

**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO
EASTERN DIVISION**

----- X
In re: : Case No. 06-51848
: (Jointly Administered)
CEP HOLDINGS, LLC, et al.,¹ :
: Chapter 11
Debtors. :
: Honorable Marilyn Shea-Stonum
: :
: Hearing Date: 1/16/07 at 9:30 a.m.
: Objection Deadline: 1/14/07 at 4:00 p.m.
----- X

**MOTION OF DEBTORS AND DEBTORS IN
POSSESSION, PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 105(a) AND 365 OF
THE BANKRUPTCY CODE AND BANKRUPTCY RULE 6006, FOR
ENTRY OF AN ORDER AUTHORIZING THEM TO REJECT AN
UNEXPIRED REAL PROPERTY LEASE AS OF DECEMBER 18, 2006**

CEP Holdings, LLC and its affiliated debtors and debtors in possession (each a “**Debtor**” and collectively, the “**Debtors**” or “**CEP**”) in the above-captioned Chapter 11 cases (the “**Cases**”), hereby move (the “**Motion**”), pursuant to sections 105(a) and 365 of title 11 of the United States Code (the “**Bankruptcy Code**”) and Rule 6006 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (the “**Bankruptcy Rules**”), for entry of an order authorizing them to reject the unexpired real property lease attached hereto as **Exhibit A** (the “**Lease**”), by and between Creative Engineered Polymer Products LLC (“**CEPP**”) and SIJL Development Company, L.L.C. (the “**Lessor**”), effective as of December 18, 2006. In support of the Motion, the Debtors respectfully represent as follows:

¹ The Debtors are: CEP Holdings, LLC, Creative Engineered Polymer Products, LLC and Thermoplastics Acquisition, LLC.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1. The Court has jurisdiction over this Motion pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and 1334. Consideration of the Motion is a core proceeding pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2).
2. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409.
3. The statutory predicates for the relief requested herein are sections 105(a) and 365 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 6006.

BACKGROUND

4. On September 20, 2006 (the “**Petition Date**”), each Debtor filed a voluntary petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. Pursuant to an order entered by the Court on September 26, 2006, the Cases are being jointly administered for procedural purposes only.
5. The Debtors are operating their businesses as debtors in possession pursuant to sections 1107 and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code. On September 28, 2006, the United States Trustee appointed an official committee of unsecured creditors. No trustee or examiner has been appointed.
6. On December 12, 2006, the Debtors filed the *Motion of Debtors and Debtors in Possession, Pursuant to Sections 501 and 502 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rules 2002 and 3003(c), for an Order Establishing Bar Dates for Filing Proofs of Claim and Approving Form and Manner of Notice Thereof* (Docket No. 280) (the “**Bar Date Motion**”).
7. On December 15, 2006, upon consideration of the Bar Date Motion, the Court entered the *Order, Pursuant to Sections 501 and 502 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rules 2002 and 3003(c)(3), Establishing Bar Dates for Filing Proofs of Claim and Approving Form and Manner of Notice Thereof* (Docket No. 284) (the “**Bar Date Order**”).

8. Under the Bar Date Order, the time period by which holders of claims arising from the rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease in these Cases is the earlier of: (a) the date that is 30 days after the effective date of rejection identified in the notice of rejection or order authorizing rejection with respect to such executory contract or unexpired lease; or (b) the date that is 30 days following the effective date of any plan of reorganization confirmed by the Court in these Cases (the “**Rejection Bar Date**”). Bar Date Order at ¶ 8.

RELIEF REQUESTED

9. By this Motion, the Debtors seek the entry of an order, pursuant to sections 105(a) and 365 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 6006, authorizing the Debtors to reject the Lease effective as of December 18, 2006 or the date of this Motion.

FACTS RELEVANT TO THIS MOTION

10. Prior to the Petition Date, on February 6, 2006, CEPP entered into the Lease with the Lessor in order to obtain office space for CEPP’s research and development team and CEPP’s sales team. To this end, CEPP leased a portion of an office building located in Livonia, Michigan, commonly known as 31577 Schoolcraft Rd., Ste 100, Livonia, MI 48150, consisting of approximately 8,645 square feet (as more fully described in the Lease, the “**Leased Property**”). The term of the Lease commenced on April 1, 2006 and is set to expire on March 31, 2009. Under the Lease, CEPP is required to pay basic monthly rent of \$7,925.00 and its pro rata share of the taxes, common area costs, insurance premiums and other operating costs.

11. Because the Debtors’ operations essentially have ceased, the Debtors have no need for CEPP’s research and development team or CEPP’s sales team and, therefore, no need for the Leased Property. As of the date of this Motion, CEPP has completely vacated the Leased Premises and has surrendered possession of the Leased Property to the Lessor. By this Motion, the Debtors seek to reject the Lease to stop the accrual of postpetition rent claims under section

365(d)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code.² The continued payment of rent under the Lease is economically burdensome and constitutes an unnecessary drain on the assets of the Debtors' estates. The Debtors further believe that the Lease has no realizable market value for assignment to a third party given market conditions in Livonia, Michigan.

12. Accordingly, the Leased Property no longer is necessary to the Debtors' businesses and it is in the Debtors' best interest to extinguish any continuing obligations under the Lease. As a result, in the exercise of their business judgment, the Debtors seek to reject the Lease. Because CEPP already has surrendered the Leased Property back to the Lessor, it is equitable and appropriate that the rejection of the Lease be effective as of December 18, 2006 or the date of this Motion.

ARGUMENT

A. Rejection of the Lease Is Warranted Under Section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code

13. Rejection of the Lease is warranted under section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code. Section 365(a) of the Bankruptcy Code provides that a debtor, "subject to the court's approval, may assume or reject any executory contract or unexpired lease." 11 U.S.C. § 365(a).

14. Courts routinely approve motions to assume, assume and assign or reject executory contracts or unexpired leases upon a showing that the debtor's decision to take such action will benefit the debtor's estate and is an exercise of sound business judgment. *See NLRB v. Bildisco & Bildisco*, 465 U.S. 513, 523 (1984) (stating that the traditional standard applied by courts to authorize the rejection of an executory contract is that of "business judgment"); *Phar-Mor, Inc. v. Strouss Bldg. Assocs.*, 204 B.R. 948, 951-52 (Bankr. N.D. Ohio 1997)

² The Debtors hereby reserve their rights to object to any claims that may be asserted by the Lessor under sections 365 and 502 of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise.

(“Whether an executory contract is ‘favorable’ or ‘unfavorable’ is left to the sound business judgment of the debtor.”); *In re Beare Co.*, 177 B.R. 879, 882 (Bankr. W.D. Tenn. 1994) (considering whether the debtor’s decision to assume a contract under section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code was “an exercise of ‘reasonable business judgment’”); *accord Orion Pictures Corp. v. Showtime Networks, Inc. (In re Orion Pictures Corp.)*, 4 F.3d 1095, 1099 (2d Cir. 1993) (stating that section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code “permits the trustee or debtor-in-possession, subject to the approval of the bankruptcy court, to go through the inventory of executory contracts of the debtor and decide which ones it would be beneficial to adhere to and which ones it would be beneficial to reject.”); *In re Market Square Inn, Inc.*, 978 F.2d 116, 121 (3d Cir. 1992) (stating that “[t]he resolution of this issue of assumption or rejection will be a matter of business judgment by the bankruptcy court”).

15. Courts generally will not second-guess a debtor’s business judgment concerning the assumption or rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease. *See Phar-Mor, Inc.*, 204 B.R. at 952 (“Courts should generally defer to a debtor’s decision whether to reject an executory contract.”); *accord Lubrizol Enters., Inc. v. Richmond Metal Finishers, Inc. (In re Richmond Metal Finishers, Inc.)*, 756 F.2d, 1043, 1047 (4th Cir. 1985) (explaining that, under the business judgment test, “courts should defer to — should not interfere with — decisions of corporate directors upon matters entrusted to their business judgment except upon a finding of bad faith or gross abuse of their ‘business discretion.’”).

16. The “business judgment” test is not a strict standard — it merely requires a showing that either assumption or rejection of the executory contract or unexpired lease will benefit the debtor’s estate. *See, e.g., In re Federated Dep’t Stores, Inc.*, 131 B.R. 808, 812 (S.D. Ohio 1991) (finding that in authorizing a debtor’s rejection of an unexpired lease, a “bankruptcy

court ‘need determine only whether disaffirmance would be advantageous to the debtor.’”); *In re Holly’s, Inc.*, 140 B.R. 643, 680 (Bankr. W.D. Mich. 1992) (stating that a debtor may reject an executory contract that is “burdensome” to the estate based upon the “Debtor’s business judgment”); *In re Pesce Baking Co.*, 43 B.R. 949, 956 (Bankr. N.D. Ohio 1984) (“A court will approve the rejection of an executory contract under the business judgment test if rejection would benefit the debtor's estate.”).

17. Here, rejecting the Lease constitutes a reasonable exercise of the Debtors’ business judgment. This is a liquidating Chapter 11 case. As described above, the Leased Property is not necessary to the Debtors’ businesses, the rent under the Lease is economically burdensome and wasteful of estate resources and the Lease does not appear to have any market value that could be captured by the Debtors’ estates. As such, rejection of the Lease is appropriate and is in the best interests of the Debtors and their estates and other parties in interest.

B. Rejection Should Be Effective as of December 18, 2006 or as of the Date of the Filing of this Motion

18. The approval of the proposed rejection of the Lease as of the date of the filing of this Motion is warranted under the circumstances. It is well established that where the principles of equity so dictate, a bankruptcy court may approve the rejection of a nonresidential real property lease under section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code effective to the motion filing date. *See Pacific Shores Dev., LLC v. At Home Corp. (In re At Home Corp.)*, 392 F.3d 1064, 1072 (9th Cir. 2004) (holding that a bankruptcy court has the authority to approve the rejection of a nonresidential real property lease retroactive to the motion filing date); *Thinking Machines Corp. v. Mellon Fin. Servs. (In re Thinking Machines Corp.)*, 67 F.3d 1021, 1028 (1st Cir. 1995) (same); *In re CCI Wireless, LLC*, 279 B.R. 590 (Bankr. D. Colo. 2002) (same). “To grant nunc

pro tunc rejection, the Debtors must have stated an unequivocal intent to reject the leases.” *In re Fleming Cos.*, 304 B.R. 85, 96 (Bankr. D. Del. 2003).

19. Here, rejection of the Lease retroactive to the filing date of this Motion is warranted under the circumstances. First, as set forth above, CEPP has surrendered possession of Leased Property to the Lessor. *See, e.g., At Home Corp.*, 392 F.3d at 1074 (affirming the bankruptcy court’s decision to approve rejection retroactive to the motion filing date where the debtor did not occupy the leased premises on the motion filing date and stating, “most cases approving the rejection of a lease retroactively to the motion date highlight the fact that the debtor has vacated the premises”); *CCI Wireless, LLC*, 279 B.R. at 595 (approving rejection retroactive to the motion filing date where “most or perhaps all of the leased premises were vacated before, on or shortly after the date of filing”).

20. Second, the Debtors have stated their unequivocal intent to reject the Lease. Because the Debtors are in the process of liquidating their assets, there is no chance that the Debtors will decide to assume the Lease subsequent to the filing of this Motion. Finally, rejection of the Lease retroactive to the filing date of the Motion will prevent the Debtors from incurring additional liability for administrative rent that is unrelated to the Debtors’ use of the Leased Property and, thus, is not beneficial to the Debtors’ estates. Accordingly, rejection of the Lease retroactive to the filing date of this Motion is warranted under the circumstances.

21. Additionally, because the Debtors propose that the rejection of the Lease be effective as of the date of this Motion, the Debtors move that the Lessor have until 30 days from the entry of the proposed Order, attached hereto as **Exhibit B**, to file a proof of claim, if any, for any claims arising from the rejection of the Lease. This will prevent the Lessor from suffering

any prejudice under the Bar Date Order on account of the proposed retroactive rejection of the Lease.³

NOTICE

22. Notice of the Motion has been given to the parties listed on the Core Group and the 2002 Service List maintained by the Debtors and any other parties in interest directly affected by this Motion, including the Lessor.

23. No prior request for the relief sought in this Motion has been made to this or any other Court.

³ Absent this relief, the Lessor would have until January 17, 2007, or 1 day after the hearing on this Motion, to file a proof of claim for claims arising out of the rejection of the Lease. *See* Bar Date Order at ¶ 8.

CONCLUSION

WHEREFORE, the Debtors respectfully request that the Court (a) enter an order substantially in the form attached hereto as **Exhibit B**, granting the relief requested herein; and (b) grant such other and further relief to the Debtors as the Court may deem proper.

Dated: December 18, 2006
Cleveland, OH

CEP HOLDINGS, LLC, et al.,
Debtors and Debtors-in-Possession

By: /s/ Joseph F. Hutchinson, Jr.
One of Their Attorneys

Joseph F. Hutchinson, Jr. (0018210)
Thomas M. Wearsch (0078403)
Eric R. Goodman (0076035)
BAKER & HOSTETLER LLP
3200 National City Center
1900 East 9th Street
Cleveland, Ohio 44114-3485
Phone: 216.621.0200
Fax: 216.696.0740

Counsel for the Debtors and Debtors-in-Possession