

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PROOF OF CLAIM FORM

The instructions and definitions below are general explanations of the law. In certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy cases not filed voluntarily by the debtor, there may be exceptions to these general rules.

ITEMS TO BE COMPLETED IN PROOF OF CLAIM FORM (IF NOT ALREADY PROPERLY FILLED IN)

<p>Court, Name of Debtor, and Case Number: Use this proof of claim form only if you are asserting a claim against the Debtor, Taylor, Bean & Whitaker Mortgage Corp. If you received a notice of the case from the Claims Agent, BMC Group, some or all of this information may have been already completed.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; margin-top: 10px;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: left; padding: 2px;">DEBTOR</th> <th style="text-align: left; padding: 2px;">CASE NO</th> <th style="text-align: left; padding: 2px;">PETITION DATE</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Taylor, Bean & Whitaker Mortgage Corp.</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">3:09-bk-07047-JAF</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">8/24/2009</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Creditor's Name and Address: Fill in the name of the person or entity asserting a claim and the name and address of the person who should receive notices issued during the bankruptcy case. A separate space is provided for the payment address if it differs from the notice address. The creditor has a continuing obligation to keep the court informed of its current address. See Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure (FRBP) 2002(g).</p> <p>1. Amount of Claim as of Date Case Filed: State the total amount (in lawful US currency) owed to the creditor on the date of the Bankruptcy filing. Follow the instructions concerning whether to complete item 4. Check the box if interest or other charges are included in the claim.</p> <p>2. Basis for Claim: State the type of debt or how it was incurred. Examples include goods sold, money loaned, services performed, personal injury/wrongful death, car loan, mortgage note, and credit card.</p> <p>3. Last Four Digits of Any Number by Which Creditor Identifies Debtor: State only the last four digits of the debtor's account or other number used by the creditor to identify the debtor.</p> <p>3a. Debtor May Have Scheduled Account As: Use this space to report a change in the creditor's name, a transferred claim, or any other information that clarifies a difference between this proof of claim and the claim as scheduled by the debtor.</p> <p>4. Secured Claim: Check the appropriate box and provide the requested information if the claim is fully or partially secured. Skip this section if the claim is entirely unsecured. (See DEFINITIONS, below.)</p>	DEBTOR	CASE NO	PETITION DATE	Taylor, Bean & Whitaker Mortgage Corp.	3:09-bk-07047-JAF	8/24/2009	<p>State the type and the value of property that secures the claim, attach copies of lien documentation, and state annual interest rate and the amount past due on the claim as of the date of the bankruptcy filing.</p> <p>5. Amount of Claim Entitled to Priority Under 11 U.S.C. §507(a). If any portion of your claim falls in one or more of the listed categories, check the appropriate box(es) and state the amount entitled to priority. (See DEFINITIONS, below.) A claim may be partly priority and partly non-priority. For example, in some of the categories, the law limits the amount entitled to priority.</p> <p>6. Credits: An authorized signature on this proof of claim serves as an acknowledgment that when calculating the amount of the claim, the creditor gave the debtor credit for any payments received toward the debt.</p> <p>7. Supporting Documents: Attach to this proof of claim form redacted copies documenting the existence of the debt and of any lien securing the debt. You may also attach a summary if documentation is voluminous or an explanation if documentation is not available. You must also attach copies of documents that evidence perfection of any security interest. You may also attach a summary. FRBP 3001(c) and (d). Do not send original documents, as attachments may be destroyed after scanning.</p> <p>Date and Signature: The person filing this proof of claim <u>must</u> sign and date it. FRBP 9011. Print the name and title, if any, of the creditor or other person authorized to file this claim. State the filer's address and telephone number if it differs from the address given on the top of the form for purposes of receiving notices. Attach a complete copy of any power of attorney. Criminal penalties apply for making a false statement on a proof of claim.</p> <p>Date-Stamped Copy: Return claim form and attachments. If you wish to receive an acknowledgement of your claim, please enclose a self-addressed stamped envelope and a second copy of the proof of claim form with any attachments to the Claims Agent, BMC Group, at the address on the front of this form.</p> <p><i>Please read – important information: upon completion of this claim form, you are certifying that the statements herein are true.</i></p> <p>Be sure all items are answered on the claim form. If not applicable, insert "Not Applicable."</p>
DEBTOR	CASE NO	PETITION DATE					
Taylor, Bean & Whitaker Mortgage Corp.	3:09-bk-07047-JAF	8/24/2009					

DEFINITIONS

DEBTOR
A debtor is the person, corporation, or other entity that has filed a bankruptcy case.

CREDITOR
A creditor is any person, corporation, or other entity to whom the debtor owed a debt on the date that the bankruptcy case was filed.

CLAIM
A claim is the creditor's right to receive payment on a debt that was owed by the debtor on the date of the bankruptcy filing. See 11 U.S.C. §101 (5). A claim may be secured or unsecured.

PROOF OF CLAIM
A form telling the bankruptcy court how much the debtor owed a creditor at the time the bankruptcy case was filed (the amount of the creditor's claim). This form must be filed with the court-appointed Claims Agent, BMC Group, at the address listed on the reverse side of this page

SECURED CLAIM Under 11 U.S.C. §506(a)
A secured claim is one backed by a lien on property of the debtor. The claim is secured so long as the creditor has the right to be paid from the property prior to other creditors.

The amount of the secured claim cannot exceed the value of the property. Any amount owed to the creditor in excess of the value of the property is an unsecured claim. Examples of liens on property include a mortgage on real estate or a security interest in a car.

A lien may be voluntarily granted by a debtor or may be obtained through a court proceeding. In some states, a court judgment is a lien. A claim also may be secured if the creditor owes the debtor money (has a right to setoff).

UNSECURED NONPRIORITY CLAIM
If a claim is not a secured claim it is an unsecured claim. A claim may be partly secured and partly unsecured if the property on which a creditor has a lien is not worth enough to pay the creditor in full.

UNSECURED PRIORITY CLAIM Under 11 U.S.C. §507(a)
Priority claims are certain categories of unsecured claims that are paid from the available money or property in a bankruptcy case before other unsecured claims.

Evidence of Perfection
Evidence of perfection may include a mortgage, lien, certificate of title, financing statement, or other

INFORMATION

document showing that the lien has been filed or recorded.

Redacted
A document has been redacted when the person filing it has masked, edited out, or otherwise deleted, certain information. A creditor should redact and use only the last four digits of any social-security, individual's tax-identification, or financial-account number, all but the initials of a minor's name and only the year of any person's date of birth.

Offers to Purchase a Claim
Certain entities are in the business of purchasing claims for an amount less than the face value of the claims. One or more of these entities may contact the creditor and offer to purchase the claim. Some of the written communications from these entities may easily be confused with official court documentation or communications from the debtor. These entities do not represent the bankruptcy court or the debtor. The creditor has no obligation to sell its claim. However, if the creditor decides to sell its claim, any transfer of such claim is subject to FRBP 3001(e), any applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C. § 101 et seq.), and any applicable orders of the bankruptcy court.

ONCE YOUR CLAIM IS FILED YOU CAN OBTAIN OR VERIFY YOUR CLAIM NUMBER BY VISITING www.bmcgroup.com/tbw/mortgage

Ronald E. Osman & Associates, Ltd.

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July 21, 2010

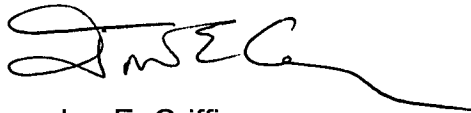
BMC Group, Inc.
Attn: Taylor, Bean & Whitacre Mortgage Corp. Claim Processing
P.O. Box 3020
Chanhassen, MN 55317-3020

To Whom It May Concern:

Enclosed please find Amended Proof of Claim for creditor, The Bank of Herrin, to be filed. After filing, please return filed copy to me in the enclosed envelope.

Than you for your assistance in this matter.

Very truly yours,



Jon E. Griffin
Legal Assistant

/jeg
enclosure
cc: Gary Willis w/encl.