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COUNSEL TO THE DEBTORS AND DEBTORS IN POSSESSION

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS DALLAS DIVISION

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In re:	§	Chapter 11
FRESH ACQUISITIONS, LLC, et al.,1	§ §	Case No. 21-30721 (SGJ)
Debtors.	§ §	(Jointly Administered)
	§	

DEBTORS' EXPEDITED MOTION FOR ENTRY OF AN ORDER (I) AUTHORIZING AND APPROVING THE SETTLEMENT BY AND BETWEEN THE DEBTORS AND ARIZONA BANK AND TRUST AND (II) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF

The above-captioned debtors and debtors in possession (collectively, the "<u>Debtors</u>") respectfully state the following in support of this motion (the "<u>Motion</u>"):

¹ The Debtors in these chapter 11 cases and the last four digits of each Debtor's taxpayer identification number are as follows: Alamo Fresh Payroll, LLC (1590); Fresh Acquisitions, LLC (2795); Alamo Ovation, LLC (9002); Buffets LLC (2294); Hometown Buffet, Inc. (3002); Tahoe Joe's Inc. (7129); OCB Restaurant Company, LLC (7607); OCB Purchasing, Co. (7610); Ryan's Restaurant Group, LLC (7895); Fire Mountain Restaurants, LLC (8003); Food Management Partners, Inc. (7374); FMP SA Management Group, LLC (3031); FMP-Fresh Payroll, LLC (8962); FMP-Ovation Payroll, LLC (1728); and Alamo Buffets Payroll, LLC (0998). The Debtors' principal offices are located at 2338 N. Loop 1604 W., Suite 350, San Antonio, TX 78248, United States.

Introduction

- 1. Throughout these chapter 11 cases, the Debtors have been focused on conserving financial resources and maximizing the value of the Debtors' restaurant brand assets for the benefit of their estates. As a part of this process, the Debtors have engaged in negotiations with various stakeholders, including their prepetition lender, Arizona Bank & Trust ("AB&T").
- 2. As previously disclosed and summarized again below, two of the Debtors—Fresh Acquisitions, LLC and FMP SA Management, LLC—are co-borrowers under certain commercial loan agreements with AB&T. Under such loan documents, the two Debtor Borrowers (defined below) were indebted to AB&T in the amount of at least \$13 million as of the Petition Date, with such obligations being secured by perfected first priority liens in substantially all of the Debtor Borrowers' assets, including cash and cash equivalents.
- 3. The Debtors and AB&T have reached a settlement (the "Settlement") whereby AB&T will release the Debtors from their obligations owed to AB&T in exchange for reciprocal releases by the Debtors and their estates of any estate claims against AB&T.
- 4. The Debtors believe that the proposed Settlement is in the best interests of their estates, as it will relieve estate liabilities totaling over \$13 million in exchange for negligible value from their estates. The Committee has made a demand on the Debtors for the right to pursue claims against AB&T.² As discussed below, the Settlement is a "no brainer" and should be approved, notwithstanding the Committee's demand, because the Settlement is reasonable and in the best interests of the estates and their creditors.

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² In the 90-day preference period, AB&T received \$391,749.19 from Debtor Borrower Fresh Acquisitions, LLC. As discussed below, there is no colorable claim to avoid these payments because such payments were made from AB&T's collateral. *See Krafsur v. Surlock Permian Corp. (In re El Paso Refinery, L P)*, 171 F.3d 249, 253–55 (5th Cir. 1999); *Garner v. Knoll (In re Tusa-Expo Holdings, Inc.)*, 811 F.3d 786, 792 (5th Cir. 2016).

Relief Requested

5. By this motion, the Debtors seek entry of an order, substantially in the form attached hereto as **Exhibit A** (the "Order"): (a) authorizing the Debtors to enter into the Modified Forbearance Agreement (as defined below) attached as **Exhibit 1** to the Order; and (b) granting related relief.

Jurisdiction and Venue

- 6. The Court has jurisdiction over this Motion pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1334. This matter is a core proceeding pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157(b).
 - 7. Venue in this Court is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409.
- 8. The bases for the relief requested herein are sections 105 and 363(b) of title 11 of the United States Code (the "Bankruptcy Code") and rules 2002 and 9019 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (the "Bankruptcy Rules").

Background

9. Prior to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Debtors were a significant operator of buffet-style restaurants in the United States with approximately 90 stores operating in more than 27 states. The Debtors' concepts include six buffet restaurant chains and a full-service steakhouse, operating under the names Furr's®, Old Country Buffet®, Country Buffet®, HomeTown® Buffet, Ryan's®, Fire Mountain®, and Tahoe Joe's Famous Steakhouse®, respectively. Much like its competitors in the all-you-can-eat (AYCE) and dine-in restaurant businesses, the Debtors' recent history has been impacted by the uncertainty, unexpected challenges, and ever-changing landscape resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic. A more detailed history of the Debtors' operations is discussed in the *Declaration of Mark Shapiro, Chief Restructuring Officer, in Support of Chapter 11 Petitions and First Day Motion* [Docket No. 20] (the "First Day Declaration").

10. On April 20, 2021 (the "Petition Date"), each of the Debtors filed a voluntary petition for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors are operating their businesses and managing their properties as debtors in possession pursuant to sections 1107(a) and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code. No party has requested the appointment of a trustee or examiner in these chapter 11 cases. On April 30, 2021, the United States Trustee for the Northern District of Texas (the "U.S. Trustee") appointed an official committee of unsecured creditors (the "Committee") pursuant to section 1102 of the Bankruptcy Code. [Docket No. 94].

The AB&T Debt

- 11. On or about January 2, 2015, Fresh Acquisitions, LLC ("Fresh") and non-Debtor Alamo Dynamics, LLC ("Alamo") entered into a Commercial Loan Agreement ("CLA") with AB&T in the original principal amount of \$8,707,500 (the "Original Loan"). Contemporaneously with entry into the CLA, Fresh and Alamo entered into a promissory note in the principal amount of \$8,707,500 (the "Note," and together with the CLA, the modifications to the CLA, the security agreements, UCC-1s, deeds of trust, and guaranties related thereto, the "Loan Documents"). The CLA and Note were guaranteed by, among others, Debtor FMP SA Management Group, LLC ("FMP," and together with Fresh, the "Debtor Borrowers").
- 12. On or around June 29, 2015, the CLA was modified to incorporate, among other things, a short term bridge loan of \$14,500,000 (the "Bridge Loan," and together with the Original Loan, the "Loans"). The CLA was further modified from time to time thereafter, including on or about May 30, 2017, when FMP was added as a co-borrower. The CLA is guaranteed by a variety of non-Debtor entities and individuals (collectively, the "Guarantors").

- 13. On or about February 18, 2021, AB&T entered into a forbearance agreement with Fresh, Alamo, FMP, and the Guarantors, as a result of certain alleged defaults under the CLA which, among other things, extended the maturity date for the Loans to July 31, 2021.
- 14. All amounts owing to AB&T are secured by substantially all assets of the Debtor Borrowers (including cash held in their respective deposit accounts), and certain assets of non-Debtor Alamo. The security interests granted to AB&T were validly perfected by filing financing statements, and, where necessary, possessing the relevant instruments, certificates, or other property, and filing three separately recorded deeds of trust related to real property owned by non-Debtor Alamo, LLC.³ Since the execution of the Loan Documents, all of the Debtor Borrowers' cash constituted, and continues to constitute, cash collateral of AB&T.
- 15. As reiterated in the Final Order (I) Authorizing the Debtors to (A) Obtain Postpetition Financing and (B) Utilize Cash Collateral, (II) Granting Liens and Superpriority Administrative Expense Claims, (III) Granting Adequate Protection, (IV) Modifying the Automatic Stay, and (V) Granting Related Relief [Docket No. 157] (the "Final DIP Order"), the Loan Documents constitute legal, valid, properly authorized, binding and unconditional obligations of Fresh and FMP to AB&T, enforceable in accordance with their terms, and the Debtor Borrowers granted to AB&T continuing, legal, valid, binding, properly authorized and perfected, enforceable, non-avoidable first priority liens on and security interests on substantially all of their assets. Final DIP Order, ¶ C.4

³ The three separate deeds of trust relate to the three contiguous tracts of real property in Lubbock, Texas, which comprise the food processing and storage plant owned and operated by non-Debtor Alamo Dynamic, LLC (also known as Dynamic Foods).

⁴ The Committee maintains a challenge right under the Final DIP Order, which has been extended. As of the filing of this Motion, the Committee has raised no contention regarding the validity, perfection or priority of AB&T's liens.

16. As reflected in their respective bankruptcy schedules, as of the Petition Date, both Fresh and FMP are jointly and severally liable to AB&T in the approximate amount of \$13,466,151.50 in principal and accrued interest, plus additional costs and fees.

The Proposed Settlement

17. AB&T proposes, and the Debtors agree, subject to approval by this Court, to enter into the modified forbearance agreement attached to the Order as Exhibit 1 (the "Modified Forbearance Agreement"), which provides, *inter alia*, as follows:

a. Provisions Relating to Non-Debtor Parties

- i. Non-Debtor Alamo Dynamic, LLC and the non-Debtor Guarantors will pay \$2,850,000 (the "Alamo Payment") to AB&T. The Alamo Payment will be applied to the principal balance of the Bridge Loan.
- ii. Subject to AB&T's timely receipt of the Alamo Payment, AB&T will (a) extend the forbearance period and the maturity date for the Loans through September 30, 2021 and (b) release certain collateral pledged by Alamo to secure the obligations under the Loan Documents.

b. Provisions Concerning the Debtors

- i. Upon receipt of the Alamo Payment, Debtors Fresh and FMP, on the one hand, and AB&T on the other hand, will be deemed to have mutually released each other and their respective agents, officers, directors, managers, members, personal representatives, predecessors, successors and assigns from any and all claims, liens, demands, causes of action, controversies, offsets, obligations, losses, damages and liabilities of every kind and character whatsoever, at law or in equity, whether now known or unknown, and whether contingent or matured, liquidated or unliquidated, vested or contingent, choate or inchoate, including, without limitation, any action, omission, misrepresentation or other basis of liability founded either in tort or contract and the duties arising thereunder including, without limitation, those rights and claims arising under or in connection with the Loans, the Loan Documents, the Bankruptcy Code, and these chapter 11 cases.⁵
- ii. AB&T will take all steps reasonably appropriate to release all liens encumbering Fresh and FMP's property and withdraw any of its claims in these chapter 11 cases.

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⁵ This release does not apply to the PPP loan extended by AB&T to Fresh, for which Fresh has submitted a loan forgiveness application. Fresh and AB&T anticipate that such application will be granted in due course.

18. The Debtors have concluded in their sound business judgment that the Settlement contemplated herein is in the best interests of their estates and all parties in interest. The only claims against AB&T of which the Debtors are aware are the payment of approximately \$391,000 during the 90-day preference period. Avoidance of such payments are not a viable legal option for the estates, however, because the payments were made from AB&T's own collateral. Moreover, the release of liens and claims in excess of \$13 million is a far more beneficial result than the prospect of litigation with seemingly little or no merit. Accordingly, the Debtors request authorization to enter into the Modified Forbearance Agreement.

Arguments and Authorities

- A. Settlements are Favored in Bankruptcy, and the Debtors' Business Judgment is Given Significant Deference.
- 19. Settlements are considered a "normal part of the process of reorganization," *Case v. L.A. Lumber Prods. Co.*, 308 U.S. 106, 130 (1939), and a "desirable and wise method[] of bringing to a close proceedings otherwise lengthy, complicated, and costly," *Rivercity v. Herpel (In re Jackson Brewing Co.)*, 624 F.2d 599, 602 (5th Cir. 1980). *See Protective Comm. of Stockholders of TMT Trailer Ferry, Inc. v. Anderson*, 390 U.S. 414, 424 (1968) ("In administering reorganization proceedings in an economical and practical manner[,] it will often be wise to arrange the settlement of claims as to which there are substantial and reasonable doubts."). Indeed, "[t]he Supreme Court has long recommended settlements in bankruptcy cases." *In re Hardeman Cty. Hosp. Dist.*, 540 B.R. 229, 244 (Bankr. N.D. Tex. 2015). This Court may approve a compromise or settlement agreement pursuant to either Bankruptcy Rule 9019(a) or section 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 20. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 9019(a), a bankruptcy court may, after appropriate notice and a hearing, approve a compromise or settlement so long as the proposed settlement is "fair and equitable and in the best interest of the estate." *Off. Comm. of Unsecured Creditors v.*

Moeller (In re Age Ref. Inc.), 801 F.3d 530, 540 (5th Cir. 2015); see Fed. R. Bank. P. 9019(a) ("[o]n motion by the [debtor in possession] and after notice and a hearing, the court may approve a compromise or settlement."). Similarly, under section 105(a), "[t]he court may issue any order, process, or judgment that is necessary or appropriate to carry out the provisions of this title." 11 U.S.C. § 105. Ultimately, approval of a compromise is within the "sound discretion" of the bankruptcy court. United States v. AWECO, Inc. (In re AWECO, Inc.), 725 F.2d 293, 297–98 (5th Cir. 1984); Jackson Brewing Co., 624 F.2d at 602–03.

B. The Settlement Proposed Herein Satisfies the *Jackson Brewing* and *Foster Mortgage* Tests

- 21. The Fifth Circuit has established a three-factor balancing test first articulated in *Jackson Brewing*, under which bankruptcy courts are to analyze proposed settlements. 624 F.2d at 602; *see Age Ref. Inc.*, 801 F.3d at 540 (confirming the continued application of the *Jackson Brewing* factors). In determining whether a compromise is fair, equitable, and in the best interests of the estate, courts consider: "(1) the probability of success in litigating the claim subject to settlement, with due consideration for the uncertainty in fact and law; (2) the complexity and likely duration of litigation and any attendant expense, inconvenience, and delay; and (3) all other factors bearing on the wisdom of the compromise." *Age Ref. Inc.*, 801 F.3d at 540 (citing *Jackson Brewing*, 624 F.2d at 602). Courts should apply this test "with a focus on comparing the terms of the compromise with the likely rewards of litigation." *Age Ref. Inc.*, 801 F.3d at 540 (internal quotation marks and citation omitted).
- 22. The "other factors" (also known as the *Foster Mortgage* factors) include: (i) "the best interests of the creditors, with proper deference to their reasonable views; and (ii) the extent to which the settlement is truly the product of arms-length bargaining, and not of fraud or collusion." *Age Ref. Inc.*, 801 F.3d at 540 (citing *Off. Comm. of Unsecured Creditors v. Cajun*

Elec. Power Coop., Inc. (In re Cajun Elec. Power Coop., Inc.), 119 F.3d 349, 356 (5th Cir. 1997)) (internal quotation marks omitted); see Conn. Gen. Life Ins. Co. v. United Companies Fin. Corp. (In re Foster Mortg. Corp.), 68 F.3d 914, 917–18 (5th Cir. 1995).

23. The reviewing court "need not conduct a mini-trial to determine the probable outcome of any claims waived in the settlement," but must "apprise [itself] of the relevant facts and law so that [it] can make an informed and intelligent decision." *Age Refining, Inc.*, 801 F.3d at 541 (citations omitted). The Fifth Circuit has explained that:

[T]he approval of a proposed settlement does not depend on establishing as a matter of legal certainty that the subject claim or counterclaim is or is not worthless or valuable ... the very uncertainties of outcome in litigation, as well as the avoidance of wasteful litigation and expense, lay behind the Congressional infusion of a power to compromise. This is a recognition of the policy of the law generally to encourage settlements.

Fla. Trailer & Equip. Co. v. Deal, 284 F.2d 567, 571 (5th Cir. 1960).

i. The First Two Jackson Brewing Factors Support Approval of the Settlement.

- 24. The Debtors do not possess any valuable claims against AB&T. Any potential claims are not colorable and thus, success in litigating such claims is low and would require monetary expense that could otherwise be distributed to the Debtors' creditors. The Committee sent a letter to the Debtors, a copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**, asserting potential preference claims against AB&T and requesting the Debtors' consent to allow the Committee standing to pursue such claims. However, for the reasons explained below, preference claims against AB&T do not have merit.
- 25. Section 547(b) of the Bankruptcy Code allows the avoidance of transfers made within the 90 days prior to the filing of bankruptcy as "preferences" if, among other things, the transfer enabled the creditor to receive more than it would have received in a hypothetical chapter 7 bankruptcy case if the transfer had not been made. 11 U.S.C. § 547(b). The debtor bears the

burden of proof on all of the elements of a preferential transfer, which must be established by a preponderance of the evidence. *See* 11 U.S.C. § 547(g); *see also Garner v. Knoll (In re Tusa-Expo Holdings, Inc.)*, 811 F.3d 786, 789 (5th Cir. 2016) (discussing § 547(g)'s burden of proof for asserted preferences). Before asserting a preference claim, the debtor must "tak[e] into account" the target party's "known or reasonably knowable affirmative defenses" to such claim. 11 U.S.C. § 547(b).

26. It is well-settled in this Circuit that payments to a secured creditor do not give rise to avoidable preferential transfers when the source of payment is the creditors' own collateral. *Krafsur v. Surlock Permian Corp. (In re El Paso Refinery, L P)*, 171 F.3d 249, 253–55 (5th Cir. 1999). This is because the creditor would have received the same recovery in a hypothetical chapter 7 liquidation had the payment not been made. Thus, under such facts, a debtor or trustee cannot prove an essential element of section 547(b).

27. As explained by the Fifth Circuit:

[A] fully secured creditor who receives a prepetition payment does not receive a greater percentage than he would have in a bankruptcy proceeding because as a fully secured creditor he would have recovered 100% payment in a bankruptcy proceeding. Accordingly, a creditor who recovers his own collateral is not deemed to have recovered a greater percentage than he would have in bankruptcy. Similarly, an undersecured creditor who receives prepetition payments does not receive a greater percentage recovery when the source of the payments is the creditor's own collateral.

. . . .

A creditor who merely recovers its own collateral receives no more as a result than it would have received anyway had the funds been retained by the debtor, subject to the creditor's security interest.

El Paso Refinery, LP, 171 F.3d at 253–55 (emphasis added); see also Garner v. Knoll (In re Tusa-Expo Holdings, Inc.), 811 F.3d 786, 792 (5th Cir. 2016) (adopting and applying the El Paso Refinery analysis); In re Silver State Holdings, Assignee-7901 Boulevard 26 LLC,

No. 19-41579-mxm, 2020 WL 7414434, at *17 (Bankr. N.D. Tex. Dec. 17, 2020) (In *El Paso Refinery* and *Tusa-Expo Holding*, "there were no preferential transfers under § 547(b)(5) because the undersecured creditors would have recovered on their collateral in a hypothetical Chapter 7 in any event, so the payments did not enable the undersecured creditors to receive more than they would have received in a Chapter 7."); *In re Norwalk Furniture Corp.*, 428 B.R. 419, 427 (Bankr. N.D. Ohio 2009) (applying and noting the "soundness" of the *El Paso Refinery* source approach and that it "appears to be universally accepted.") (citing cases); *see* 5 Collier on Bankruptcy ¶ 547.03[7] (Richard Leven & Henry J. Sommer eds., 16th ed.) ("[I]f the source of the payment [to an undersecured creditor] was the collateral, there is no preference."). Indeed, it is a "truism that, if a creditor receives a transfer which, by its very nature, would not have been available to any of the other secured or unsecured creditors, it could never receive 'more' under the hypothetical Chapter 7 liquidation analysis." *Tusa-Expo Holding*, 811 F.3d at 792.

28. In the 90 days prior to the Petition Date, Fresh made the following seven transfers (collectively, the "Loan Transfers") to AB&T:

Date of Transfer	Amount Transferred
4/20/2021	\$28,750.34
3/29/2021	\$27,526.93
3/17/2021	\$25,968.06
3/1/2021	\$19,662.10
2/8/2021	\$58,538.86
2/26/2021	\$28,976.91
1/26/2021	\$202,325.99
Total	\$391,749.19

See Fresh Amended Statement of Financial Affairs, Docket No. 230 at 3.1.

29. As stated above, several years prior to the Petition Date, Fresh and AB&T entered into a security agreement granting AB&T a security interest in substantially all of its assets—including deposit and other accounts. AB&T holds, and has held since 2015, a perfected security

AB&T with AB&T's own collateral. Had these payments not been made, the Debtors would have retained these funds *subject to AB&T's security interests*. As such, AB&T did not receive more than it would have received had the transfer not been made and AB&T recovered in chapter 7. Based on these facts and the prevailing law in this Circuit, the proffered claims against AB&T are not colorable and should not be pursued, particularly in the face of the proposed Settlement, which is a far superior result for the estates.⁶

- 30. The Debtors are unaware of any other potential causes of action against AB&T that may provide a benefit to their estates. Accordingly, the first two *Jackson Brewing* factors support approving the Settlement and entry into the Modified Forbearance Agreement.
 - ii. The Settlement is in Best Interests of Creditors and is the Product of Arms-Length Negotiations.
- 31. The final *Jackson Brewing* factor, encompassing the *Foster Morgan* factors, also supports approval of the Settlement. Currently, AB&T's claim totals over \$13 million. The release of AB&T's claim and liens pursuant to the Modified Forbearance Agreement will relieve the Debtors' estates from a very substantial burden, potentially leaving additional funds for junior secured creditors and unsecured creditors that would have gone to AB&T if not for the release.
- 32. The Settlement arises out of arms-length negotiations between the Debtors and AB&T. The Debtors and AB&T have been in ongoing discussions regarding a potential settlement of the disputes between them since before these chapter 11 cases were filed and the Debtors believe the Settlement represents the best possible resolution to AB&T's claims against the Debtors.

⁶ The argument made herein is merely one of many—without limiting the foregoing, the Debtors also reserve the right to demonstrate that the loan repayment may have been made in the ordinary course of business. See 11 U.S.C. § 547(c)(2)(A).

- 33. Prior to filing this Motion, the Debtors and AB&T each separately conferred with the Committee in hopes of obtaining the Committee's support for the Settlement. Unfortunately, neither was able to obtain the Committee's support for the Settlement prior to the filing of this Motion. The Debtors expect the Committee to object to the Settlement on the basis described in the Committee's letter, at a minimum. Such objection should be overruled for the reasons described above and as may be supplemented prior to and during any hearing on this Motion.
- 34. Based on the foregoing conclusions, the Debtors respectfully submit that the Settlement and entry into the Modified Forbearance Agreement is a reasonable exercise of their business judgment and represents a fair and equitable compromise that is in the best interest of the Debtors' estates. Authorizing the Debtors to proceed with the Settlement falls squarely within the spirit of Bankruptcy Rule 9019, if not the letter, as well as the Bankruptcy Code's predilection for compromise. Accordingly, the Debtors respectfully request that the Court authorize the Debtors to enter into the Modified Forbearance Agreement.

Notice

35. The Debtors will provide notice of this Motion to the following parties or their counsel: (a) the U.S. Trustee for the Northern District of Texas; (b) the holders of the 30 largest unsecured claims against the Debtors (on a consolidated basis); (c) counsel to AB&T; (d) counsel to the proposed DIP Lender; (e) counsel to the Committee; (f) the United States Attorney's Office for the Northern District of Texas; (g) the Internal Revenue Service; (h) the state attorneys general for states in which the Debtors conduct business; and (i) any party that has requested notice pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2002. In light of the nature of the relief requested, the Debtors submit that no other or further notice is needed.

WHEREFORE, the Debtors respectfully request that the Court enter the Order, authorizing their entry into the Modified Forbearance Agreement and granting such other and further relief as may be just and proper.

Respectfully submitted this 15th day of July, 2021.

GRAY REED

By: /s/ Jason S. Brookner

Jason S. Brookner

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Aaron M. Kaufman

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COUNSEL TO THE DEBTORS AND DEBTORS IN POSSESSION

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on July 15, 2021, I caused a copy of the foregoing document to be served by the Electronic Case Filing System for the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of Texas.

Jason S. Brookner

Jason S. Brookner

Exhibit A

Proposed Order

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS DALLAS DIVISION

*	§	C1
In re:	§ 8	Chapter 11
FRESH ACQUISITIONS, LLC, et al.,1	§	Case No. 21-30721 (SGJ)
Deletore	§ s	(Inintly, Administrand)
Debtors.	8 8	(Jointly Administered)
	§	Re: Docket No

ORDER (I) AUTHORIZING AND APPROVING THE SETTLEMENT BY AND BETWEEN THE DEBTORS AND ARIZONA BANK AND TRUST AND (II) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF

Upon the motion (the "Motion"),² filed by the above-captioned debtors and debtors in possession (the "Debtors"), for entry of an order (this "Order") (a) authorizing the Debtors' entry into the Modified Forbearance Agreement attached hereto as **Exhibit 1**, by and between the

¹ The Debtors in these chapter 11 cases and the last four digits of each Debtor's taxpayer identification number are as follows: Alamo Fresh Payroll, LLC (1590); Fresh Acquisitions, LLC (2795); Alamo Ovation, LLC (9002); Buffets LLC (2294); Hometown Buffet, Inc. (3002); Tahoe Joe's Inc. (7129); OCB Restaurant Company, LLC (7607); OCB Purchasing, Co. (7610); Ryan's Restaurant Group, LLC (7895); Fire Mountain Restaurants, LLC (8003); Food Management Partners, Inc. (7374); FMP SA Management Group, LLC (3031); FMP-Fresh Payroll, LLC (8962); FMP-Ovation Payroll, LLC (1728); and Alamo Buffets Payroll, LLC (0998). The Debtors' principal offices are located at 2338 N. Loop 1604 W., Suite 350, San Antonio, TX, 78248, United States.

² Capitalized terms used herein but not otherwise defined shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the Motion.

Debtors and Arizona Bank & Trust ("AB&T"), and (b) granting related relief, all as more fully set forth in the Motion; and the Court having jurisdiction to consider the Motion pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1334; and this being a core proceeding pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2); and it appearing that notice of the Motion and the hearing thereon was sufficient under the circumstances, and that no other or further notice is required; and the Court having determined that the relief requested in the Motion is a reasonable exercise of the Debtors' business judgment and in the best interests of the Debtors and their estates, and good and sufficient cause having been shown, it is HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

- 1. The Settlement is approved.
- 2. The Debtors are hereby authorized to enter into the Modified Forbearance Agreement and enter into, perform, execute, and deliver all documents, and take all actions, necessary to immediately and fully implement the Settlement in accordance with the terms, conditions, and agreements set forth in the Modified Forbearance Agreement, all of which, including the mutual releases contained therein, are hereby approved.²
- 3. Notwithstanding Bankruptcy Rule 6004(h), the terms and conditions of this Order are immediately effective and enforceable upon its entry.
- 4. All time periods set forth in this Order shall be calculated in accordance with Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a).
- 5. This Court retains exclusive jurisdiction with respect to all matters arising from or related to the implementation, interpretation, and enforcement of this Order.

END OF ORDER

² This release does not apply to the PPP loan extended by AB&T to Fresh, for which Fresh has submitted a loan forgiveness application.

Submitted by:

Jason S. Brookner Texas Bar No. 24033684 Aaron M. Kaufman Texas Bar No. 24060067 Amber M. Carson Texas Bar No. 24075610

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COUNSEL TO THE DEBTORS AND DEBTORS IN POSSESSION

Exhibit 1

Modified Forbearance Agreement

MODIFICATION TO LIMITED FORBEARANCE AGREEMENT

("Agreement")

DATE: July ___, 2021

PARTIES:

Lender: Arizona Bank & Trust ("Lender")

Attn: Jim Klussman 2036 E. Camelback Road Phoenix, AZ 85016

Borrowers: Alamo Dynamic, LLC ("Alamo")

2338 N. Loop 1604 W. Ste 350

San Antonio TX, 78248

Fresh Acquisitions, LLC ("Fresh") 2338 N. Loop 1604 W. Ste 350

San Antonio TX, 78248

FMP SA Management Group, LLC ("FMP")

2338 N. Loop 1604 W. Ste 350

San Antonio TX, 78248

Guarantors: Alamo Furr's, LLC

2338 N. Loop 1604 W. Ste 350

San Antonio TX, 78248

Alamo Furr's II, LLC

2338 N. Loop 1604 W. Ste 350

San Antonio TX, 78248

Allen Jones

2338 N. Loop 1604 W. Ste 350

San Antonio TX, 78248

Larry and Rachel Harris

2338 N. Loop 1604 W. Ste 350

San Antonio TX, 78248

Jason and Tara Kemp

2338 N. Loop 1604 W. Ste 350

San Antonio TX, 78248

Brian Padilla 2338 N. Loop 1604 W. Ste 350 San Antonio TX, 78248

Lender, Borrowers, and Guarantors are sometimes collectively referred to herein as the "Parties" and individually as a "Party."

RECITALS

- A. On or about January 2, 2015, Borrowers Fresh Acquisitions, LLC ("Fresh") and Alamo Dynamics, LLC ("Alamo" and together with Fresh, the "Original Borrowers") executed the *Commercial Loan Agreement* ("CLA") with the Bank. Pursuant to the CLA, on or about January 2, 2015, the Bank made a secured loan to Original Borrowers in the principal amount of \$8,707,500.00 (the "RE Loan").
- B. As evidence of the RE Loan, Original Borrowers executed the *Promissory Note* of even date, in the principal amount of \$8,707,500.00 (the "RE Note").
- C. Contemporaneously with the execution and delivery of the CLA and RE Note, each Guarantor and Borrower FMP SA Management Group, LLC ("FMP") executed a form of Continuing Guaranty guaranteeing Original Borrowers' obligations under the RE Note and the CLA.
- D. On or about June 29, 2015, Original Borrowers and Bank entered into a Modification to Commercial Loan Agreement ("First Modification") incorporating, among other things, the terms and conditions of a short term loan by the Bank to Original Borrowers in the principal amount of \$14,500,000.00 (the "Bridge Loan" and together with the RE Loan, the "Loans") evidenced by a new Promissory Note in the same amount (the "Bridge Note" and together with the RE Note, the "Notes").
- E. Contemporaneously with the execution and delivery of the First Modification and Bridge Note, each Guarantor and FMP executed a form of Continuing Guaranty guaranteeing Original Borrowers' obligations under the Bridge Note and the CLA, as modified.
- F. On or about August 18, 2015, Original Borrowers, Guarantors, FMP, and the Bank (collectively, the "Parties") entered into a Second Modification to Commercial Loan Agreement ("Second Modification") incorporating, among other things, an agreement by the Parties to modify the Bridge Loan and the collateral securing the Bridge Loan.
- G. On or about December 17, 2015, the Parties entered into a Third Modification to Loan Agreement ("Third Modification") pursuant to which the Parties agreed to, among other things, further modify the Bridge Loan and the Loan Documents (as defined below).
- H. On or about December 20, 2016, the Parties entered into a Fourth Modification to Loan Agreement ("Fourth Modification") pursuant to which the Bank agreed to provide limited waivers to certain covenant obligations of Original Borrowers under the Loan Documents.

- I. On or about May 30, 2017, the Parties entered into a Fifth Modification to Loan Agreement ("Fifth Modification") pursuant to which the Bank agreed to provide certain further limited waivers to certain covenant obligations of Original Borrowers under the Loan Documents and FMP was added as a Co-Borrower under the Notes. Original Borrowers and FMP (as Borrower) are collectively referred to hereinafter as "Borrowers".
- J. Effective as of February 28, 2021, the Parties entered into a Limited Forbearance Agreement (the "Forbearance Agreement and collectively with the First, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth Modification Agreements, the "Modification Agreements") pursuant to which Lender agreed to forbear from exercising its rights and remedies with respect to certain Loan Defaults (as defined in the Forbearance Agreement).
- K. Among other things, the Forbearance Agreement required Borrowers to either effectuate and pay down of \$1.0 million on the Bridge Loan or fund and pledge a restricted deposit account to be held at Lender as security for the Bridge Loan in the amount of \$1.0 million on or before June 30, 2021 (the "June 30 Deliverables"). The Forbearance Agreement further provided that the New Maturity Date of the Loans is July 31, 2021.
- L. Repayment of the Loans is secured by, among other things, a valid and perfected security interest in favor of the Bank in and to the personal property of each Borrower, as described below, and as evidenced on separate *Commercial Security Agreements*, executed by Original Borrowers on or about August 18, 2015, (collectively, the "Security Agreements") and granting a security interest in and to substantially all of their operating assets.
- M. The security interests granted to the Bank under the Security Agreements were validly perfected by the filing of UCC-1 Financing Statements with the states of Delaware and Texas, as applicable for each Borrower (collectively, the "UCC-1s").
- N. In addition, the Loans are secured by three separately recorded deeds of trust ("Deeds of Trust") including:
- 1. Deed of Trust, Fixture Filing and Assignment of Rents dated January 2, 2015, and recorded on January 7, 2015, in the Office of the Lubbock County Recorder, State of Texas, under Instrument No. 2015000530, as modified from time-to-time thereafter and encumbering certain real property described more fully therein;
- 2. Deed of Trust, Fixture Filing and Assignment of Rents dated January 2, 2015, and recorded on January 7, 2015, in the Office of the Lubbock County Recorder, State of Texas, under Instrument No. 2015000529, as modified from time-to-time thereafter and encumbering certain real property described more fully therein; and
- 3. Deed of Trust, Fixture Filing and Assignment of Rents dated June 29, 2015, and recorded on August 10, 2015, in the Office of the Lubbock County Recorder, State of Texas, under Instrument No. 2015029067, as modified from time-to-time thereafter and encumbering certain real property described more fully therein.

- O. The CLA, Modification Agreements, Notes, Security Agreements, UCC-1s, Deeds of Trust, and each and every one of the guaranties executed by the Guarantors in favor of Lender are collectively referred to herein as the "Loan Documents."
- P. On April 20, 2021, Borrowers Fresh and FMP (collectively the "Bankruptcy Debtors") filed petitions for relief under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code 11 U.S.C. § 101, et seq. (the "Bankruptcy Code") in a series of bankruptcy cases administratively consolidated before the U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the Northern District of Texas Dallas Division (the "Bankruptcy Court") as Case No. 21-30721 (SGJ) (the "Bankruptcy Case").
- Q. Borrowers are in default of their obligations under the Forbearance Agreement for not timely satisfying the June 30 Deliverables.
- R. Alamo and Guarantors have now requested that Lender agree to modify the Forbearance Agreement to allow them to cure the June 30 Deliverables and release certain limited collateral pledged by Alamo to secure the Loans consisting of Alamo's operating assets in exchange for a one-time payment by Alamo of \$2,850,000.00.
- S. The Bankruptcy Debtors have agreed to cooperate with the modifications requested by Alamo and Guarantors subject to the exchange of full and complete mutual releases of claims between Lender and the Bankruptcy Debtors and Bankruptcy Court approval.
- T. Lender is willing to modify the Loan Documents and provide the accommodations requested, subject to the terms of this Agreement.

COVENANTS

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants and agreements set forth herein and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties agree as follows:

- 1. <u>Incorporation and Accuracy of Recitals</u>. The Parties acknowledge, confirm and agree that the Recitals set forth above are true, accurate and correct, and the Recitals are incorporated into these Covenants without any difference or distinction between the two (2) segments of this Agreement.
- 2. **Payment**. In addition to all other regularly scheduled payments due under the Loan Documents, on or before August 16, 2021, Alamo shall pay Lender \$2,850,000.00, which shall be applied to the principal balance of the Bridge Loan (the "Alamo Payment"). Timely payment of the Alamo Payment shall satisfy the June 30 Deliverables.
- 3. <u>Extended Forbearance Period; Maturity Date</u>. Subject to Lender's timely receipt of the Alamo Payment, Lender agrees to extend the Forbearance Period and the New Maturity Date as those terms are defined in the Forbearance Agreement to and through September 30, 2021.
- 4. <u>Limited Alamo Collateral Release</u>. Upon receipt of the Alamo Payment, Lender shall record UCC-3's modifying the UCC-1s as to Alamo and releasing the following limited Alamo assets as

collateral for the Loans:

All inventory, equipment, work in process, rolling stock, cash, accounts, chattel paper, instruments of Debtor (including but not limited to all promissory notes), letter-of-credit rights, letters of credit, documents, deposit accounts, investment property, money, other rights to payment and performance, and general intangibles (including but not limited to all software and all payment intangibles), and all additions, replacements of and substitutions for all or any part of the foregoing property; all insurance refunds relating to the foregoing property; all records and data and embedded software relating to the foregoing property, and all equipment, inventory and software to utilize, create, maintain and process any such records and data on electronic media; and all supporting obligations relating to the foregoing property; all whether now existing or hereafter arising, whether now owned or hereafter acquired or whether now or hereafter subject to any rights in the foregoing property; and all products and proceeds (Including but not limited to all insurance payments) of or relating to the foregoing property.

Nothing contained herein shall be construed as an agreement by Lender to release any of the real or personal property as pledged as collateral for the Loans under the Deeds of Trust.

- 5. Mutual Releases Between Bankruptcy Debtors and Lender. Upon receipt of the Alamo Payment, Lender on the one hand and the Bankruptcy Debtors on the other hand shall be deemed to have mutually released each other and their respective agents, officers, directors, managers, members, personal representatives, predecessors, successors and assigns from any and all claims, liens, demands, causes of action, controversies, offsets, obligations, losses, damages and liabilities of every kind and character whatsoever, at law or in equity, whether now known or unknown, and whether contingent or matured, liquidated or unliquidated, vested or contingent, choate or inchoate, including, without limitation, any action, omission, misrepresentation or other basis of liability founded either in tort or contract and the duties arising thereunder including, without limitation, those rights and claims arising under or in connection with the Loans, the Loan Documents, the Bankruptcy Code, and the Bankruptcy Case. Lender shall thereafter take all steps reasonably appropriate to release all liens encumbering the property of each Bankruptcy Debtor and withdraw its claims in the Bankruptcy Case. Nothing in the foregoing release shall be construed as releasing Alamo or any of the Guarantors from their separate covenants, agreements and liabilities under the Loan Documents.
- 6. Reaffirmation of Loan Documents. Except as modified herein, the Loan Documents are ratified and affirmed by Alamo and Guarantors and shall remain in full force and effect. Alamo and Guarantors acknowledge and agree that they waive and release any claims, counterclaims, defenses, personal or otherwise, or rights of setoff or recoupment whatsoever with respect to any of the indebtedness arising under the Loan Documents or to any of Lender's rights and remedies under the Loan Documents. Except as contemplated by this Agreement, any property or rights to or interest in property granted as security in the Loan Documents shall remain as security for the Loans and the obligations of Alamo and Guarantors in the Loan Documents and this Agreement.
- 7. <u>Borrowers' Representations and Warranties</u>. Borrowers and Guarantors represent and warrant to Lender as follows:

- a. Accuracy of Representations. All representations and warranties made and given by Borrowers in connection with this Agreement are accurate and correct. All representations and warranties made and given by Borrowers and Guarantors in the Loan Documents were accurate and correct at the time they were given.
- b. **No Default**. Other than the Loan Defaults, no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing under the Loan Documents, and no event has occurred and is continuing which, with notice or the passage of time or both, would be an Event of Default as of the date of this Agreement.
- c. **Authorization**. This Agreement, and any instrument or agreement required hereunder, are within Borrowers' and Guarantors' (each an "Obligor" and collectively "Obligors") respective powers, have been duly authorized, and do not conflict with any of the organizational documents of any Obligor. The persons signing this Agreement on behalf of Borrowers and Guarantors represent and warrant that they have and maintain full authority to execute the Agreement on behalf of Borrowers or Guarantors for whom they are signing.
- d. Enforceable Agreements; No Conflicts. The Loan Documents and this Agreement are legal, valid and binding agreements of Borrowers and Guarantors, enforceable in accordance with their respective terms, and any instrument or agreement required hereunder or thereunder, when executed and delivered, is (or will be) similarly legal, valid, binding and enforceable. Borrowers and Guarantors acknowledge and agree that the Recitals are a summary, and that they neither identify each and every obligation of Borrowers and Guarantors to Lender, nor identify each and every agreement set forth in the Loan Documents. All agreements between and/or among Borrowers, Guarantors and Lender continue to be legal, valid and binding agreements of Borrowers and Guarantors, enforceable in accordance with their respective terms, notwithstanding the omission of any such agreement from the Recitals. This Agreement does not conflict with any law, agreement or obligation by which any Obligor is bound.
- e. **Financial Information**. All financial and other information that has been or will be supplied by Borrowers to Lender in connection with the Loan Documents and/or in connection with this Agreement, is true, complete and accurate, in all material respects.
- 8. <u>Bankruptcy Court Approval; Non-Performance</u>. The obligations of the parties under this Agreement shall be subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court and the timely performance of all Borrower obligations arising hereunder. Should the Bankruptcy Court decline to approve this Agreement or the Borrowers fail to timely perform any obligations as required hereunder, this Agreement shall be null and void.

9. **Acknowledgments and Agreements**. Borrowers acknowledge and agree as follows:

- a. Lender is under no legal or equitable obligation to enter into this Agreement. Except as expressly provided hereunder, Lender does not waive, and shall not be deemed to have waived any rights or remedies with respect to the Loan Defaults.
- b. Lender (including all its predecessors, affiliates, and their parent companies and/or subsidiaries) has not breached any duty to Borrowers or any Guarantor in connection with the Loans referenced herein, and Lender (including all its predecessors, affiliates, and their parent

companies and/or subsidiaries) has fully performed all obligations it may have had or now has to Borrowers and Guarantors.

- c. All interest, fees, or other charges imposed, accrued, or collected by Lender (including all its predecessors) under the Loan Documents or this Agreement, and the method of computing the interest, fees, or other charges, were and are proper and agreed to by Borrowers and Guarantors and were properly computed and collected.
- d. The agreements of Lender herein to forbear from exercising its remedies with respect to the Loan Defaults is full, fair and adequate consideration for Borrowers' and Guarantors' agreements set forth herein.
- e. Lender has no obligation to make any other additional loan or extension of credit to or for the benefit of any of the Borrowers, and Lender has no obligation to provide additional forbearance or to extend further accommodations to any Borrower or Guarantor.
- f. This Agreement is not intended for, and shall not be construed to be for, the benefit of any person not a signatory hereto.
- g. The relationships between Borrowers and Guarantors, on the one hand, and Lender, on the other hand, are strictly a debtor and creditor relationship and not fiduciary in nature, nor is the relationship to be construed as creating any partnership or joint venture between the Parties. Lender owes no fiduciary duty or any other special duty to any Party. The Parties are exercising their own judgment with respect to Borrowers' businesses. All information supplied to Lender is for Lender's protection only and no other party is entitled to rely on such information. There is no duty for Lender to review, inspect, supervise or inform any party of any matter with respect to Borrowers' businesses. The Parties intend that Lender may reasonably rely on all information supplied by the Parties and any investigation or failure to investigate will not diminish Lender's right to so rely.
- Non-Bankruptcy Debtors' Releases of Lender. In consideration of the agreements of 10. Lender set forth in this Agreement, Alamo and each of the Guarantors, jointly and severally, and all of their respective affiliates, subsidiaries, agents, officers, directors, managers, members, personal representatives, predecessors, successors and assigns (individually and collectively, the "Releasors"), voluntarily, knowingly, unconditionally, and irrevocably, with specific and express intent, hereby fully release, remise, and discharge Lender, the parents of Lender and all other affiliates and predecessors of Lender, and all past and present officers, directors, agents, employees, servants, partners, shareholders, attorneys, managers, successors and assigns of Lender, for, from, and against any and all claims, liens, demands, causes of action, controversies, offsets, obligations, losses, damages and liabilities of every kind and character whatsoever, at law or in equity, whether now known or unknown, and whether contingent or matured, liquidated or unliquidated, vested or contingent, choate or inchoate, including, without limitation, any action, omission, misrepresentation or other basis of liability founded either in tort or contract and the duties arising thereunder, that the Releasors, or any one or more of them, has had in the past, or now has, by reason of any matter, cause or thing set forth in, relating to or arising out of, or in any way connected with or resulting from, the Loans referenced herein, the Loan Documents or this Agreement. Alamo acknowledges that the foregoing release is a material inducement to Lender's decision to extend to Alamo the financial accommodations hereunder and has been relied upon by Lender in agreeing to enter into this Agreement.

- 11. <u>No Prejudice; Reservation of Rights</u>. This Agreement shall not prejudice any rights or remedies of Lender under the Loan Documents. Except as provided herein, Lender reserves, without limitation, all of its rights against any indemnitor, guarantor, or endorser of any of the Loan Documents.
- 12. <u>No Impairment/Security</u>. Except as expressly set forth herein, the Loan Documents shall each remain unaffected and unmodified by this Agreement and all such Loan Documents shall remain in full force and effect. Except as expressly set forth herein, nothing contained herein shall be deemed a waiver of any of the rights and remedies that Lender may have against any Borrower or Guarantor or of any of Lender's rights and remedies arising out of the Loan Documents.
- 13. <u>Integration</u>. The Loan Documents and this Agreement: (a) integrate all the terms and conditions mentioned in or incidental to the Loan Documents; (b) supersede all oral negotiations and prior and other writings with respect to their subject matter; and (c) are intended by the Parties as the final expression of the agreement with respect to the terms and conditions set forth in those documents and as the complete and exclusive statement of the terms agreed to by the Parties. If there is any conflict between the terms, conditions and provisions of the Loan Documents and this Agreement, this Agreement shall prevail. No modification of this Agreement and/or the Loan Documents shall be effective unless in writing and signed by the applicable Parties to be bound thereby.
- 14. Represented by Counsel. The Parties hereby represent to each other that they have reviewed this Agreement with competent legal counsel or voluntarily chose not to seek the advice of counsel, and that no Party shall deny the validity of this Agreement on the grounds that it did not understand the nature and consequences of this Agreement or did not have the advice of independent counsel or an opportunity to consult counsel prior to executing it. The Parties further acknowledge that, prior to the execution of this Agreement, each Party and each Party's respective counsel has had an adequate opportunity to make whatever investigation or inquiry any of them deems necessary or desirable with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement. The Parties have negotiated, read and approved the language of this Agreement, which language shall be construed in its entirety according to its fair meaning and not strictly for or against any of the Parties who have worked together in preparing the final version of this Agreement.
- 15. <u>Invalidity</u>. If any court of competent jurisdiction determines any provision of this Agreement or any of the Loan Documents to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, that portion shall be deemed severed from the rest, which shall remain in full force and effect as though the invalid, illegal or unenforceable portion had never been a part of this Agreement and/or the Loan Documents.
- Governing Law, Waiver of Jury Trial. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed according to the laws of the State of Texas without regard to any otherwise applicable principles of conflicts of laws. In the event of judicial proceedings relating to disputes arising under this Agreement, Borrowers agree that all issues (including defenses, cross-claims and counter-claims) shall be resolved by a judge and not a jury; and, therefore, Borrowers hereby (A) covenant and agree not to elect a trial by jury of any issue triable of right by a jury, and (B) waive any right to trial by jury fully to the extent that any such right will now or hereafter exist. This waiver of right to trial by jury is separately given, knowingly and voluntarily, by Borrowers, and this waiver is intended to encompass individually each instance and each issue as to which the right to a jury trial would otherwise accrue. Lender is hereby authorized and

requested to submit this Agreement to any court having jurisdiction over the subject matter and the Parties hereto, so as to serve as conclusive evidence of Borrowers' waiver of the right to jury trial. Further, Borrowers hereby certify that no representative or agent of Lender (including Lender's counsel) has represented, expressly or otherwise, to Borrowers that Lender will not seek to enforce this waiver of right to jury trial provision.

- 17. <u>Attorneys' Fees.</u> In the event of any lawsuit, arbitration, or Bankruptcy Proceeding involving the Indebtedness or disputes arising in connection with this Agreement, the prevailing Party is entitled to recover costs and reasonable attorneys' fees (including any reasonable allocated costs of inhouse counsel) incurred in connection with the lawsuit, arbitration, or Bankruptcy Proceeding.
- 18. <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns; provided, however, Borrowers may not transfer their rights under this Agreement, its exhibits, the Loan Documents. Lender may transfer its rights under this Agreement or the Loan Documents to any successor-in-interest at any time, including during the Forbearance Period.
- 19. <u>Further Default</u>. Except with respect to the Loan Defaults identified in the Forbearance Agreement, the failure of any Borrower or Guarantor to comply with any provision of this Agreement or with the terms and conditions of the Loan Documents (other than the Loan Defaults) after the date of this Agreement shall constitute an Event of Default and shall entitle Lender to exercise any and all of its rights and remedies under the Loan Documents and this Agreement.
- 20. <u>No Waiver</u>. No failure to exercise, and no delay in exercising any right, power or remedy hereunder or under any of the Loan Documents shall impair any right, power or remedy that Lender may have, nor shall such delay be construed to be a waiver of any of such rights, powers or remedies. No waiver of any default or breach of any Borrower or Guarantor shall be a waiver of any other default or breach or of any default or breach subsequently occurring. Lender shall not be deemed to have waived any right, power, or remedy except in writing signed by an officer of Lender expressly stating that it is a waiver of the same right, power or remedy.
- 21. <u>No Consent</u>. Lender makes no express or implied consent to any modifications of further forbearance involving any of the matters set forth in this Agreement or any other action of Lender. Lender's execution of this Agreement shall not constitute a waiver, either express or implied, of the requirement that any modification or further forbearance of the Loan Documents shall require the express written approval of Lender.
- 22. <u>Cumulative Remedies</u>. The rights and remedies of Lender under this Agreement and the Loan Documents are cumulative and not exclusive of any rights or remedies that Lender would otherwise have, and may be pursued at any time and from time to time and in such order as Lender shall determine in its sole and absolute discretion.
- 23. <u>Mutual Agreement</u>. The Parties hereto agree that the terms and provisions of this Agreement embody their mutual intent and that such terms and provisions are not to be construed more liberally in favor, or more strictly against, any Party. This Agreement shall not be construed as if it had been prepared by one of the Parties, but rather as if it had been prepared by all of the Parties.

- 24. <u>Time is of the Essence</u>. Time is of the essence of this Agreement and the Loan Documents.
- 25. <u>Headings</u>. Sections headings are for reference only and shall not affect the interpretation or meaning of any provision of this Agreement.
- 26. **Further Performance**. The Parties, whenever and as often as shall be requested by Lender, shall execute, acknowledge, and deliver, or cause to be executed, acknowledged, and delivered such further instruments and documents and to do any and all things as may be reasonably requested in order to carry out the intent and purpose of this Agreement, the Loan Documents.
- 27. **<u>Binding Effect.</u>** This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Parties and their respective successors and assigns.
- 28. <u>Counterparts and Execution</u>. This Agreement may be executed in multiple counterparts, each of which, when so executed, shall be deemed an original, but all such counterparts shall constitute but one and the same Agreement. This Agreement shall become effective upon execution of the Agreement by all Parties. This Agreement may be executed and transmitted electronically, including by email and facsimile, and such electronic signatures and copies shall have the force and effect of an original signature.
- 29. <u>Survival</u>. The representations, warranties, acknowledgements, and agreements set forth herein shall survive the date of this Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have entered into and caused this Agreement to be executed effective as of the date first set forth above.

	"LENDER"
DATED: July, 2021	Arizona Bank & Trust
	ByName:Title:
	"BORROWERS"
DATED: July, 2021	Fresh Acquisitions, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company
	By
	Name Title

DATED: July, 2021	Alamo Dynamic, LLC, a Texas limited liability company
	By
	NameTitle
DATED: July, 2021	FMP SA MANAGEMENT GROUP, LLC
	By
	Name
	Title
	"GUARANTORS"
DATED: July, 2021	ALAMO FURR'S, LLC
	By
	Name_
	Title
DATED: July, 2021	ALAMO FURR'S II, LLC
	By
	Name
	Title
DATED: July, 2021	ALLEN JONES
DATED: July, 2021	LARRY HARRIS
DATED: July , 2021	RACHEL HARRIS
DATED. July, 2021	RACHEL HARRIS

DATED: July, 2021	JASON KEMP
DATED: July, 2021	TARA KEMP
DATED: July, 2021	BRIAN PADILLA

Exhibit B

Committee Letter



1850 North Central Avenue, Suite 1400 Phoenix, AZ 85004-4568

TELEPHONE: 602-285-5000 FACSIMILE: 844-670-6009 http://www.dickinsonwright.com

CAROLYN J. JOHNSEN CJJohnsen@dickinsonwright.com 602-285-5040

July 9, 2021

VIA EMAIL (Jbrookner@ grayreed.com) Jason Brookner

Dear Jason:

After reviewing the Debtors' Schedules and Statement of Affairs filed May 26, 2021 and amended June 15, 2021, the Committee believes there may be a colorable claim against Arizona Bank & Trust ("ABT"). In particular, the Committee believes that payments from Fresh Acquisitions, LLC ("Fresh") to ABT of over \$300,000 within 90 days prior to the Fresh bankruptcy may be avoidable under Section 547 of the Bankruptcy Code.

As you know, under the Final Order (I) Authorizing the Debtors to (A) Obtain Postpetition Financing and (B) Utilize Cash Collateral, (II) Granting Liens and Superpriority Administrative Expense Claims, (III) Granting Adequate Protection (IV) Modifying the Automatic Stay, And (V) Granting Related Relief ("Final Order"), the Committee has until July 14, 2021 to challenge the Debtors Stipulations set forth in Paragraph C and the releases granted in Paragraph 23. The Final Order specifically does not grant standing for the Committee to file any necessary adversary proceeding in fulfillment of its obligation to challenge the Stipulations and Releases.

Clearly, the Debtors have stipulated away their ability to bring any actions against ABT. The purpose of this letter is to confirm that the Debtors are unable to bring any such actions against ABT and have no objection to the Committee's standing to pursue such claims. I will prepare a proposed agreed order to submit to the Court pursuant to *Louisiana World Exposition v Fed. Ins. Co.*, 858 F.2d 233 (5th Cir. 1988). Please let me know right away if acceptable.

Sincerely,

Carolyn J. Johnsen

Parolyn Johnson

CJJ:jmh 4845-2262-9873 v1 [97257-1]