Good afternoon. 6 7 MS. TANCREDI: Good afternoon. Lisa Tancredi and James Smith from Gebhardt and Smith on behalf of PNC Bank, 8 9 National Association. 10 THE COURT: Okay. Good afternoon. 11 MS. RUCKMAN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Dee Ruckman and Stuart Glick on behalf of M&T Bank as agent. 12 13 THE COURT: Okay. Good afternoon. 14 MR. ROBERTS: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Ian 15 Roberts of Baker Botts on behalf of the Michigan Retirement 16 System Entities. 17 THE COURT: Okay. Good afternoon. 18 MR. HAMILTON: Good afternoon, Your Honor. 19 Hamilton on behalf of Key Bank, N.A. 2.0 THE COURT: Okay. Good afternoon. 21 MR. HOWELL: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Jonathan 22 Howell with Munsch Hardt representing Coastwood. 23 THE COURT: Okay. Good afternoon. 2.4 MR. STRICKLIN: Sam Stricklin on behalf of the 25 Official Committee -- non-disbanded -- of Unsecured Creditors.

1 THE COURT: Okay. Still alive and kicking. 2 (Laughter.) MR. STRICKLIN: Still alive. 3 THE COURT: Okay. 4 5 MR. CHEVALLIER: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Chevallier and Tom Francella on behalf of the NSC NFPs. 6 7 THE COURT: Okay. Good afternoon. All right. That looks like all of our courtroom appearances. Let's go ahead 8 9 and get appearances from the phone people. 10 MR. MORRIS: Good afternoon, Your Honor. This is Hal Morris of the Texas Attorney General's Office on behalf of the 11 12 Texas Department of Insurance and Texas A&M University. 13 THE COURT: Okay. Good afternoon. 14 MS. MIRSKY: Arlene Mirsky, Sills Cummis, on behalf of M&T Bank. 15 16 THE COURT: Okay. Good afternoon. 17 MR. SUMMERS: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Matthew 18 Summers on behalf of the MSRESS Dallas, Denver, and Kansas lenders. 19 2.0 THE COURT: Okay. Next? 21 MR. MARKS: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Jeffrey 22 Marks; Squire, Sanders, & Dempsey; on behalf of Sovereign 23 Bank. 2.4 Okay. THE COURT: Next? 25 MR. CUSACK: Good afternoon, Your Honor. John

1 Cusack; DLA Piper; on behalf of Erickson Retirement Communities. 2 3 THE COURT: Okay. Next? MR. BERKOWITZ: Good afternoon, Judge. Ted Berkowitz 4 from Farrell Fritz on behalf of the Debtors. 5 THE COURT: Okay. Next? 6 7 MR. WEAVER: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Robert Weaver, former employee, on behalf of myself. 8 9 THE COURT: All right. Next? 10 MR. ROSE: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Jorian Rose 11 on behalf of ERC Funding and Redwood. 12 THE COURT: Okay. Anyone else? 13 (No response.) 14 THE COURT: All right. Well, Mr. Califano, looks to me as though we have primarily up for hearing today the 15 16 valuation allocation motion. Why don't you tee us up by 17 telling us what settlements you may have reached since last 18 time? 19 MR. CALIFANO: Well, I'm happy to inform the Court, 20 Your Honor, that we've reached agreement, subject to 21 confirmation of the plan, with the Michigan State Retirement 22 Entities, and have resolved the issues set forth in their 23 motion and have resolved the issues in the adversary 2.4 proceeding. And in exchange for payment of \$1 million, they

will deed the property -- they will drop their objections and

deed the property to the Debtors, the Concord property. So, we don't need to go through that recharacterization action, and we don't have a contested valuation allocation issue today.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. CALIFANO: So, in fact, all of the adversary proceedings are resolved, all the sub debt issues are resolved, and I think we have a much clearer path to confirmation.

And I have to thank the Court. I think the Court's willingness to schedule these hearings at this point and put us on a very tight leash required the parties to do a lot of work in a short period of time and realize that a settlement was in everyone's best interest. So, I thank the Court for that.

What we would like to do, Your Honor, in addition to a brief status conference, we'd like to put on the allocation and valuation evidence that the Debtor intended to put on, because as Your Honor noted in your decision, the Court does have to make an independent determination of valuation and allocation. Everybody is here and we'd like to do that today, and we think it will also help us make confirmation more streamlined when we're here on April 15th and the 16th.

So that's what we'd like to go forward with today. We have Mr. Niemann prepared to testify. And my partner, Mr.

Hynes, will do his direct examination.

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THE COURT: All right. Before we go to that, is there anyone who wanted to say anything on the record regarding these matters? Ms. Tancredi?

MS. TANCREDI: Yes, Your Honor, very briefly. With regard to the Michigan Retirement Entities, that settlement is also, of course, subject to the voting being done by all the lenders in their respective classes, because the agent doesn't have the authority to bind any of those particular classes.

With regard to the valuation evidence today, the parties have agreed to a stipulation and order such that, instead of every party here putting on valuation evidence, the idea was that the Debtor would put on its evidence, and it wouldn't be binding on anybody in the event that the plan is not substantially consummated by April 30th. And I had circulated a stipulation and order, and Adrienne Walker has also done yeoman's work in getting people to sign off. I don't have all the signatures quite -- I have the signatures, but not collected physically here. But we will upload that order. I don't know if Your Honor wants to see it. I can hand it up if you would like.

THE COURT: Yes, why don't you?

MS. TANCREDI: Thank you.

THE COURT: Okay.

| (Pause.)

1 THE COURT: All right. So, as I understand it, 2 you've circulated and I guess gotten tentative agreements from 3 all representatives of secured lenders, subordinated lenders, 4 the Secured Creditor Committee, and Debtor that --5 MS. TANCREDI: Yes, actually, I've received 6 signatures to that order. It's just some of them are in 7 electronic form and I don't have them physically here. 8 THE COURT: Okay. 9 MS. TANCREDI: But, yes. 10 THE COURT: So, everyone will defer to the valuation 11 evidence of Mr. Niemann. Ms. Rerko is shaking her head no. 12 Well, Ms. Epps? 13 MS. EPPS: Oh, I'm sorry. I didn't want to --14 THE COURT: Well, I mean, what I'm understanding Ms. 15 Tancredi is presenting is that everyone is willing to rely on 16 the valuation testimony only of Mr. Niemann, but this only 17 applies to this plan that is on the table with this 18 transaction. 19 MR. CALIFANO: Yes, Your Honor. 2.0 MS. TANCREDI: That's correct, Your Honor. 21 THE COURT: And all bets are off, everyone is 22 entitled to put on their own evidence, if everything falls 23 apart and we have some different reorganization scenario? 2.4 Right. And in fact, it's with regard MS. TANCREDI:

to any evidence that any party might put on. Because what we

didn't want is we didn't want everybody to have to come in here with their own evidence in case things blew up. So, everybody agreed that they wouldn't be bound in the event that this plan is not confirmed and consummated.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. Ms. Epps?

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MS. EPPS: Your Honor, on behalf of U.S. Bank as the successor trustee for the Sedgbrook Communities, we haven't been involved in any of these discussions and we will have questions of Mr. Niemann with respect to allocation issues.

THE COURT: Okay. Understood. Thank you.

MR. CALIFANO: Just briefly, Your Honor. The reason why this stipulation is appropriate in this circumstance is, unlike all the cases that were cited in the motion, there hasn't been a sale closed here. There's no pot of money that we're asking the Court to divide up. The sale only occurs under a plan which will be supported by the creditors. So that's what it's appropriate in this circumstance, because this — the plan represents a compromise. It is the result of our informal mediation process where all the lenders who have an interest in these properties — now all the lenders — are on board with the settlement, senior and subordinated, subject to voting, and I do understand the agents can't bind their participants.

But that is why the compromise is appropriate in these circumstances, Your Honor, because the plan represents a

compromise. There will be no deal without a confirmation.

There will be no monies to divide up absent the compromise and the confirmation of the plan. So, really, it is consistent with everything else that has occurred over the last few months, where the parties are reserving their rights in the event that this particular deal doesn't close, this plan is not confirmed. Then everybody goes back to where they were.

But the parties have agreed that if this plan is confirmed and this deal is closed, this division of proceeds is appropriate and acceptable.

MR. WALLANDER: Your Honor, because we have, in addition to the plan, a settlement motion pending, the reservation would also apply in the event there's any objections or issues with the settlement that we are seeking with the Debtor. So, the reservation of rights and the stipulation would apply for that as well, because we have a settlement process and then also, of course, a plan process. So, in our case, it would be in either of those events.

THE COURT: Okay. Understood. Mr. Wallander?

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. WALLANDER: Thank you.

THE COURT: The so-called HCP settlement?

MR. WALLANDER: Yes.

THE COURT: All right. Well, I think we're all clear. The Court is certainly willing and happy to accept

15 1 this stipulation that has been negotiated among the parties to 2 streamline this valuation testimony. Mr. Califano, let me just look at the docket to make sure 3 I don't fail to come back to something. There were a couple 4 5 of other motions set today. They're uncontested, I think, 6 right? 7 MR. CALIFANO: Yes. There was the expedited briefing 8 on the motion for summary judgment. That's no longer 9 necessary. 10 THE COURT: Uh-huh. MR. CALIFANO: And the summary judgment motion also. 11 12 The pretrial and status conference, Your Honor, I believe

we've had that.

There's a relief from stay motion that was filed by a creditor, Westside Mechanical. We've agreed to the relief requested, and there's an agreed-upon order to be submitted.

The valuation motion, we're going to deal with Mr. Niemann's testimony.

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The motion to reject, we haven't received any objection to that.

The motion to compromise, that is being kicked out. That's being continued to the first day of confirmation.

The PNC preliminary injunction and TRO, that would also be resolved, both of them. There are two of them, one against Ashby and one against Concord.

THE COURT: All right. Well, the motion to lift stay 1 2 and the motion to reject, do I have orders that have already 3 been uploaded on those? MR. SLUSHER: Your Honor, we have attached a form of 4 5 order to the rejection motion. THE COURT: Okay. 6 The lift stay, we have agreed to the 7 MR. SLUSHER: order and I believe that the Movant will submit that order. 8 9 On the rejection motion, Your Honor, we can upload an order. The form of order was attached to the motion. 10 11 THE COURT: Okay. 12 MR. SLUSHER: But we can upload the order. 13 Just for the record, was there anyone who wanted to be heard on those motions? 14 15 (No response.) THE COURT: All right. Well, the Court will accept 16 17 the orders that are uploaded approving the rejection of the 18 various executory contracts and lease that are referenced in 19 Docket No. 794, and will look for and sign the agreed order on 2.0 No. 891. 21 All right. With that, are you ready to call Mr. Niemann, 22 then? 23 MR. CALIFANO: Yes, Your Honor. 24 I'm not showing that on the calendar, the THE COURT:

motion -- was there a motion to extend exclusivity in the

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pipeline?
1
            MR. SLUSHER: Yes.
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 3
            MR. CALIFANO: Yes.
            MR. SLUSHER: It was set for today, too, Your Honor.
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 5
   It was not on the docket. There was set a notice for today.
             THE COURT: Okay. Well, I guess Laura had retrieved
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7
   your notice of hearing. I don't know why it is not showing up
   on the written calendar. We --
 8
 9
             THE CLERK: I thought it was on -- yes. But --
10
             THE COURT:
                        Okay. But it's not on the official --
11
             THE CLERK: -- it's not on this, yes.
12
            THE COURT: -- written calendar. We're running up on
13
   a deadline on that?
14
            MR. SLUSHER: We can actually reset that again, Your
15
   Honor.
           It's essentially the -- extending the solicitation
16
   period.
17
            THE COURT: Solicitation? Uh-huh.
18
            MR. SLUSHER: We filed the plan within the
19
    exclusivity. We've run -- I think we have until April 15th --
20
            MR. CALIFANO: Right.
21
            MR. SLUSHER: -- on the solicitation period.
22
    think we could reset that, if we needed to, Your Honor, to a
23
   different day.
24
             THE COURT: Okay. But you did notice it for hearing
25
   today?
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MR. SLUSHER: We did notice it and received no
1
    objection.
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 3
             THE COURT: I'm just not sure why --
             MR. SLUSHER: Yes.
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 5
             THE COURT: Was there anyone who wanted to be heard
    on that?
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7
        (No response.)
             THE COURT: Okay. And it currently goes through the
 8
 9
    15th, --
10
             MR. SLUSHER: Of April, Your Honor. We wanted --
11
             THE COURT: -- and you're wanting it extended through
    the end of the month?
12
13
             MR. SLUSHER: We wanted to extend it another 60 days,
14
    until June 15th. Yes. June 15th, Your Honor.
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             THE COURT: Okay. Is there anyone who wished to be
16
   heard on that?
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        (No response.)
18
             THE COURT: All right. Well, the Court will find
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    cause and grant that. And so if you will upload your order,
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    we'll get that signed as well.
       All right. Now, are you ready to call Mr. Niemann?
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22
             MR. CALIFANO: Yes, Your Honor.
23
             THE COURT: All right. Mr. Niemann, if you could
24
    come up here to the court reporter and please raise your right
25
   hand.
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1	MATTHEW NIEMANN, DEBTORS' WITNESS, SWORN
2	MR. HYNES: Good morning, Your Honor.
3	THE COURT: Good morning.
4	MR. HYNES: Does Your Honor have copies of the
5	exhibit volumes that we brought?
6	THE COURT: I think I've got everything. I've got
7	lots of notebooks.
8	MR. HYNES: Okay. Great. For purposes of the
9	record, there is Exhibits Volume 1, which is a binder that has
10	six tabs. We'll be referring to these documents as Exhibits
11	1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 that correspond with the tabs.
12	THE COURT: Okay.
13	MR. HYNES: And the second binder contains Tabs 7
14	through 13. And we'll be referring to those as well as
15	Exhibits 7 through 13.
16	THE COURT: Okay. It looks like I've got them all.
17	DIRECT EXAMINATION
18	BY MR. HYNES:
19	Q Mr. Niemann, do you have copies of those binders before
20	you as well?
21	A Yes, I do.
22	Q Okay. Thank you. Could you please introduce yourself to
23	the Court?
24	A My name is Matt Niemann. I'm a Managing Director with
25	Houlihan Lokey.

- Q Okay. And are you a member of a particular practice group at Houlihan?
- 3 A Yes. I run our real estate restructuring practice, and am 4 a member of our financial restructuring group.
- 5 Q Could you describe for the Court briefly your experience 6 in restructuring matters and issues regarding valuation?
- 7 A Yes. I've been in the restructuring business for going on
- 8 21 years now, the first seven or so as an attorney at Bryan
- 9 | Cave in St. Louis in the real estate and corporate practices,
- 10 | restructuring, and also transactional experience. And during
- 11 | that time, in my early years, was involved in a lot of the
- 12 | RTC/FDIC real estate single-asset and multi-asset
- 13 | transactions. And then later I joined Pricewaterhouse for
- 14 | several years, and then Houlihan Lokey roughly 12 years ago.
- 15 I actually left Houlihan Lokey for two and a half years and
- 16 | went with Cerberus Capital.
- 17 And while I was at Cerberus I both was involved in the
- 18 | investment side and also actually became a senior officer with
- 19 | one of their portfolio companies, ResCap, which is a GMAC
- 20 || subsidiary. And my roles there were to manage a \$5 billion
- 21 | portfolio of real estate investments, many of which were in
- 22 | development. We were a lender to builders and developers.
- 23 | And I take you through all that history because at every stage
- 24 || of that, whether as an attorney or, more importantly, as a
- 25 | financial advisor and investor, I've been involved in

- 1 | assessing and distributing value with respect to assets.
- 2 || Q Do you have any experience in the senior living sector?
- 3 | A Yes. I've been involved in several senior living
- 4 | restructuring transactions, some of the more recent ones being
- 5 | the National Benevolent Association, which was another
- 6 | continuing care retirement community, a CCRC restructuring a
- 7 || few years back in San Antonio. And then also, more recently,
- 8 | Brandywine Senior Living, which is an assisted living
- 9 | portfolio. That was an out-of-court restructuring. And I've
- 10 | been involved in other senior living restructurings with our
- 11 | health care group since I, as I indicated, run our real estate
- 12 | restructuring practice. Anything that has to do with real
- 13 estate, I generally get involved in. With respect to senior
- 14 ||living, I'll partner with our health care practice as well.
- 15 Q And about how many times have you testified in court with
- 16 || respect to those types of matters?
- 17 A With respect to valuation, I would say I probably testify
- 18 three or four times a year, whether it be in conjunction with
- 19 | plan confirmation, 363 processes or DIP financings, not unlike
- 20 my prior testimony here. And when I say three or four times a
- 21 | year, I mean three or four different cases a year. So,
- 22 | Erickson would be one time. I've been involved, you know,
- 23 | this past year with Norwood, for instance, in testifying. So,
- 24 ||other cases, it's probably three or four times a year. And
- 25 | that often with respect to valuation.

- 1 || Q Has a court ever recognized you as an expert?
- 2 | A Yes, multiple times.
- 3 ||Q | Has a court ever declined to accept your expert testimony?
- 4 | A No, it hasn't. And I've actually been voir dired, being
- 5 | challenged on my expertise, and the Court overruled the *voir*
- 6 || dire.
- $7 \parallel Q$ Okay. Thank you.
- 8 MR. HYNES: Your Honor, Mr. Niemann has testified
- 9 several times on some of the subjects we're going to cover
- 10 | today. We're going to, for purposes of the record, touch upon
- 11 | those items. But we would like to just refer to the Court and
- 12 | the record, his prior testimony on some of these issues, just
- 13 | for purposes of the record.
- 14 | THE COURT: Okay. That's fine.
- 15 MR. HYNES: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 16 | BY MR. HYNES:
- 17 | Q Mr. Niemann, could you please tell us a little bit about
- 18 || your efforts in this matter since your initial engagement up
- 19 | until this point?
- 20 | A Yes. I'll try to keep it short. We were engaged formally
- 21 | back in March, so pretty much a year ago, on behalf of
- 22 | Erickson. Our retention was to assist the company and its
- 23 | board in evaluating the strategic alternatives available to
- 24 || Erickson Retirement Communities. Very early on, it was clear
- 25 | to us that there was going to be impairment in the capital

structure. And by that, I mean that the creditors were not going to be able to realize a 100 percent recovery.

So, I would say within a month or two of our engagement, we presented sort of our preliminary findings to the creditors. And I can remember in particular -- I don't remember the exact date, but I want to say it was maybe April or May of last year, at DLA's Baltimore offices, there must have been 80-some odd attendees from the senior corporate lenders, as well as agents of the campus revolvers, as well as participants in those campus revolvers, in attendance. And we gave a full presentation on our preliminary findings, none of which was good news for them and created quite a bit of a sort of backlash and I'd say hostility about, you know, what the expectations were.

Frankly, I think part of it was there hadn't been a fullon analytic presented to the lenders up until that point. The
work that had been done prior to that didn't go as deep or as
comprehensive and didn't kind of lay out "Here's what we're
dealing with." It's just the way it is. We don't like to
convey these facts either. But it wasn't good news. And so,
you know, I think from that point forward it became a pretty
contentious process of, you know, what the solution was going
to be.

And it wasn't as if we were fighting with the lenders, but the lenders didn't like what they were hearing. And also

2.4

there was a lot of inter- and intra-creditor dynamics, because you had corporate lenders who of course want as much value as possible, and then campus lenders that want to ship as much value down to them as possible, and then you have overlap where some lenders are both, you know, in the campus lending revolver and they're up at Corporate. So, they're conflicted amongst themselves.

So, and I've said -- I think I've testified to this -- and I've said multiple times to the board and the lenders, certainly, in my 21 years of experience, this is the most complicated restructuring I've ever been involved in. And I've been involved in larger and smaller restructurings. It's just, given all the dynamics of this restructuring and the impairment, unlike a case where, you know, at the campus level there's sufficient value to cover the campus level debt but there's not sufficient value up at Corporate. You know, that's a much easier restructuring. Here, you had impairment across the entire developing campus pool.

So, fast forward, our involvement was to really be the bearers of reality, if you will, and let people know what exactly we're dealing with, the cards we're dealt, and make suggestions and guide all of the lenders toward a solution. In some ways, although technically we're retained by the company, you know, we're really in effect working on behalf of all the creditors who are the true economic stakeholders.

And again, saying that back in April or May of last year didn't have the same impact as it is saying it today, because ultimately we've gone from 100 percent opposition to what we — and when I say "we," I mean Erickson's management, board, DLA, A&M, and Houlihan — were, you know, conveying, to now 100 percent support, but it's been with a lot of give-and-take through the process. And you know, I mean, just even as evidenced by five months ago, you know, when we'd line up in court and it would be us against everybody else.

So, that's been our involvement. That's been the process. And you know, I'm happy to report it looks like we're a month or so away from being done-done with this, for the benefit of the residents and everybody else.

- Q Thank you. Can I direct your attention to Tab 1 in Exhibit Book 1? Do you see a document -- it's actually stamped at the bottom, Exhibit D-1?
- 17 | A Yes, I do.

- 18 ||Q Okay. Do you recognize this exhibit?
- 19 | A Yes, I do.
- $\|Q\|$ Okay. Can you explain to the Court what this exhibit is?
- 21 A This is an exhibit, we, Houlihan, prepared early on

outlining the full organizational or legal organization of

- 23 | Erickson. It shows -- I mean, the takeaway from this is it's
- 24 | a very complicated organization and -- as far as the debt
- 25 | instruments, the ownership, the recourse. And then there's,

- you know, Exhibit D-1 has probably a book this size supporting 1 every one of these boxes. So, it was an attempt to summarize. 2 Every time I'm here, I'm reminded of this being one level and 3 the judge taking it to a much more understandable level on 4 5 that board. So, I would say that board's an even better
- THE COURT: It's the stick figure version. 7
- MR. HYNES: Your Honor, this particular exhibit was 8 admitted into evidence on October 29th during Mr. Niemann's 10 direct testimony, and I would just ask the Court to take 11 judicial notice of that.

summary of Erickson's organizational and legal structure.

- 12 THE COURT: Okay. The Court will do so.
- 13 MR. HYNES: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 14 (Debtors' Exhibit 1 is to be judicially noticed.)
- 15 BY MR. HYNES:
- Could you move to Tab 2, Mr. Niemann? 16
- 17 Yes.

6

- 18 When you were originally retained by Erickson, did you 19 explore certain strategic alternatives?
- 20 Yes, we did. Yes, we did.
- 21 Can you explain what strategic alternatives you explored at that time? 22
- 23 One of the initial strategic alternatives was to explore a 2.4 standalone restructuring with the lenders. We were not 25 successful at doing that. And by that, I mean where no new

capital comes in, no third-party source comes in. While we were doing that, we were also exploring with what I'd call a select few potential outside investors -- Jim Davis and his investment firm, Redwood Capital, being one of them. Redwood also happened to be a sub debt holder in the Erickson structure, so they had some level of familiarity. We also approached a couple other select potential investors who we thought could move quickly because of their familiarity, whether it be like Davis, who had familiarity by being an investor, and Davis had been involved in a prepetition process that was run by Goldman Sachs and Lehman Brothers. So, they had a good deal of visibility and familiarity. There were a couple of other select investors like that, that we approached.

And the reason I say we went to some sort of a select few is, in these types of transactions, at least my approach, is you can't run what I'd call like a cattle call, which is just a typical M&A process where you say, you know, you put up a "For Sale" sign and you say, "We're for sale" and you get everybody in. The company and the structure of this transaction wouldn't allow itself for that. First of all, all these investors climbing all over the company when it's in triage dealing with its lenders, and the complexity of the structure, we couldn't just do a 363 sale. That wasn't going to work. So, we had to do a structured plan.

So that, by definition, requires that you go to a smaller universe. Once you lock down that structure, then you go out and shop it on a more broader, cattle-call basis to truly clear the market.

So, you know, the strategic alternatives we considered were again, the standalone, and then third-party investment, ultimately pursuing the third-party investment strategy.

- Q In addition to the selected investors you approached, did you also market the assets more broadly?
- 10 A Yes, we did. And in fact, this Exhibit 2 summarizes what 11 I'd call the marketing process. This was as of mid-December 12 2009.
- 13 Q Okay. Do you recognize that document that's down behind 14 Tab 2 of Exhibit Book 1?
- 15 || A Yes, I do.
- 16 || Q Okay.

- $\|A\|$ It's a summary that we, Houlihan Lokey, prepared.
- 18 Q Okay. And can you explain to the Court what this document 19 reflects?
 - A Yes. What this reflects is -- and I think I've walked through this before for the Court -- is we went out to 91 potential investors. And by that I mean strategic investors, those that are in the senior living space and/or continuing care retirement community-type investors, as well as financial investors that perhaps aren't in the space but would be

interested in this potentially as a financial investment as opposed to a strategic investment. It also -- so that's 91 up at the top. Forty signed confidentiality agreements and received the offering memorandum, "OM," which are those two boxes on the left. Fifty-one declined. Without even signing a confy, they just said, "I don't have any interest."

So, of the 91 we approached, 40 received the offering memorandum, which is a summary of the investment opportunity and a campus-by-campus and corporate level summary, as well as access to a data room we established, which we believed would give sufficient information upon which to make an investment decision.

Ultimately, 38 of the 40 that received the offering memorandum declined to make an investment. And ultimately, two actual bids were received, those being the Redwood bid and the Coastwood KKR bid.

So, of the 91 parties we contacted -- and this is, by the way, on top of a process that was run a year or so earlier, prepetition, which I think contacted at least 91, so -- I should -- strike that. It may not have been 91. I know it was certainly in excess of 50, because I think in aggregate we had 150-some-odd that we approached between ours and the prior process. Two bidders bid, and the same two bidders showed up at the prior process.

Q Thank you. Did you market the campuses individually, or

```
1
   did you market all the assets as a package?
 2
       We marketed them both ways. In other words, our
    invitation to bidders was, bid in bulk on everything or bid
 3
 4
    separately. By campus, corporate versus the campuses. Any
 5
    way you want to bid, we want to hear from you.
        Thank you.
 6
 7
             MR. HYNES: Your Honor, at this point we would
   respectfully request that Exhibit 2 be moved into evidence.
 8
 9
             THE COURT: Any objection?
10
        (No response.)
11
             THE COURT: 2 is admitted.
12
        (Debtors' Exhibit 2 is received into evidence.)
13
             MR. HYNES: Thank you, Your Honor. Your Honor, I
14
   have one addition. May I approach the witness?
15
             THE COURT: You may.
16
             THE WITNESS: Thank you.
17
             MR. HYNES: May I approach the bench, Your Honor?
18
             THE COURT: You may.
19
             MR. HYNES:
                         Thank you.
20
             THE COURT:
                         Thanks.
21
   BY MR. HYNES:
22
       Mr. Niemann, I've handed you a document that's been marked
23
    Exhibit 2-A for identification purposes only. It's a two-page
24
    document. Do you have that in front of you?
25
       Yes, I do.
```

- 1 | Q Okay. Do you recognize this document?
- 2 A I do. It's a summary of the Kansas Tallgrass campus
- 3 | marketing effort that we undertook back in 2009.
- 4 | Q Okay. Can you walk us through the first page of this
- 5 || exhibit?
- 6 | A Yes. This first page is really the same summary-type
- 7 | information as I just walked through on the broader basis.
- 8 | This is just with respect to Kansas. Kansas was what I
- 9 considered the greatest triage campus. We had a campus in
- 10 | Columbus, for instance, which we had not opened yet, so we
- 11 | didn't have residents. And so, early on, March/April, the
- 12 | board and we, the advisors, and counsel debated, should we
- 13 \parallel start accepting residents? Should we -- in some ways,
- 14 | Columbus was the easiest of our problems, because we didn't
- 15 | have residents there. So, the board decided, you know what?
- 16 | We should give the initial deposits back, which were nominal
- 17 | deposits. They were like \$1,000 or \$2,000 apiece, as opposed
- 18 | to the \$250,000 when you're actually moving in. So, with
- 19 | respect to Columbus, we said, we're not going live there.
- 20 | We're not going to accept residents. Let's just kind of
- 21 | mothball that.
- 22 But with respect to Kansas, Kansas was the worst-
- 23 | performing, and it was clear that, really, almost under any
- 24 || scenario, it was going to be difficult to operate that on a
- 25 | basis that you could support any level of debt to speak of.

- 1 And so the revolver lenders on Kansas -- and we opted to go into the market and see if we could find somebody to take care 2 of Kansas. And so we kind of singled that out back in, I 3 believe, August, and this reflects the efforts as of September 4 5 2009. We didn't do this with any of the other campuses, okay, because they were performing. Even though they couldn't 6 7 satisfy the full amount of the debt, at least they were performing where they could continue to provide the services 8 9 that the residents had come to expect. We were worried, given 10 Kansas' performance, we may have issues even providing the 11 service, which is a big issue. And so we went out, we 12 marketed that specific asset to 57 potential investors. 13 Sixteen expressed an interest, and of those, 13 received the 14 offering memorandum and declined. Three received the offering 15 memorandum and submitted an IOI, an indication of interest. 16 And are those three reflected on Page 2? 17 Yes, they are. Page 2 summarizes the three indications of 18 interest that we received, all dated August 31st or September 19 1, 2009. And if I might, could I just summarize this page 20 briefly? 21 Please. 22

24

25

It's Midwest Health Management, Upton and Associations, and Senior Care Development. Each submitted indications of interest. Each of them effectively said, "Look, there's a tax increment financing obligation here, " which we didn't believe

we could compromise, "of \$15 million. So, we'll assume that."

At least the first two said that. The third one, Senior Care,

wasn't even willing to take that on. They said, "Look. We'll

pay the special taxing authority a certain amount based on

units sold." I think we had 250 sold. So, we'd have to sell

another 150 even to start getting anything to the taxing

authority.

So, bottom line, the three offers we got didn't provide -and we provide the summary on the far right side,

"Estimated Value to Senior Lenders" -- none of these
proposals, after clearing the entire market in Kansas, got any
value to the senior lenders.

And by the way, these were all very preliminary indications of interest. You know, the timing to close these and the carrying costs for Kansas -- I mean, I'd actually argue that, in the end, the senior lenders were actually going to be getting less than zero, because they'd have to bear the carrying costs. Even though Erickson pays it, it just ultimately impacts the recovery to the senior lenders.

So this summarizes those three proposals. Then what we put at the bottom, just by way of, you know, comparison is what the Redwood transaction, as it currently is structured and as settled with all the parties provides, is effectively a \$19.3 million purchase price, and that's really the assumption of the TIP. So, Redwood's taking it subject to the TIP. And

then with respect to the IEDs of roughly \$4.3 million and 1 2 ultimately a resolution around the IEDs and payment of certain postpetition DIP financing costs, DIP claims and tax claims on 3 4 the asset, that nets out \$2.8 million to the lenders. 5 So, the real purpose of this summary is to show that, after clearing the entire market on Kansas, the Redwood 6 transaction is clearly the best available alternative for the 7 Kansas lenders relative to every other alternative that we've 8 9 explored and relative to, you know, a full market clearing. 10 And was this exhibit prepared under your supervision? 11 Yes, it was. 12 Okay. 13 Your Honor, at this point we would MR. HYNES: 14 respectfully request that the Court admit Exhibit 2-A into evidence. 15 THE COURT: Any objection? 16 17 (No response.) 18 THE COURT: It's admitted. (Debtors' Exhibit 2-A is received into evidence.) 19 20 MR. HYNES: Thank you, Your Honor. Your Honor, at 21 this point, I'm going to take Mr. Niemann through the next few 22 documents just to admit certain documents, source documents, 23 into evidence, and then we're going to move quickly to the chart that's behind Exhibit 7. 2.4

25

THE COURT: Okay.

- 1 | BY MR. HYNES:
- 2 | Q Mr. Niemann, could you please look at the document behind
- 3 | Tab 3 of Exhibit Book 1?
- 4 | A Yes, I see it.
- 5 | Q Okay. Do you recognize that exhibit?
- 6 A Yes, I do. It's an amended and restated master purchase
- 7 | and sale agreement with Redwood. It was effective as of
- 8 | November 11, 2009.
- 9 Q And if you look behind the first blue separation tab, do
- 10 | you see a series of term sheets dated November 11, 2009?
- 11 | A Yes, I do.
- 12 | Q And these documents are Bates-stamped ERC 01707 through
- 13 | ERC 0721. Is that right?
- 14 | A That's correct.
- 15 \parallel Q Okay. Are these term sheets part of the proposal that
- 16 | came in on November 11, 2009?
- 17 | A Yes, they are. They're the individual campuses and
- 18 ||corporate-level restructuring term sheets with respect to the
- 19 | initial Redwood structure.
- 20 $\|Q\|$ All right. So, the Redwood structure was organized by
- 21 | campus and Corporate?
- 22 | A Yes.
- 23 | MR. HYNES: Your Honor, we respectfully move Exhibit
- 24 | 3 into evidence.
- 25 | THE COURT: Any objection?

1 (No response.) 2 THE COURT: It's admitted. 3 MR. HYNES: Thank you, Your Honor. (Debtors' Exhibit 3 is received into evidence.) 4 BY MR. HYNES: 5 Mr. Niemann, could you please turn to Tab 4 in Exhibit 6 7 Book 1? 8 Yes. 9 Do you see the document behind that tab? It's dated 10 December 18, 2009, and the first Bates number on that document 11 is ERC 08558. 12 Yes, I do. 13 Okay. Can you explain to the Court what this document is? 14 This was the modification that we received from Redwood just prior to the auction. Redwood submitted sort of a Door 1 15 16 or 2, if you will, Door 1 being, as they did in November, or 17 in the November master purchase agreement and term sheets, a 18 reinstated debt alternative, and then Door 2 was an outright 19 buyout of the debt, more like a 363 transaction. 20 And so we had pushed Redwood all along on, you know, "What's your all-in cash number?" to try to get it as apples-21 22 to-apples. And it's also easier to sort of transact with the 23 lenders when they know exactly what they're getting, as 24 opposing to have to reinstate part and part cash. So Redwood 25 ultimately, just prior to the auction, submitted this letter

- with modified term sheets that memorialized both their
 reinstated debt alternative or their cash option alternative.

 And this document also breaks the assets into Corporate
 - and by campus. Is that correct?
- $5 \parallel A$ Yes, it does.

- MR. HYNES: Okay. Your Honor, we respectfully move to admit into evidence the document located behind Tab #4 of Exhibit Book 1.
- 9 THE COURT: Any objection?
- 10 | (No response.)
- 11 | THE COURT: D-4 is admitted.
- 12 | (Debtors' Exhibit 4 is received into evidence.)
- 13 | BY MR. HYNES:
- 14 Q Mr. Niemann, can you please turn to the document behind 15 Tab 5 of Exhibit Book 1?
- 16 | A Yes.
- 17 | Q This document is a redlined -- excuse me, a blacklined 18 | draft. And the Bates number on the first page is ERC 08858.
- 19 || Do you see that?
- 20 | A Yes, I do.
- 21 || Q Okay. Do you recognize this document?
- 22 $\mid A \mid$ I do. This is a markup -- and it says up at the top, K&E,
- 23 | Kirkland & Ellis -- that we received from Coastwood KKR, the
- 24 competing bidder. And as per the auction instructions, all
- 25 | competing bids had to mark up the master purchase and sale

- 1 agreement of Redwood. So this is that markup, and I would
- 2 | consider this tab effectively to be the competing bid we
- 3 | received from Coastwood KKR.
- $4 \parallel Q$ So, this was the second bid referenced in Exhibit 2?
- 5 | A That's correct.
- 6 | Q Could you please turn to the document Bates-stamped within
- 7 | this number ERC 09323?
- 8 MR. HYNES: Your Honor, if you can flip to the first
- 9 | blue sheet, then to the second blue sheet, behind the, I
- 10 | think, the third blue sheet, you'll see the document. And it
- 11 | has "Exhibit C" on the top.
- 12 | THE WITNESS: He was kind enough to tab mine for me,
- 13 | Judge. It's hard to find these.
- 14 MR. HYNES: I was hoping you weren't going to point
- 15 | that out.
- 16 THE COURT: Thanks a lot. Okay.
- 17 MR. HYNES: Sorry, Your Honor.
- 18 | THE COURT: 9323 at the bottom?
- 19 MR. HYNES: Yes, Your Honor.
- 20 | THE COURT: Okay.
- 21 MR. HYNES: It says "Exhibit C" at the top.
- 22 | BY MR. HYNES:
- 23 ||Q Do you see this, Mr. Niemann?
- 24 | A I see it.
- 25 Q Okay. Can you describe briefly for the Court what this

- 1 ||is?
- 2 | A Yes. This is a summary of the allocation by Coastwood of
- 3 | their, what I consider their initial bid, which was the
- 4 | opening bid for the auction.
- 5 ||Q So, Coastwood also applied transaction values to the
- 6 | various campuses and Corporate?
- 7 A Yes, they did.
- 8 | Q Okay.
- 9 MR. HYNES: Your Honor, we would respectfully move
- 10 | into evidence the document behind Tab 5 of Exhibit Book 1.
- 11 | THE COURT: Any objection?
- 12 | (No response.)
- 13 | THE COURT: Exhibit 5 is admitted.
- 14 | (Debtors' Exhibit 5 is received into evidence.)
- 15 | BY MR. HYNES:
- 16 | Q Mr. Niemann, could you please turn to the document located
- 17 | behind Tab 6 of Exhibit Book 1?
- 18 | A Yes, I'm there.
- 19 || Q Do you recognize this document?
- 20 A Yes. This is the transcript of the auction that we
- 21 | conducted on December 22nd with respect to Erickson.
- 22 ||Q Did you preside over this auction?
- 23 $\|A\|$ Yes, I and Mr. Califano presided over the auction.
- 24 ||Q Mr. Califano appreciates that. Could you briefly describe
- 25 | what took place at the auction?

A Yes. I think we were set to commence at 10:00 a.m., if memory serves. There was some delay in getting started, you know, some posturing by bidders and so forth. We ultimately got started and went on the record briefly. Indicated -- again, I'm going by recollection as opposed to this record, but I think we indicated briefly that we believed Coastwood KKR was deemed a competing bid. Here's how we're valuing that bid, and here are kind of the rules of the road and how we're going to go about the auction.

Then we broke. And I don't know how long we broke at any particular time, but we spent more time out of the auction room than we did in the auction room. And again, the approach -- and again, it's my typical approach -- is that you make a record of everything that's going on outside the auction room, but you know, the sausage-making, if you will -- and a lot of it had to do with dealing with the National Senior Campuses, the NSC, who is the counterparty to the management agreements, which are a big part of the value that the bidders both are bidding on here. So, we spent a lot of time in conference with the NSC.

And I can't remember exactly who was where, but by and large we would have representatives, in particular of the secured lenders. I think the Committee got a little antsy that we weren't dealing with them on a regular basis, as well as some of the sub debt holders. We did want to make sure

that there was enough visibility on what was going on. You can't have 30 people go into every room. So, we kind of had a contingent from the secured lenders, and we went back and forth. Ultimately, we came back on the record, then took another long break, came back on the record.

At some point, we finally start getting it to where it was pretty much apples-to-apples, so we could bid up price. And during the auction, both parties converted to a pure-cash bid, as opposed to a reinstated-debt bid, so then we truly were apples-to-apples. And a big part of what happened outside the room, which again is all reflected in this record, when we came back and made a record of it, was we locked in ten-year management agreements with the NSC, because their -- initially, at the commencement of the auction, the best we could do with the NSC was a three-year with a two-year renewal right, as opposed to a ten-year, which is going to be much more value for these investors.

And I'm oversimplifying it, but that's a lot of what happened outside the room.

And so, then when we came back on the record, ultimately, got it to apples-to-apples, cash-versus-cash, we pretty much just bid up price at that point.

There were some other nuances that happened. For instance, Coastwood KKR at some point threw out that they -- you know, for them to continue bidding, they want a piece of

- the action, if you will. So, since they had -- in some 1 2 respects, they weren't getting a breakup fee, where Redwood was, because they were the stalking horse, but Coastwood had 3 come in, competing, drove up value from the initial start 4 point of the auction to where we ended up. So we and the lenders caucused and agreed to provide them some incentive 6 fee. And then ultimately it just became a straight bidding 7 war. And I think it ended sometime, you know, at 3:00 or 4:00 8
- 10 Mr. Niemann, could I direct your attention to the second-11 to-last page of this document? It says Page 127 at the very 12 bottom under the word "Certificate."
 - Yes.

in the morning.

5

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But it was --

- 14 Okay. Could I ask you just to read into the record Lines 15 7 through 21? These are statements attributed to you.
 - I said, "So, to just close the record, we congratulate Redwood, the Debtors, and their business judgment, and we will be recommending Redwood as the prevailing bidder at their prevailing bid of 365. At this point we want to ensure that there is no creditor that intends to make a credit bid at the auction." And I think I paused. "Having heard no creditor, we will deem the auction closed at 365, no credit bids received. Congratulations to Redwood." And the time noted is 4:00 a.m. So, that's probably why the grammar is a little butchered.

(Laughter.)

2 | THE WITNESS: It was a long day.

|| BY MR. HYNES:

1

3

- Q "365" reflects the proposed purchase price of \$365
- 5 | million. Is that correct?
- 6 | A That's correct.
- Q Okay. How confident are you that you got the best price as a result of the marketing and auction processes that you
- 9 went through here?
- 10 \parallel A I'm actually absolutely certain in this particular case
- 11 | that we got the best price. And the reason for that, unlike
- 12 | any other case I've had -- and I've run a lot of auctions over
- 13 | the last, really, 14 years now as an investment banker -- you
- 14 | never know whether you got the best price, because all you do
- 15 \parallel is top out one of the bidders. So, for instance, in this
- 16 | case, Redwood bid \$365 [million] and Coastwood said, "We're
- 17 | done." Well, if those were all the facts I had, I'd say,
- 18 | "Well, I don't know. Redwood could have gone another 10, 15,
- 19 | 20. I don't know." That's how most auctions end.
- 20 What was unique in this auction, the experience, we were
- 21 | sitting at the head of the table, and Jim Davis from Redwood
- 22 | is to our left and Matt Zilkha from KKR, who are the primary
- 23 | spokespeople, to our right. And at \$360 [million], we looked
- 24 | over to Coastwood and said -- Coastwood KKR and said,
- 25 | "The bid is \$360 [million] to you. How do you bid?" And just

before they bid, Mr. Davis, Redwood, started to get up to reach across the table. And they said \$363 [million], and he sat back down. Then the bid was to Redwood. I said, "The bid is \$363 [million] to Redwood. How do you bid?" Redwood then said \$365 [million]. With that, Mr. Zilkha stood up from Coastwood KKR and shook Mr. Davis' hand and said, "Congratulations. It's yours."

I asked Mr. Davis as we were walking out of the auction room, I said, "What were you doing? You were standing up at \$360 [million] before they spoke." He said, "If they said \$365 [million], I was done." He said, "I had already went beyond my top. You know, my guys talked me into going a couple of rounds more." I said, "So, if they had said \$365 [million], you wouldn't have countered them?" He said, "No, they would have had it."

So, it's the only time I've ever seen this happen where you know -- and we call it like getting the lint out of the bidder's pocket -- we know we got the top value out of Coastwood, because they didn't counter. And we know, because Jim Davis told us as we walked out of that auction room, that he was not going to bid any higher. So, we got his top bid and we got Coastwood's. It, by definition. And that's why I can say with absolute certainty we got the highest bid we could get for these assets.

MR. HYNES: Your Honor, at this point, we'd

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respectfully move into evidence Exhibit 6.
1
             THE COURT: Any objection?
 2
        (No response.)
 3
             THE COURT: It's admitted.
 4
             MR. HYNES:
 5
                         Thank you, Your Honor.
        (Debtors' Exhibit 6 is received into evidence.)
 6
 7
   BY MR. HYNES:
        Mr. Niemann, could you please close Exhibit Binder 1 and
 8
 9
    turn to Exhibit Binder 2?
10
   Α
        I'll try.
11
        (Laughter.)
12
        Okay.
13
        Could you please take a look at the document behind Tab 7
14
    of Exhibit Book 2?
15
        Yes. Tab 7 is a two-page exhibit. The first page is a
    summary of the allocation of the Redwood purchase price at the
16
17
    final close of the auction, the $365 million. And Page 2 of
18
    Tab 7 is the Redwood allocation of the purchase price at the
19
    commencement of the auction, their $241 million bid.
20
       Mr. Niemann, in your opinion, is the $365 million bid for
    the assets a fair reflection of fair market value?
21
22
       Yes. And again, by definition -- first of all, I know
23
    it's the best value we could get for the reason I just
2.4
    described, which you can't say -- I've never been able to say
25
    in any other case. So, that gives me total confidence.
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then the other reason is the process that we walked through earlier, we cleared the market. The market had been cleared in some respects before we got there.

2.4

I mean, the definition of fair market value is essentially what a ready, willing and able buyer is paying to a ready, willing and able seller without duress. And this price reflects that, especially with a full market test. We cleared the market and the \$365 [million] reflects it as to the pool of assets. And I point that out because then you say, okay, well, that's interesting as to the entirety, but what about as to each individual asset? So, as to the pool of assets, which is Corporate and each of the campuses, \$365 million, I believe, is fair market value.

- Q Is there a better measure of value other than fair market value, in your opinion?
- A No, there's not. And my only footnote to that would be there's no better measure of value than a true, full market test of value. I mean, the market speaks.
- 19 Q Could you briefly walk us through Page 2 of the document 20 behind Tab 7 in Exhibit Book 2?
 - A Yes. This is -- and if you'll notice, they're both dated 12/22. Page 2 is Redwood's allocation as of the outset of the auction. So, when Redwood showed up to begin bidding against Coastwood, and Coastwood was the opening bid at the auction because they were the counterbid, this is Redwood's allocation

- of value by campus. You'll recall, throughout the process we asked for bids in bulk or by campus. Ultimately, Redwood allocated their value by campus, as did Coastwood. And that's what this page reflects, again, at the outset of the auction, and then Page 1 is at the close of the auction, \$365 [million], how that was allocated.
- 7 | Q Do you know who prepared these two pages?
- 8 A We, Houlihan, prepared them, and they're based on our 9 discussions with and materials received from Redwood.
- MR. HYNES: Your Honor, at this point, we would respectfully move into evidence the document behind Tab 7 in Exhibit Book 2.
- 13 | THE COURT: Any objection?
- 14 | (No response.)
- 15 | THE COURT: 7 is admitted.
- 16 | (Debtors' Exhibit 7 is received into evidence.)
- 17 | BY MR. HYNES:
- 18 \parallel Q And can we move to the next document, Mr. Niemann, Tab 8?
- 19 || A Yes.
- 20 | Q And do you recognize this document?
- 21 | A Yes, I do.
- 22 | Q Can you explain to the Court what it is?
- 23 \parallel A Yes. It's probably best to explain 8, 9 and 10 together,
- 24 | because they all work together, if I may.
- 25 || Q Sure.

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8 is a summary in absolute terms -- by that, I mean in dollars -- of -- there's a lot of bars here, so -- the Redwood initial bid, you'll recall, I don't remember what exhibit it was, but the master purchase and sale agreement where they were reinstating debt. So the blue, the first bar is that bid and how that bid got allocated as between Corporate and each of the campuses. With respect to that allocation, that's our, Houlihan Lokey's, valuation of the reinstated debt. Because there, they'd say -- you know, pick a campus. And I'm just trying out numbers for discussion's sake. These aren't the real numbers. But say they were reinstating, you know, \$50 million worth of debt on Concord. Based on the terms of that debt, it might be that debt is only worth \$45 million, just because of, you know, how it's being structured. So they're putting a face amount on it, but it's not really worth that amount, or the junior piece of it is maybe not worth the face amount. So we performed a valuation of the reinstated debt, and that's what this blue bar shows.

Now, it became irrelevant later because they converted to a cash offer. So this is just our hypothetical, what I call illustrative valuation of Redwood's initial reinstated debt proposal.

- Q And that is based on the bid package submitted by Redwood on November 13, 2009?
- 25 | A That's correct. It was submitted prior to November 13th,

- 1 | but it's the master purchase and sale agreement we submitted
- 2 | to the Court, I believe, at that time.
- 3 ||Q I'm sorry. You're correct.
- 4 || A Right.
- $5 \parallel Q$ I misspoke.
- 6 A Right.
- 7 | Q It's November 11th, is the date on the document.
- 8 | A Okay.
- 9 Q Okay. Could you take us to the green bar?
- 10 | A The green bar is the Redwood cash proposal with respect to
- 11 | the allocation across each of the Corporate and each of the
- 12 campuses. And again, you'll recall they sent in that
- 13 | modification letter just before the auction that said, Door 1
- 14 or 2. So this is a summary of that 'Door 2' proposal, if you
- 15 ||will.
- 16 Another way to look at it, I believe, is that it was the
- 17 | Redwood initial, at the start of the auction, valuation, which
- 18 | should tie to the second page of Tab 7.
- 19 \parallel Q And this, the data reflected in the green bar is based on
- 20 | the December 18, 2009 bid package submitted by Redwood?
- 21 | A Right. That revised, modified bid package.
- 22 | Q And that's found behind Tab 4 of Exhibit Book 1?
- 23 ||A I think that's right. I went through that earlier. Yes.
- 24 \parallel Q Okay. And then can you take us to the light blue bar?
- 25 A The light blue bar is Coastwood's initial allocation of

- 1 | value. I indicated earlier that Coastwood also allocated
- 2 | their entire purchase price campus-by-campus and Corporate.
- 3 | And so this summarizes their allocation as of the outset of
- 4 | the auction.
- 5 || Q And that's based on the bid package we reviewed behind
- 6 Exhibit 5 of Witness Binder 1?
- 7 || A Yes. That was at Exhibit C, way back in the back of that
- 8 | thick exhibit, yes.
- 9 $\|Q\|$ And can you explain to us what the yellow bar is?
- 10 $\|A\|$ The yellow bar is our, Houlihan Lokey's, call it again
- 11 | hypothetical valuation and allocation. And this was discussed
- 12 | at the last hearing, that we attempted to kind of broker
- 13 | settlements when we didn't have all the support we were hoping
- 14 | to get. And so we took our valuations that we had done,
- 15 | really, over the last year, you know, updated it, and then
- 16 | based on that valuation allocated the value campus-to-campus.
- 17 | So we literally valued each campus and then Corporate. And
- 18 | then, based on those relative values, said, okay, if that \$365
- 19 [million] went into that waterfall, this is how it would be
- 20 | allocated. So it's purely for, really, hypothetical purposes
- 21 | and an attempt to try to broker a settlement based on our
- 22 | hypothetical valuation.
- 23 ||Q And is it fair to say that's the only bar that's not based
- 24 || on an actual proposal or bid?
- 25 | A Yes. That's true.

- 1 || Q Okay. And can you explain to us what the red bar is?
- 2 | A The red bar is the Redwood final allocation, which is the
- 3 | first page of Tab 7. As I indicated, the green bar is where
- 4 | Redwood started the auction. The red bar is where they ended
- 5 | the auction.
- 6 | These bars, by the way, you'll notice -- I want to make
- 7 | sure this is the case -- yes, on Tab 9, this shows everything
- 8 | in percentages, as opposed to dollar amounts, which is perhaps
- 9 the more relevant way to look at it. So you'll notice the
- 10 | green and red bars match percentage-wise. They don't match
- 11 | dollar-wise. So, in other words, Redwood's allocation held
- 12 | from the start of the auction through the end of the auction.
- 13 As they bid up, they allocated the same way.
- 14 \parallel Q Just to make sure I understand, the first document is
- 15 | "Transaction Proceeds Allocation in Dollars"?
- 16 | A That's right.
- 17 | Q And then if we look at the next page, which also has the
- 18 ||same bars, but that's organized by "Proceeds Allocation -
- 19 | Percentage"?
- 20 | A That's right.
- 21 $\|Q\|$ And from where did you -- or, on what did you base the
- 22 | percentage allocations?
- 23 \parallel A The percentage allocations are -- probably the best way to
- 24 ||look at it is go back to Tab 7 in Redwood's case. And if you
- 25 | look at the far right side, there's a percentage of the total

- 1 | consideration, total consideration being \$365 million, and
- 2 | then how much is allocated by each campus. For instance,
- 3 | Ashburn is 19.3 percent, Concord is 16.8 percent, and so on,
- 4 | for 73.1 percent across all the campuses, the balance going to
- 5 | Corporate and the NSC allocation. Typo.
- 6 | Q So you relied on the proposal presented by Redwood, which
- 7 | divided the proposal by Corporate and campus?
- 8 A Yes. That's what this Tab -- Tabs 8 and 9 summarize. The
- 9 green and red bar is the Redwood proposal allocation, and the
- 10 | light blue bar is the Coastwood proposal allocation.
- 11 || Q Okay. And there's a note on the bottom, an identical note
- 12 on the bottom of Exhibits 7 and 8. Do you see that note?
- 13 | THE COURT: 8 and 9?
- 14 | THE WITNESS: Do you mean 8 and 9? Right.
- 15 | BY MR. HYNES:
- 16 | O I'm sorry. That's correct. 8 and 9.
- 17 || A Right. Yes.
- 18 ||Q Can you explain that note?
- 19 | A Yes. As I indicated, on Tab 7, there's \$9 million
- 20 | allocated to the NSC. So we took that out of the denominator,
- 21 | if you will. Then also Kansas, as I explained earlier,
- 22 | there's roughly 4.3 or 2.7, however you want to look at it,
- 23 | net of cost, that's going to lenders. That's not in kind of
- 24 | the denominator here, either. And then Warminster is actually
- 25 | -- the debt was reinstated there, and so that's not included,

||either.

So this really is an attempt to take the pure cash proceeds going to Corporate and going to each of the campuses, and show the relative allocation of those cash proceeds by campus and Corporate, and taking out of it, you know, the NSC piece, the Kansas piece, and the Warminster reinstated debt, because that's not cash.

Q And were any adjustments made following that?

- A Yes. In fact, we debated this morning putting another bar on this graph, but I think Mr. Califano convinced us that it was already complicated enough. The one more bar we would put is what I'd call the TIP bar, T-I-P, which is Mr. Smith's fancy acronym for what it took to kind of settle and true up amongst all the campuses. And that's actually reflected on Tab 10. And by the way, we actually did run that analysis this morning. It would be very close to the red bar, just with some minor variance with respect to campuses that are TIP'ing in or TIP'ing out of the settlement.
- 19 Q Well, could you walk us through the document behind Tab 10 20 of Exhibit Book 2?
 - A Yes. Tab 10 is, by and large, the detail that feeds into Tabs 8 and 9. And then, if you'll notice, about six lines down, TIP Funding, TIP Uses. I think we talked about this -- in fact, I know we did -- at the last hearing. And by the way, this exhibit, I believe the Judge received at the last

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hearing, at least the top part of it all the way down through Total Value Available for Distribution. And then we added to it all the debt balances and some of the allocated costs, just to show, which we weren't doing last time, to show, you know, how some of the costs were allocated, like the DIP Usage and just costs of the Chapter 11 and everything else. So that's new.

The only other change this exhibit has on it from what the Court received a few weeks ago is, if you'll notice, in Concord, which is the third column over under Debtor Entities, and you go down to the TIP section, TIP Funding of -1.8 and TIP Uses of \$1 million. The \$1 million is what it took to resolve the Kennedy objection. So that's the only change to at least the top part of this exhibit, that Kennedy is now receiving \$1 million in settlement of their claims. Otherwise, I think this exhibit is identical to what we walked the Court through before. And it summarizes all the transaction proceeds, any available IEDs and other cash on hand and retained cash, and tries to, on a consolidated basis, show by entity what value is available for distribution, and then, by entity, below, what the debt claims are, how we allocated the DIP borrowings and the wind-down costs, which there's a lot more detail that backs all of this up, but effectively they're allocated in the same manner as the Redwood allocation, for consistency purposes.

Q Okay. Mr. Niemann, if I could direct your attention back to Exhibit 8. Could you explain to us the significance of the exhibit and the comparison of the bars to one another?

A Yes. And again, I'll try to be -- keep this short and tight, if I can. Again, 8 and 9 really tie together. I think, if you look at 8, one of the things that stands out is our yellow bar, you'd say, "Well, heck. On some of these, you valued things a lot higher or a lot lower than the bidders."

Which is true. I mean, all we can do is take the information we have and come up with an opinion of value, but we're not -- we, Houlihan Lokey, are not the investors, so we're giving a hypothetical assessment of value.

And what's particularly challenging about these assets is, by definition, every one of these campuses are in development, so they're not mature campuses.

What's interesting, we don't show this, but if you actually took our entire valuation and then put a different discount rate on it -- because this ended up being a 100 percent equity investment. There was no debt. So Redwood Capital literally is writing a check for the entire purchase price. They're not -- you know, they may re-leverage these assets later. But, so instead of using the Weighted Average Cost of Capital that we used on our valuation, you'd use a much higher cost of capital, like 30 percent, for equity. If you actually went through all that, our valuation would come

out very close to the Redwood final valuation. So the only -the primary difference in valuation is cost of capital. We
used a lower WACC because we were assuming, you know, debt
capital as opposed to just pure equity capital. So that
explains one of the primary differences.

And the other is, in these developing campuses, we,

Houlihan, had a different view than the bidders of the risk

associated with the asset. So, for instance, on Ashburn, the

-- and I think this is equally true of Littleton -- these

campuses, we believed had more risk than the investor

believed. So when we looked at Ashburn and Littleton, and

you'll notice our yellow bar versus Redwood's red bar, there's

a fair discrepancy. On those two campuses, relative to other

campuses, they're earlier-stage development, so we believe

there's more risk in the development. The investor, on the

other hand, believes there's more upside in the development,

so they put more relative value on those two campuses.

Then a good contrast to that would be Concord and Novi.

On Concord, you'll notice our yellow bar is a little higher than the red bar, and there's a more pronounced difference on Novi. Novi in particular is probably a good one to speak to.

Novi -- and we've talked about Scenario 1 being mothball, no new development; Scenario 2 being build to demand; and then Scenario 3 being kind of more of a Field of Dreams, you know, build and they will come. So we did a valuation based on

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Scenario 2, what we, based on the company and A&M and all of our work, what we thought the demand should be and would be. On Novi, first of all, Novi is located in a suburb of Detroit. So, you know, Detroit is undergoing real issues. Also, just in the last couple of months, we have had to lower the IED, the entrance deposit amounts, just to continue to attract residents and to maintain occupancy. So, Novi, there's some dynamics with respect to the particular asset which, candidly, our valuation was probably a little high. But the real difference is our valuation assumed we were going to build three more buildings in Phase 2 of their development over the next three years. Redwood and Coastwood both, when we consulted with them on Novi, said, "You know what? We're going to be much more deliberate on development. We maybe are going to build one, best case, two, over those three years." If you run our valuation on a one- to two-buildings versus three, that yellow bar would be much more in line with the red bar.

And again, I'm wildly oversimplifying stuff, but I think it's helpful to understand how we can come up with a valuation that, in aggregate, is really, you know, within a matter of a couple of percentage points when you apply the same Weighted Average Cost of Capital, but by campus is different, because you have to take -- you know, you've got a portfolio valuation, which is the entirety, and then you have to look by

individual asset. That asset valuation is relative to the risk perceived by the actual investor who's actually investing capital. We, Houlihan, aren't investing capital. So, we're hypothetical. And we haven't shown all that here, but that's the primary explanation for why, for instance, Novi and Concord are different.

Dallas and Houston, I have to tell you, the investors just thought those were going to be a little more challenging asset than we thought and the company thought in our valuation.

So that's an explanation for the primary differences.

- Q And which is the better evidence of fair market value, Houlihan Lokey's hypothetical valuation or the allocations provided by the two bidders?
- A In fact, I've got a poster on my wall at the office that says, "Behind every market perception, there's an economic reality." The market spoke here. The economic reality is what Redwood is willing to pay for each of these assets individually and collectively, and what the lenders are willing to transact at. So, here, I believe -- and I'd always believe this. I'm a big believer in market tests, for this very reason, especially when you're dealing with indevelopment assets. They're just tougher to value. I mean, we had a portfolio of 500-some-odd assets at ResCap, and, you know, a lot of these are in development. It's really hard to value these assets on a hypothetical basis. So the market

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speaks. And Redwood, their proposal and their allocation with respect to each individual asset is what a ready, willing and able buyer is willing to transact at. And when you factor the TIP in, the allocation by each campus is what a ready, willing and able seller -- in this case, the lenders -- equity is out of the money, so the lenders are really selling their position. No duress. The lenders, you know, could choose not to. They had a right to credit-bid. They chose not to. in the end, I believe, by campus, we have defined fair market value between market clearing, the transaction allocation, which is the value at which the lenders were willing to part with their claims and their rights, objections and everything else. So, by definition, here, I think we've established fair market value by asset and in aggregate. Just so I understand your testimony, is it your opinion that there's fair market value evidence in the valuation and allocation proposed in the plan? Yes. Among other data points, if you will. But, yes. And does that evidence come from the auction results? The auction results, the Coastwood allocation, the Redwood allocation, the fact that 100 percent of the lenders support it, the data points we've run. I mean, we've run valuation on all this, and directionally, it's all on top of itself. And if we applied the same investment thesis, if you will, that the investors did, our valuation would be more comparable.

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    took -- you know, on the riskier assets, we were more
 2
    conservative. On the more developed assets, we were less
 3
    conservative. So all of those data points, I think, combine
 4
    to give you greater confidence in the fair market value.
                                                               But
 5
    again, I'd stand by "The market spoke."
        And what about the availability of credit bids?
 6
 7
        That as well. In fact, per the transcript we read, there
   was no credit bid.
 8
        Is that also evidence of fair market value?
 9
10
       Yes.
              If the lenders believed they weren't achieving fair
11
    value for their asset, they can protect their assets and their
12
    investment by bidding, and, you know, either bidding it up
13
    with Redwood or Coastwood, or bidding to own it on their own.
14
    We didn't receive any of those types of bids.
15
       And that's what's being proposed in the plan?
16
        I'm sorry?
17
       And this is what's being proposed in the plan, this
18
    allocation?
19
        Yes.
20
                         Your Honor, may I take one moment?
             MR. HYNES:
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THE COURT: You may.

MR. HYNES: Thank you.

23 (Pause.)

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BY MR. HYNES: 24

Mr. Niemann, are you familiar with the so-called avoidance

- 1 || actions?
- 2 | A Yes, I am.
- $3 \parallel Q$ Can you just briefly explain what those are for the Court?
- $4 \parallel A$ Avoidance actions generally -- I think they're in Chapter
- 5 | 5 of the Bankruptcy Code, and under state law as well -- are
- 6 claims that an estate has to sort of unwind transactions,
- 7 | whether it be preferences or fraudulent conveyances or
- 8 ||otherwise.
- 9 \parallel Q To your knowledge, did Redwood assign any value to the
- 10 | avoidance claims?
- 11 | A I'm not aware of any specific allocation. I'd consider it
- 12 part of the Corporate allocation.
- 13 || Q Okay.
- 14 ||A I do know they were important to them, though.
- 15 | Q Mr. Niemann, could I direct your attention to the document
- 16 | behind Tab 12 of Exhibit Book 2?
- 17 MR. HYNES: And Your Honor, just for the record, the
- 18 document behind Tab 11 is the liquidation analysis that was
- 19 | prepared by Mr. Rundell and has been previously admitted into
- 20 | evidence by the Court, and it's just being provided here to
- 21 | remind the Court that a liquidation analysis did not produce a
- 22 | better result than the auction.
- 23 | BY MR. HYNES:
- 24 \parallel Q Mr. Niemann, can you identify the document behind Tab 12?
- 25 | A This is, I guess, the corrected pages for the disclosure

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statement. And I'm trying to find when this was filed.
1
 2
    this was filed March 9th.
 3
        Can you turn to Page 118?
 4
       Yes.
 5
       Can you identify the analysis at the top of Page 118?
             THE WITNESS: Are you there, Judge? Are you on Page
 6
7
    -- are we on Page 118?
 8
             THE COURT: I'm there.
 9
             THE WITNESS: Okay. I was just --
10
             THE COURT:
                        Thank you.
11
             THE WITNESS: The -- this is a summary of the final
12
    allocation.
                 I'd consider this sort of a summary level of
13
    everything we just talked about with respect to the final
14
    Redwood bid of $365 million, by campus and Corporate and NSC,
15
    and it also has Warminster on here, as far as the reinstated
16
    debt.
17
             THE COURT: Okay. I'm on 118, but it's not what he's
18
    describing.
19
             MR. HYNES: May I approach, Your Honor?
20
             THE COURT:
                         Yes. Hang on a minute. Wait a minute.
21
    I was behind your blue tab. Maybe you'd better approach.
22
             MR. HYNES:
                         Sorry, Your Honor.
23
             THE COURT:
                         Okay.
24
        (Pause.)
25
    BY MR. HYNES:
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So, Mr. Niemann, just to summarize, did you prepare or did
1
 2
    someone under your supervision prepare the analysis reflected
    at the top of Page 110 of the Notice of Filing of Corrected
 3
 4
    Pages to Disclosure Statement for Debtors' Fourth Amended
 5
    Joint Plan of Reorganization and Debtors' Fourth Amended Joint
    Plan of Reorganization?
 6
 7
       Do you mean 118 or 110?
       118.
 8
 9
   Α
       118? Yes.
10
             THE COURT: We're talking about the 118 on the bottom
11
    of the page, --
12
             MR. HYNES: Uh-huh.
13
             THE WITNESS: Right.
14
             THE COURT: -- instead of the numbers at the top of
15
    the page?
             THE WITNESS: I think that's where we're --
16
17
             THE COURT: That's why I'm --
18
             THE WITNESS: That's where we're -- yes.
19
             MR. HYNES: Yes.
20
             THE WITNESS: Yes. The top's a different number.
21
             THE COURT: Right.
22
             MR. HYNES: Oh, sorry.
23
             THE WITNESS: Yes, we did prepare that, --
24
   BY MR. HYNES:
25
        Okay.
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- 1 | A -- and I believe counsel incorporated it into the
- 2 | disclosure statement.
- 3 || Q Okay. And could you turn to Exhibit F, Tab F, behind the
- 4 | same Tab 12?
- 5 A Yes, I'm there.
- 6 Q Okay. And do you recognize this?
- 7 | A Yes, I do. It's a recovery analysis by Corporate and then
- 8 || by campus.
- 9 || Q Was this prepared under your supervision as well?
- 10 \parallel A Yes, it was.
- 11 || Q Can we move to Tab 13? And can you move to the tab behind
- 12 | -- the page behind Tab 13 that I tabbed for you? It says
- 13 | Exhibit B to the plan.
- 14 MR. HYNES: Your Honor, it would be hopeless to flip
- 15 | through it. May I had up a copy for Your Honor?
- 16 | THE COURT: You may.
- 17 MR. HYNES: Thank you.
- 18 | THE COURT: Okay.
- 19 | THE WITNESS: I think I'm there. Yes. Sources of
- 20 | Funding of TIP and Total Cash Available for Distribution.
- 21 | BY MR. HYNES:
- 22 | Q Does that look familiar to you?
- 23 || A Yes, it does.
- 24 \parallel Q Was that prepared by you or under your supervision?
- 25 A Yes. I believe it's --

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1
             MR. STRICKLIN: Your Honor, I got lost. Where are we
   now?
 2
 3
             THE COURT: We're on Exhibit B to the plan.
             THE WITNESS: It's about 12 pages from the very back
 4
 5
    of the book.
   BY MR. HYNES:
 6
 7
       Mr. Niemann, can you explain to us what that is?
       Yes. I think, and I'd have to go back and compare it to
 8
 9
    the exhibit we shared with the Court last time, but I think
10
    this is the same exhibit I was referring to earlier,
11
    effectively, which is the sources by entity and the allocation
12
    of the purchase price and the sources of funding of the TIP
13
   before the settlement on Concord, because, as I look at this,
14
    I don't see the $1 million of TIP Uses for Concord. Other
15
    than that, I think it's the same as what we walked through
16
    earlier.
17
       Behind -- the analysis that's located behind Tab 10?
18
    A Yes. That's right.
19
             MR. HYNES: Your Honor, at this point, we would
20
    respectfully ask that the Court accept into evidence the
21
    documents behind Tabs 8, 9, 10, 12 and 13.
             THE COURT: All right. Any objection?
22
23
        (No response.)
                         Those are admitted.
24
25
        (Debtors' Exhibits 8, 9, 10, 12 and 13 are received into
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evidence.) 1 2 THE COURT: And on 11, you basically were asking me 3 to take judicial notice? You said it was admitted at a prior 4 hearing? 5 MR. HYNES: I believe it was October 29th or 30th, during the direct examination of Paul Rundell. 6 7 THE COURT: Okay. MR. HYNES: And it's entitled "Liquidation Analysis." 8 9 We could bring Mr. Rundell up to authenticate it. 10 THE WITNESS: He loves to testify. 11 THE COURT: More than you? 12 (Laughter.) 13 THE WITNESS: I love to talk. I don't love to 14 testify. 15 THE COURT: Sorry. You do love to talk. 16 All right. No, I'll take judicial notice. I will take 17 your word for that. 18 (Debtors' Exhibit 11 is to be judicially noticed.) 19 MR. HYNES: Okay. Your Honor, we would pass the 20 witness. 21 THE COURT: All right. Let's see. Was it Ms. Epps who retained her right to cross-examine? 22 23 MS. EPPS: Your Honor, we had requested copies of Debtors' exhibits, and received some of those but did not 24 25 receive all of them. So I was hoping that we might have an

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opportunity to review those exhibits for about 10 or 15
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 2
    minutes and then -- if we could take a quick break to do that,
 3
    and then I could come back and ask Mr. Niemann a couple of
 4
    questions.
 5
             THE COURT: Okay.
                                Is anyone else going to ask
 6
    questions? Ms. Epps is the only one who specifically
 7
    referenced that.
 8
            MS. TANCREDI: Your Honor, I have a very few just
 9
    clarifying questions.
10
             THE COURT: Okay. Why don't --
11
            MR. STRICKLIN: I might have a question.
12
            THE COURT: You might have a question?
13
        (Laughter.)
14
             THE WITNESS: They can't help themselves.
15
             THE COURT: That's true. Everyone loves to hear Mr.
   Niemann talk. It's very interesting. You can --
16
17
            MR. STRICKLIN: I can go fast.
18
             THE COURT: You can go fast? Why don't we let Ms.
19
    Epps get started looking at the exhibits? We'll have the
20
    questions from Mr. Stricklin and Ms. Tancredi, and then we'll
    take a 10-minute break and finish up.
21
22
            MR. STRICKLIN: I'll tell him what my question is
23
    during the break so he can formulate a brief answer.
             THE COURT: Oh, you want to take a break now?
2.4
25
            MR. STRICKLIN: Oh, you want me to do it now? I can
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do it now. 1 THE COURT: Well, you said you'd be quick. 2 3 MR. STRICKLIN: I will be quick. THE COURT: Okay. 4 5 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. STRICKLIN: 6 7 Just back to Exhibit 10, Mr. Niemann, --8 Yes? 9 Q -- the 2.5 to the Creditors' Trust, I didn't see it in 10 here as a line item in particular. Is it included within one 11 of the other line items? 12 THE COURT: Mr. Stricklin, which one are you on? 13 MR. STRICKLIN: Exhibit 10. Sources and Uses of the 14 TIP. 15 THE COURT: Okay. 16 THE WITNESS: I don't know if it's included there, or 17 perhaps in the Administrative. But I can get you an answer to 18 that. BY MR. STRICKLIN: 19 20 But it's --I don't know as I sit here right now. 21 22 It's somewhere? It's going to get paid, correct? Yes. Whatever I said your client is getting, they're 23 getting. 24 25 That's all I wanted to know.

THE COURT: Okay.

2 CROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MS. TANCREDI:

1

3

- Q Good afternoon, Mr. Niemann. Lisa Tancredi for PNC.
- 5 | A Good afternoon.
- 6 Q Going back to the auction, and I don't want to put words
- 7 || in your mouth, so I'm going to try to paraphrase what I think
- 8 | you said and clarify that. I believe that you said that the
- 9 | Debtors and the lenders caucused about the Coastwood bidding
- 10 | fee and at that time agreed to provide a bidding fee to
- 11 | Coastwood. But what I wanted to clarify was, it was the
- 12 | Debtors that agreed, subject to Court approval? The lenders
- 13 | did not agree to provide a bidding fee?
- 14 \parallel A I think that's a better characterization. I know we
- 15 ||discussed it. I don't think we actually asked the -- I don't
- 16 | think the lenders formally agreed to it. I think the company
- 17 | said that they would support it. And we shared what we were
- 18 | doing with you, but I think it would have been more an
- 19 | observation, as opposed to an agreement. I think that's a
- 20 | better characterization.
- 21 | Q Okay. Thank you. And then, when you were talking about
- 22 | when the market spoke, you said it was a combination of what
- 23 || Coastwood and Redwood were willing to pay and what the lenders
- 24 | were willing to transact.
- 25 | A Yes.

```
And you understand that the agents don't have authority to
1
 2
    transact. Is that correct?
 3
              I understand that ultimately each lender has their
 4
    individual rights, notwithstanding the fact that they're a
   participant.
 5
       Correct. You understand that the agents are recommending
 6
 7
    that their groups accept the treatment that's set forth in the
 8
   plan?
 9
       Yes, I understand that.
10
   Q
       Okay.
11
            MS. TANCREDI: Thank you.
             THE COURT: All right. We'll take a 10-minute break.
12
13
    It's five after 3:00. We'll be back at 3:15.
14
             THE CLERK: All rise.
15
        (A recess ensued from 3:04 p.m. until 3:20 p.m.)
16
             THE COURT: Please be seated. All right. Mr.
17
    Niemann, do you want to take your place at the stand again?
18
             THE WITNESS: Do I have to?
19
             THE COURT: You have to.
20
           MATT NIEMANN, DEBTORS' WITNESS, PREVIOUSLY SWORN
21
             THE COURT: All right. We are going back on the
22
    record in Erickson. We took a 10-minute break. Ms. Epps, are
23
    you ready to examine Mr. Niemann?
24
            MS. EPPS: I am. Thank you very much, Your Honor.
25
            THE COURT: Okay.
```

1	MS. EPPS: Lisa Epps appearing on behalf of U.S. Bank
2	National Association as successor trustee for the Sedgwick
3	bonds.
4	THE COURT: Okay.
5	MS. EPPS: Your Honor, briefly, before I begin my
6	questioning of Mr. Niemann, I just wanted to make it clear for
7	the record that U.S. Bank is not a party to this global
8	agreement that the parties have discussed today and are
9	certainly not bound by it and reserve all of our rights to
10	object at confirmation on any bases that we see fit and
11	appropriate.
12	THE COURT: On any bases? You're not including
13	valuation, are you?
14	MS. EPPS: We're not a party to
15	THE COURT: I understand, but this is the hearing on
16	valuation allocation.
17	MS. EPPS: No, I understand that, Your Honor.
18	THE COURT: Yes. So you're not reserving your right
19	to put on new, fresh evidence of value at the confirmation
20	hearing, are you?
21	MS. EPPS: We're not
22	THE COURT: That's the whole purpose of this
23	exercise.
24	MS. EPPS: No, I understand that, Your Honor.
25	THE COURT: Okay.

1 MS. EPPS: And we are not objecting to the valuation 2 or allocation today. We are simply here to ask questions with 3 respect to that. THE COURT: Okay. Well, it's the Court's intention 4 5 to make a finding today on this subject, so I just want to make sure we're all on the same page. This will be a closed 6 issue for purposes of the Redwood plan, the valuation 7 allocation. 8 9 Thank you, Your Honor. MS. EPPS: 10 THE COURT: Okay. 11 CROSS-EXAMINATION 12 BY MS. EPPS: 13 Mr. Niemann, as I understand it from your testimony, you 14 were engaged by the Debtor and employed in the very beginning 15 or almost the beginning of the bankruptcy case? It was well before the bankruptcy case. It was March of 16 17 2009, a year ago. 18 Okay. And at that time, you indicated that you were assisting the Debtors in evaluating strategic alternatives? 19 20 Α That's correct. And in doing so, one of those strategic alternatives was a 21 22 sale of the assets? 23 It would be among the alternatives we evaluated, yes. 24 With respect to determining assets that were available for

sale, can you tell me what analysis Houlihan Lokey performed

- 1 to determine what assets would be available for sale? I mean,
- 2 || in the beginning of the case, if a sale were to take place?
- 3 | A I don't understand your question.
- 4 ||Q Well, I'm trying -- what assets did -- after the
- 5 | bankruptcy case was filed, what assets did all of the debtor
- 6 | entities have to sell?
- 7 | A After the bankruptcy?
- 8 0 Yes.
- 9 Any assets that the Debtors owned. I mean, everything's
- 10 | effectively at some point sellable, so -- maybe I'm missing
- 11 || your question.
- 12 | Q Well, no, I mean, I guess what I am wondering, in
- 13 ||determining what assets were available for sale after the
- 14 | bankruptcy filing, did you include in those assets the
- 15 | Debtors' Chapter 5 causes of action?
- 16 A Yes. I think I testified earlier that avoidance actions
- 17 were part of the consideration received by Redwood.
- 18 Q No, and I understand the answer to that. But prior to
- 19 | engaging -- or, prior to selling to Redwood, did Houlihan
- 20 || Lokey analyze the Chapter 5 causes of action to determine, you
- 21 | know, any value with respect to a sale?
- 22 | A No.
- 23 ||Q Were you involved with the Debtors in the preparation of
- 24 | their bankruptcy schedules?
- 25 | A In some respect, yes.

- 1 Q Were you involved with them in preparation of their
- 2 | Statement of Financial Affairs?
- 3 | A I'd have to look at the specific statement you're
- 4 | referring to. And when you say "you," I'm assuming you mean
- 5 | Houlihan Lokey?
- 6 | Q I'm sorry. I mean Houlihan Lokey, --
- 7 | A Right.

- Q -- either you or someone under your direction.
- 9 A That's right. But I'd have to look at whatever specific 10 schedule you're referring to.
- 11 $\|Q\|$ No, I understand.
- MS. EPPS: Your Honor, we filed a witness and exhibit list, and marked as Exhibit 1 were the Statements of Financial
- 14 Affairs filed by all of the debtors. It's the big binder.
- 15 THE COURT: I'm sorry. It's here on my desk?
- 16 MS. EPPS: Yes. The other set of binders.
- 17 THE COURT: Okay. You want me to take judicial
- 18 | notice of those at this time?
- 19 MS. EPPS: I would like you to take judicial notice.
- 20 And Your Honor, we had indicated the docket numbers on the
- 21 | witness and exhibit list. Would you like me to read those
- 22 | docket numbers into the record?
- 23 | THE COURT: That's okay. We'll just go ahead and put
- 24 | a hard copy in the record, --
- 25 MS. EPPS: Okay.

1 THE COURT: -- since you've got it here in the 2 notebook. (U.S. Bank's Exhibit 1 is to be judicially noticed.) 3 MS. EPPS: And Your Honor, I won't take up a lot of 4 5 time going through the Statement of Financial Affairs, but I will -- may I approach the witness, Your Honor? 6 7 THE COURT: You may. BY MS. EPPS: 8 9 Mr. Niemann, I have placed in front of you U.S. Bank's Exhibit 1. And behind the first tab is the Statement of 10 11 Financial Affairs for Debtor Erickson Retirement Communities. 12 I have turned it to Question 3(b). Can you read into the 13 record Question 3(b) at the top of the Statement of Financial 14 Affairs? 15 It says, "SOFA 3(b), Payments to creditors made within 90 days prior to filing, Erickson Retirement Communities, LLC, 16 17 Case No. 09-37010." 18 Are you familiar with this document? 19 I have never seen this document before. 20 Okay. Q 21 Other than right now. 22 Okay. So when you testified that you had input with 23 respect to Debtors' schedules and Statement of Financial 2.4 Affairs, preparation of the answer to Question 3(b) was not

something that you had input, or Houlihan?

- $1 \parallel A$ It says at the bottom it was prepared by BMC Group on
- $2 \parallel 11/25/2009$, so that's not Houlihan.
- 3 | Q No, I understand that, but you had indicated that you had
- 4 | had input, and I just wondered --
- $5 \parallel A$ Yes. I'd have to look at all the schedules. And did we
- 6 | actually prepare any particular schedules? I don't think so.
- $7 \parallel Q$ Okay.
- 8 | A Did we have input as to information on certain schedules?
- 9 | I'm certain of that. But I'd have to go to particular
- 10 | schedules. The schedule you just put in front of me, I've
- 11 | never seen before and I don't think we had any input into this
- 12 || schedule.
- 13 | Q Now, the Debtors prepared similar schedules for all of the
- 14 | debtor entities. Are you aware of Houlihan Lokey having any
- 15 || input into the answer to that same question, payments made
- 16 | within 90 days, for any of the other debtor entities?
- 17 \parallel A I'm not aware of any, no.
- 18 || Q Okay. Thank you. I believe it was Debtors' Exhibit #12,
- 19 | which is the Disclosure Statement for the Fourth Amended Joint
- 20 | Plan of Reorganization.
- 21 | A Am I done with this, or are you --
- 22 | Q Oh, I'm done with that one, yes.
- 23 || A Okay.
- 24 | O And I believe you still have Debtors' exhibits?
- 25 | A Yes.

- 1 | Q Thank you.
 - A Let me get out -- 12?
- 3 | Q Exhibit 12, the disclosure statement.
- 4 A Right. I have it.
- $5 \parallel Q$ Okay. If you could turn to Page 50, where at the top of
- 6 | the page it starts with, lower case, "managers of Erickson"
- 7 || Group."

- 8 A I believe I'm there. Page 50.
- 9 | Q Okay.
- 10 MS. EPPS: Your Honor, may I approach the witness to
- 11 point where I'd like to direct his attention?
- 12 | THE COURT: You may.
- 13 MS. EPPS: Thank you.
- 14 || (Pause.)
- 15 | THE WITNESS: Read that sentence?
- 16 BY MS. EPPS:
- 17 \parallel Q Yes. Read that sentence. And then end where it says --
- 18 | (Pause.)
- 19 | A In the middle of the page, you've asked me to read this
- 20 | sentence: "The Debtors estimate that the value of the
- 21 | potential preference causes of action is approximately \$7.5
- 22 | million."
- 23 ||Q Are you familiar with -- and I'm sorry. I should have
- 24 | asked you this prior. But given your prior testimony, are you
- 25 | familiar with Debtors' -- the Fourth Amended Disclosure

- 1 || Statement related to its plan?
- 2 | A I mean, I lose track of the numbers, but I'm familiar with
- 3 the disclosure statement. Whether it's Fourth Amendment or
- 4 | Third Amendment, you know. But, yes, I'm familiar with the
- 5 | disclosure statement.
- 6 | Q Did you have input into the information contained in the
- 7 | plan and disclosure statement?
- 8 | A Yes, I did, and Houlihan Lokey did, yes.
- 9 Q Did you have any input with respect to the sentence that
- 10 | you just read, "The Debtors estimate that the value of the
- 11 | potential preference causes of action is approximately \$7.5
- 12 ||million"?
- 13 | A No.
- 14 | O Do you know where this number came from?
- 15 | A I mean, I don't. I mean, I could speculate, but I don't.
- 16 | Q Okay. So you're not aware of any conversations that
- 17 | either you or anyone under your direction at Houlihan Lokey
- 18 | had regarding this \$7.5 million?
- 19 $\|A\|$ I'm not aware of any, no.
- 20 | Q Okay. At the end of your direct testimony, when Debtors'
- 21 | counsel was questioning you with respect to the avoidance
- 22 | actions, are you aware -- and you had testified that you
- 23 | believed that the -- or, is it correct that you believe that
- 24 | the causes of action were important to Redwood's purchase of
- 25 | the Debtors?

- 1 A Yes. That's accurate, in my opinion.
- 2 | Q And could you explain, could you, you know, go into
- 3 | further detail with that, what discussions you had with
- 4 | Redwood with respect to the Chapter 5 -- or, with respect to
- 5 | these causes of action?
- 6 A I don't remember specific discussions, but if memory
- 7 | serves me, and part of this is it's typical of any buyer to
- 8 | want to make sure, I'd call it kind of on a defensive basis,
- 9 | that there's not claims being made against vendors that they
- 10 | are now going to be doing business with and employees that
- 11 | they are now responsible for. So, in a defensive measure,
- 12 | it's typical that buyers want to make sure they acquire the
- 13 | avoidance actions. And so, yes, I recall that being important
- 14 | to Redwood, as it is with virtually every buyer I've ever
- 15 ||dealt with.
- 16 | Q And do you recall whether it was Houlihan Lokey or the
- 17 | Debtors that indicated that these causes of action were for
- 18 | sale, or whether it was Redwood that approached you as part of
- 19 | its interest in purchasing the assets, that it wanted the
- 20 || Chapter 5 causes of action?
- 21 | A I'm not sure I understand your question, but I'll answer
- 22 | it this way. I believe it first came up when Redwood
- 23 ||ultimately made a formal proposal for the acquisition. Did we
- 24 | advertise, "For Sale: Avoidance Actions"? No.
- 25 ||Q| If we could turn to the Debtors' Exhibit 9.

- $1 \parallel A$ Okay.
- 2 | Q The transaction proceeds allocation. As I understand your
- 3 | testimony, this is a document that either you or someone at
- 4 | your direction at Houlihan Lokey prepared?
- 5 | A That's correct.
- 6 Q And as I understand it, the bars, the yellow bar
- 7 | represents Houlihan Lokey's valuation of the asset?
- 8 A On Tab 9, it's our allocation of the purchase price on a
- 9 | percentage basis as per our valuation by asset.
- 10 $\|Q\|$ Okay. Now, with respect to the Corporate allocation, as I
- 11 | understand from your testimony, Redwood allocated the
- 12 | preferences to Corporate?
- 13 | A I'm not sure if that was my specific testimony. As I -- I
- 14 | think the Corporate allocation includes corporate assets,
- 15 | which include, without limitation, the avoidance actions.
- 16 \parallel Q Are these bankruptcy estates substantively consolidated?
- 17 || A I don't believe so.
- 18 | Q Okay. Are you aware -- and I understand that you did not
- 19 | prepare the Statements of Financial Affairs, but are you aware
- 20 of whether the non-corporate debtors made payments to
- 21 | creditors within the 90 days prior to the bankruptcy filing?
- 22 | A I mean, my initial inclination is "Of course," but I'd
- 23 | have to look at the specific -- and how the cash flows through
- 24 | the system and the centralized disbursement system and
- 25 | everything else. So, as I sit here right now, I can't really

- 1 | answer your question.
- 2 | Q Okay. So with respect to, on Exhibit 9, Houlihan Lokey's
- 3 | allocation for Corporate -- well, I guess my first guestion,
- 4 | where did Houlihan Lokey allocate the Chapter 5 causes of
- 5 | laction?
- 6 | A I don't understand your question.
- 7 || Q Well, you had indicated in your testimony that Redwood --
- 8 | you believed Redwood allocated the Chapter 5 causes of action
- 9 to Corporate in the proceeds allocation. So, whatever it was
- 10 | paying for the Chapter 5 causes of action could be included in
- 11 | that Corporate allocation. Am I understanding --
- $12 \parallel A$ You know, my view is that within the Corporate assets are
- 13 | avoidance actions.
- 14 | Q Okay. So did -- when you were preparing -- "you" meaning
- 15 | Houlihan Lokey -- preparing the yellow bar for the Corporate
- 16 | transaction proceeds allocation, what percentage included the
- 17 | Chapter 5 causes of action of that 22.1 percent?
- 18 \parallel A On Tab 8, if you're asking me how much of the 78.7
- 19 | [percent] is attributable to avoidance actions -- is that your
- 20 ||question?
- 21 || O Yes.
- $22 \parallel A$ I'm not aware of any of it being directly attributable.
- 23 | We didn't allocate it that way.
- 24 || Q Okay. So, while your understanding is that Redwood
- 25 | allocated monies for the Chapter 5 causes of action, --

1 | MR. CALIFANO: Objection, Your Honor.

THE WITNESS: That's not --

MR. CALIFANO: That was --

THE WITNESS: Yeah. Go ahead.

THE COURT: I --

MS. EPPS: I don't mean to mischaracterize.

THE COURT: Okay. I sustain the objection.

MS. EPPS: Okay. Okay.

BY MS. EPPS:

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Did Houlihan Lokey, in preparing Exhibit 8, did Houlihan Lokey attribute any amount to Chapter 5 causes of action? I think I just answered it that way. The valuation allocation for Corporate is for all of the corporate assets, which include, without limitation, avoidance actions. aware of any hard allocation on avoidance actions. In fact, I think it would be somewhat unusual to even allocate to them because they're not actions that the buyer intends to pursue. On the contrary, they bought them as a defensive measure to protect their vendors and their employees. So I -- that's why I'm a little confused by some of your questions. I don't see it as, well, it said \$7.5 [million] in the disclosure statement; therefore, isn't it \$7.5 [million]? Well, it may be zero, because it's -- they're not pursuing -- they're not going to get any value out of it other than, you know, their vendors aren't going to be harassed by a Creditors' Committee.

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I mean, you know, I'm being a little flip, but that's why
1
 2
   buyers like to make sure that doesn't happen. And that's no
    offense intended to Mr. Stricklin.
 3
        (Laughter.)
 4
 5
             MR. STRICKLIN: Wouldn't have it any other way.
             MS. EPPS: Your Honor, I believe that's all my
 6
7
    questions.
             THE COURT: Okay. Any other questions for this
 8
 9
    witness?
10
             THE COURT: Do you want to clarify the avoidance
11
    action thing?
12
        (Laughter.)
13
             MR. STRICKLIN: Speaking of harassing.
             THE COURT: Speaking of harassing.
14
15
             MS. EPPS: Is he going to throw me out of the way?
16
             THE COURT: Well, were you going to go down the trail
17
    of the avoidance actions?
18
             MR. STRICKLIN: A little bit.
19
             THE COURT: Okay. Because I want to make sure I
20
                 I think I understand, but --
    understand.
21
             MR. STRICKLIN: Well, I hope he's the guy that can
22
   help clarify this a little bit. He may not be, but --
23
                          RECROSS-EXAMINATION
   BY MR. STRICKLIN:
2.4
25
       Mr. Niemann, is your understanding and knowledge that the
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- 1 | avoidance actions, as part of the global settlement with the
- 2 | Committee, Redwood is giving those to the Creditors' Trust,
- 3 | subject to certain exceptions? Is that your understanding?
- $4 \parallel A$ That's right.
- 5 | Q Okay.
- 6 A So they -- as I said, it's a defensive mechanism so that
- 7 | they can ensure that those vendors and employees aren't --
- 8 | Q Well, actually, no vendors, I think, are being released.
- 9 | Some of the employees, as long as they stay there for 90 days,
- 10 | with limitations. Some people are excluded out. There's --
- 11 \parallel it's all laid out within the plan.
- 12 || A Right.
- 13 | Q But the avoidance actions are going to the Creditors'
- 14 ||Trust?
- 15 $\|A\|$ By virtue of the transaction with Redwood.
- 16 Q Except for the ones that are specifically set forth to be
- 17 | released in the plan?
- 18 ||A Right. But as part of the global settlement.
- 19 $\|Q\|$ So, creditors will receive the benefit of the avoidance
- 20 | actions, except for the ones that are being released?
- 21 $\|A\|$ I think that's -- yes, I think that's accurate.
- 22 | Q And as far as allocation, is it your understanding that
- 23 || what the plan says is that we are not seeking to sort out
- 24 | which estate is donating which avoidance action; we'll deal
- 25 | with that post-confirmation, as collections occur? Is that

1 your understanding of the plan? 2 That is. I can't say that I have any deeper understanding 3 than that, but yes. MR. STRICKLIN: Does that clarify it a little bit? 4 5 THE COURT: I think so. I mean, it just was they bought them and then assigned them back to the Creditors' 6 7 Committee, with certain exceptions, --8 MR. STRICKLIN: That's correct. 9 THE COURT: -- the main one being employees who are 10 retained? 11 MR. STRICKLIN: Employees that are going to be there 12 for 90 days. And I believe there are exceptions to that 13 exception, as well. 14 THE COURT: Okay. And the Creditors' Trust will have 15 standing to evaluate and decide what to pursue and what not? 16 MR. STRICKLIN: And we're not trying to sort out 17 right now which estate owns what. We can't sort out 18 everything right now. 19 THE COURT: All right. Okay. 20 MR. STRICKLIN: I mean, there could be money flowing 21 from one of the subsidiaries to the corporate parent. I might 22 note that in the chart, he lists Corporate --

You list Corporate, but you don't show a separate item for

23

24

25

BY MR. STRICKLIN:

Erickson Construction?

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1
   Α
        Right.
        I'm assuming that's lumped into Corporate. Is that right?
 2
 3
        That's right.
 4
       Okay.
 5
             MR. STRICKLIN: So we're going to sort that out post-
    confirmation.
 6
 7
             THE COURT:
                         Okay. Understood. Any other questions?
 8
        (No response.)
 9
             THE COURT:
                         Mr. Hynes, did you have any redirect?
10
             MR. HYNES:
                         No, Your Honor.
11
             THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Mr. Niemann.
12
             THE WITNESS: Thank you.
13
             THE COURT: You're excused.
14
             THE WITNESS: Thank you.
15
        (The witness steps down.)
16
             THE COURT: All right. Do we have any other
17
    evidence?
18
             MR. CALIFANO: No, Your Honor.
19
             THE COURT: All right. Well, the Court finds that,
20
   based on the evidence presented here today, and subject to the
21
    stipulation of the parties that if the Debtors' plan with
22
    Redwood does not get confirmed they may put on more evidence
23
    of value, subject to that stipulation, the Court finds, based
2.4
    on all the evidence presented, that the valuation allocation
```

proposed for the Redwood consideration is fair and reasonable,

and appears to be reasonably equivalent to what is being purchased.

2.0

2.4

The evidence, of course, was that there has been extensive analyses of the Debtors' business and assets by the Debtors' professionals, Houlihan and Alvarez and others, for approximately one year, including exploring different restructuring alternatives. There have been extensive marketing efforts for many, many months among potential strategic buyers and potential financial buyers. The assets were marketed both as a whole as well as separately, by campus.

There did end up being a competitive auction among two competing bidders with substantial financial wherewithal, which bidders appeared from the evidence to have been ready, willing and able to buy without duress. The auction process resulted in a transition of the bids from essentially debt-reinstatement bids to all-cash bids, mostly-cash bids. The auction resulted in, of course, a substantially-enhanced bid, at the end of the day. The auction also resulted in an extended management agreement with NSC, at the end of the day, which was a valuable thing.

The Court believes that this extensive and fulsome auction process did yield a fair price for the assets, which, as Mr. Niemann said, are assets that are hard to value, given that they are not fully developed. Mr. Niemann said something that

has sort of been the bane of this Court's existence for many months now: "In-development assets are really hard to value." And we see that a lot, it seems like, in the current financial crisis. We've had in this Court half-built buildings. Right, Mr. Chevallier? Are you still here? The shell, the infamous shell in Oak Lawn that we had auction attempts on? I've had a 90-percent-complete ethanol plant that we had auction attempts on. We have half-developed malls, half-developed office buildings flooding the bankruptcy courts right now. And here, of course, we have a different sort of "in development" assets involved. They are, it proves time and time again, hard to value.

2.0

But here, again, as Mr. Niemann very credibly testified, the market perception and the auction results seem to be the best indicator one could obtain here, and the Court believes that, in sum, the allocation proposed here appears to be reasonable and fair based on not just the data points which Houlihan analyzed and presented, but based on the independent bids of Coastwood and Redwood and the auction overall, as well as the lender support.

The Court would specifically note that all the places where Houlihan's original hypothetical value -- the yellow lines on their Exhibits 8 and 9 -- differed materially from Redwood's ultimate allocation have been explained adequately, such as in the case of the Novi allocation, which was the

1 Detroit property, as well as, to a lesser extent, Concord and 2 Dallas and Houston. 3 The Court reserves the right to supplement. But again, pursuant to this Court's authority under Rule 3012, the Court 4 5 does find this value allocation proposed in the plan to be fair and reasonable, and reasonably consistent with what 6 appear to be the values of these assets. And so that will be 7 the ruling of the Court. 8 9 Mr. Califano, were you going to upload an order with 10 regard to this? 11 MR. CALIFANO: Yes. Yes, Your Honor. 12 THE COURT: And then we also have the stipulation, 13 which is in order format, right, --14 MR. CALIFANO: Yes, Your Honor. 15 THE COURT: -- that you will want signed as well? 16 MR. CALIFANO: Yes. 17 THE COURT: So we will get those promptly signed, as 18 well as the other orders on exclusivity and the rejected lease 19 and the lift stay. 2.0 Is there any other housekeeping matter? 21 MR. CALIFANO: No, Your Honor. 22 MR. WEAVER: Your Honor? 23 THE COURT: Yes? MR. WEAVER: Robert Weaver, former employee. 24

25

THE COURT: Yes?

MR. WEAVER: If I may, Mr. Califano had suggested I call in to this hearing to make a very brief update and request. I only need about one minute, two minutes, maybe.

THE COURT: Okay. Does this concern the severance issues?

MR. WEAVER: Yes, it does.

THE COURT: Okay. Briefly, you may proceed.

MR. WEAVER: Thank you.

2.0

After the last hearing, Mr. Califano had graciously offered to help us by trying to pursue some banks to step forward to help broker the severance. There obviously weren't any guarantees. He asked what we would accept to settle. Would we accept \$.50 on the dollar for our non-priority claims? Our group said we would, and also, if there was any way, could the one percent of us who didn't get paid their accrued vacation receive that payment?

If you'll recall, at the last hearing, Mr. Califano had said that Erickson had intended to pay severance and accrued vacation in full prior to bankruptcy, but they had an emergency filing because the banks were suddenly freezing their assets. And look, I'm sure the banks didn't freeze Erickson's assets keep Erickson from paying us promised severance. There were much larger issues at play.

Unfortunately, we were the collateral damage in this larger struggle.

1 So we are here in the home stretch of the bankruptcy, and 2 after all the negotiations, the banks finally know what dollar 3 amounts they're getting, and we're hoping and asking that some 4 of the banks would be willing to step forward and use a very 5 small percentage of their proceeds to help undo the hardship that's been caused by these unintended consequences. And I 6 7 really would appreciate everyone's consideration of the 8 matter. 9 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Califano, do you wish to 10 respond? 11 MR. CALIFANO: Only to say, Your Honor, is Mr. Weaver 12 I did speak to him after the hearing. is correct. 13 make that proposal. We've been in discussions with the 14 lenders. I don't think it's going to be fruitful. You know, 15 the lenders are taking a big hit here, and the priority 16 payments are being made. 17 The Debtor did make an attempt to find the money, \$.50 on 18 the dollar. We just -- we don't have a source for it, Your 19 Honor, I'm sorry to say. 2.0 THE COURT: Okay. So the folks will get the \$10,950 21 22 MR. CALIFANO: Yes, Your Honor. 23 THE COURT: -- in the plan? 24 MR. CALIFANO: Yes.

THE COURT: And if they want to make an argument for

1 more, then they can --2 MR. CALIFANO: Yes, at confirmation. THE COURT: -- file an objection to the plan? 3 All right, Mr. Weaver. Did you hear all that? 4 5 MR. WEAVER: It was a little soft. Could you, I'm 6 sorry, just repeat? I couldn't hear it in the microphone. 7 THE COURT: At this juncture, it would appear as though the plan that's going to be put forward will provide 8 9 for priority claims for employees who assert severance, 10 vacation, other type employee claims in the Bankruptcy Code-11 capped amount of \$10,950. And to the extent that you want to 12 argue for anything more than that, you're going to have to 13 either further negotiate or press issues at the confirmation 14 hearing. But that is what is on the table right now. 15 MR. WEAVER: Okay. THE COURT: All right. Anything further? 16 17 MR. CALIFANO: There is one matter, Your Honor, that 18 Mr. Slusher just reminded me. We will be bringing to the 19 Court either later on today or first thing tomorrow morning an 2.0 adversary proceeding and TRO to stay an action that was 21 commenced in New Jersey, the Superior Court of New Jersey, 22 that impacts of some of the plan payments. 23 THE COURT: Oh.

MR. CALIFANO: So we'll be bringing that on. That action was --

1	THE COURT: Okay. Well, we'll be on the lookout for
2	that.
3	MR. CALIFANO: Thank you, Your Honor.
4	THE COURT: All right. Well, thank you. We stand
5	adjourned.
6	(Proceedings concluded at 3:52 p.m.)
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19	CERTIFICATE
20	I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from
21	the electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the above-
22	entitled matter.
23	
24	Kathy Rehling Certified Electronic Court Transcriber
25	CET**D-444

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