

**IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

In re:

SHARITY MINISTRIES, INC.,¹

Debtor.

Chapter 11

Case No.: 21-11001 (JTD)

Ref. No. 315

**FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND ORDER (I) APPROVING
THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ON A FINAL BASIS AND (II) CONFIRMING
THE PLAN OF LIQUIDATION OF SHARITY MINISTRIES, INC.
PURSUANT TO CHAPTER 11 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE**

The above-captioned debtor and debtor-in-possession (the “Debtor”) having:

- a. filed, on October 1, 2021, the *Combined Disclosure Statement* (“Disclosure Statement”) and *Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation of Sharity Ministries Inc.* (the “Plan,” and together with the Disclosure Statement, the “Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement”) [D.I. 223] (as further modified, supplemented and amended including all attachments and exhibits thereto);²
- b. filed, on October 12, 2021, a revised version of the Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement [D.I. 254];
- c. filed, on October 14, 2021, the solicitation version of the Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement [D.I. 264];
- d. filed, on October 14, 2021, the *Notice of (A) Interim Approval of the Disclosure Statement and (B) Combined Hearing to Consider Final Approval of the Disclosure Statement and Confirmation of the Plan and the Objection Deadline Related Thereto* [D.I. 265] (the “Confirmation Notice”);
- e. distributed solicitations materials, including the ballot for voting on the Plan (the “Ballot”) on or about October 20 and October 21, 2021 in the form approved in that certain *Order (I) Approving the Disclosure Statement on an Interim Basis; (II) Scheduling a Combined Hearing on Final Approval of the Disclosure Statement and Plan Confirmation and Deadlines Related Thereto; (III) Approving the Solicitation, Notice and Tabulation Procedures and the Forms Related Thereto; and (IV) Granting Related Relief* [D.I. 263] (the “Interim”

¹ The last four digits of the Debtor’s federal tax identification number is 0344. The Debtor’s mailing address is 821 Atlanta Street, Suite 124, Roswell, GA 30075.

² Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Plan. The rules of interpretation set forth in Article II.B of the Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement shall apply to this order (the “Confirmation Order”).

Approval/Procedures Order”), to holders of Claims and Interests and parties in interest, in compliance with the procedures contained in the Interim Approval/Procedures Order, title 11 of the United States Code (as amended, the “Bankruptcy Code”), and the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (the “Bankruptcy Rules”), as set forth in the *Certificate of Service re (1) Hearing on Final Approval of the Disclosure Statement and Plan Confirmation; (2) Plan Solicitation; (3) Extended General Bar Date; and (4) Member Noticing [Related D.I. 263, 264, 265, 209 and 160]* (and any supplements thereto), dated October 29, 2021 [D.I. 284] (the “Certificate of Service”);

- f. filed, on November 24, 2021, the *Declaration of Tinamarie Feil Regarding Voting and Tabulation of Ballots for the Combined Disclosure Statement and Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation of Sharity Ministries Inc.* [D.I. 312] (the “Voting Certification”);
- g. filed, on November 29, 2021, the revised *Combined Disclosure Statement and Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation of Sharity Ministries Inc.* [D.I. 315]
- h. filed, on November 29, 2021, the *Declaration of Neil F. Luria in Support of Confirmation of the Combined Disclosure Statement and Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation of Sharity Ministries Inc.* [D.I. 316]; and
- i. filed, on November 30, 2021, the *Debtor’s Memorandum of Law in Support of (A) Final Approval of the Disclosure Statement; and (B) Confirmation of the Plan* [D.I. 319] (the “Confirmation Brief”);

The United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the “Bankruptcy Court”) having:

- a. entered the Interim Approval/Procedures Order on October 14, 2021;
- b. by the Interim Approval/Procedures Order set the deadline to object to confirmation of the Plan and final approval of the Disclosure Statement as November 22, 2021, at 4:00 p.m. prevailing Eastern Time and the Plan voting deadline as November 22, 2021, at 5:00 p.m. prevailing Eastern Time;
- c. reviewed the Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Brief, the Voting Certification, and all other pleadings, exhibits, statements, affidavits, declarations and comments regarding Confirmation of the Plan, including all objections, statements and reservations of rights made with respect thereto;
- d. heard the statements, arguments and objections, if any, made by counsel and parties in interest in respect of final approval of the Disclosure Statement and Confirmation of the Plan;

- e. considered all oral representations, testimony, documents, filings and other evidence regarding final approval of the Disclosure Statement and Confirmation of the Plan;
- f. overruled any and all objections to final approval of the Disclosure Statement, the Plan and Confirmation thereof and all statements and reservations of rights not consensually resolved or withdrawn unless otherwise indicated in this Confirmation Order or on the record at the Confirmation Hearing; and
- g. taken judicial notice of the papers and pleadings filed in this chapter 11 case (the "Chapter 11 Case").

NOW, THEREFORE, it appearing to the Bankruptcy Court that notice of the Confirmation Hearing and the opportunity for any party in interest to object to final approval of the Disclosure Statement and Confirmation of the Plan have been adequate and appropriate as to all entities affected or to be affected by the Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement and the transactions contemplated thereby, that the legal and factual bases set forth in the documents filed in support of final approval of the Disclosure Statement and Confirmation of the Plan and presented at the Confirmation Hearing establish just cause for the relief granted herein, and that after due deliberation thereon and good cause appearing therefore, the Bankruptcy Court hereby makes and issues the following findings of fact, conclusions of law, and orders:

FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

A. Findings and Conclusions. The findings and conclusions set forth herein and on the record of the Confirmation Hearing constitute the Bankruptcy Court's findings of fact and conclusions of law pursuant to rule 52 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, as made applicable herein by Bankruptcy Rules 7052 and 9014. To the extent any of the following findings of fact constitute conclusions of law, they are adopted as such. To the extent any of the following conclusions of law constitute findings of fact, they are adopted as such.

B. Jurisdiction, Venue, Core Proceeding (28 U.S.C. §§ 157(b)(2), 1334(a)). The Bankruptcy Court has jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Case pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and

1334, and the *Amended Standing Order of Reference* from the United States District Court for the District of Delaware, dated as of February 29, 2012. Approval of the Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement is a core proceeding pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157(b) and the Bankruptcy Court has jurisdiction to enter a final order with respect thereto. Venue was proper as of the Petition Date and is proper before the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409.

C. Eligibility for Relief. The Debtor qualifies as a “debtor” under Bankruptcy Code section 109. As such, the Debtor is the proper proponents of the Plan.

D. Commencement of this Chapter 11 Case. On July 8, 2021 (the “Petition Date”), the Debtor commenced the Chapter 11 Case by filing a voluntary petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtor continues to operate its business and manage its properties as debtor-in-possession, pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 1107(a) and 1108. As of the date hereof, no trustee or examiner has been appointed in this Chapter 11 Case. On August 20, 2021, the U.S. Trustee appointed the Official Committee of Members.³

E. Judicial Notice. The Bankruptcy Court takes judicial notice of the docket of the Debtor’s Chapter 11 Case maintained by the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court, including all pleadings and other documents filed, all orders entered, and all evidence and arguments made, proffered, or adduced at the hearings held before the Bankruptcy Court during the pendency of this Chapter 11 Case.

F. Claims Bar Date. On July 14, 2021, the Debtor filed the *Notice of Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Case* [D.I. 49] (“Notice of Commencement”) providing notice of the general bar date

³ Pursuant to the *Stipulation to (I) Withdraw Subchapter V Election, and (II) Grant Related Relief* (the “Stipulation”), as approved by the Court’s October 4, 2021, *Order Approving Stipulation to (I) Withdraw Subchapter V Election, and (II) Grant Related Relief* [D.I. 229] (the “Subchapter V Stipulation Order”) the Official Committee of Members was then deemed to be the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors.

of September 7, 2021 (the “General Bar Date”), for filing proofs of claim and a governmental bar date of January 4, 2022, as established by this Court’s General Order dated September 14, 2020.⁴ On September 23, 2021, the Court entered the *Order (I) Extending the General Bar Date for Filing Proofs of Claim, and (II) Approving the Manner of Notice Thereof* [D.I. 209] (the “Bar Date Order”). Pursuant to the Bar Date Order, the Court extended the General Bar Date to January 4, 2022. Pursuant to paragraph 17 herein, this Order will establish the Administrative Claims Bar Date.

G. Burden of Proof. The Debtor has the burden of proving the elements of Bankruptcy Code sections 1129(a) and (b) by a preponderance of the evidence. The Debtor has met its burden with respect to each applicable element of Bankruptcy Code section 1129. Each witness who testified on behalf of the Debtor at or in connection with the Confirmation Hearing was credible, reliable, and qualified to testify as to the topics addressed in his or her testimony.

Adequacy of the Disclosure Statement

H. The Disclosure Statement. The information contained in the Disclosure Statement contained extensive material information regarding the Debtor so that parties entitled to vote on the Plan could make informed decisions regarding the Plan. Additionally, the Disclosure Statement contains adequate information within the meaning of Bankruptcy Code section 1125 and complies with any additional requirements of the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rules, and applicable non-bankruptcy law. Specifically, but without limitation, the Disclosure Statement complies with the requirements of Bankruptcy Rule 3016(c) by sufficiently describing in specific and conspicuous bold language the provisions of the Plan that provide for

⁴ By Standing Order of the Court, in all chapter 11 cases filed in this district where the debtor elects to proceed under subchapter V, the general bar date is sixty (60) days after the order for relief and the governmental bar date is one-hundred eighty (180) days after the order for relief. *See General Order – Order Setting Proof of Claim Bar Dates in All Cases Under Subchapter V of Chapter 11*, dated September 14, 2020

releases and injunctions against conduct not otherwise enjoined under the Bankruptcy Code and sufficiently identifies the persons and entities that are subject to the releases and injunctions. The Debtor's use of the Disclosure Statement to solicit votes to accept or reject the Plan was authorized by the Interim Approval/Procedures Order and was appropriate. Solicitation of votes on the Plan was in compliance with the Interim Approval/Procedures Order.

The Solicitation Process

I. Solicitation. Each of the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the Ballots and the Confirmation Notice were transmitted and served in compliance with the Bankruptcy Rules, including Bankruptcy Rules 3017 and 3018, the Local Rules of Bankruptcy Practice and Procedure of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the "Local Rules"), and the Interim Approval/Procedures Order. The form of the Ballot adequately addresses the particular needs of this Chapter 11 Case and is appropriate for the holders of Claims in Class 3 (Member Claims for Post-July 8, 2021 Payments), Class 4 (Member Claims and General Unsecured Claims) and Class 5 (Governmental Fines and Penalty Claims) – the Classes of Claims entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. The period during which the Debtor solicited acceptances to the Plan was a reasonable period of time for holders to make an informed decision to accept or reject the Plan, and was in accordance with the Interim Approval/Procedures Order, and in compliance with the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, the Local Rules, and any applicable non-bankruptcy law, rule, or regulation. The Debtor was not required to solicit votes from the holders of Claims or Interests in Class 1 (Miscellaneous Secured Claims), Class 2 (Priority Non-Tax Claims) or Class 6 (Section 510(c) Claims) as these Classes and Interests are (i) unimpaired under the Plan, and thus, the holders of such Claims or Interests are deemed to have accepted the Plan; or (ii) not receiving or retaining

any property under the Plan, and thus, the holders of such Claims or Interests are deemed to reject the Plan. As described in and as evidenced by the Certificate of Service, the transmittal and service of the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the Ballot, and the Confirmation Notice (the “Solicitation”) were timely, adequate and sufficient under the circumstances.

J. Notice. All parties required to be given notice of the Confirmation Hearing (including the deadline for filing and serving objections to confirmation of the Plan) were served with the Confirmation Notice and have been given due, proper, timely, and adequate notice in accordance with the Interim Approval/Procedures Order and in compliance with the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, the Local Rules, and any applicable non-bankruptcy law, rule, or regulation, and such parties have had an opportunity to appear and be heard with respect thereto. No other or further notice or resolicitation is required.

K. Good Faith Solicitation. Based on the record before the Bankruptcy Court in this Chapter 11 Case, the Debtor, its current officers, directors, employees and agents and their respective attorneys, financial advisors, investment bankers, accountants, and other professionals retained by such persons have acted in “good faith” within the meaning of Bankruptcy Code section 1125(e) in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Interim Approval/Procedures Order, the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, the Local Rules, and any applicable non-bankruptcy law, rule, or regulation governing the adequacy of disclosure in connection with all their respective activities relating to the solicitation of acceptances to the Plan and their participation in the activities described in Bankruptcy Code section 1125 and are entitled to the protections afforded by Bankruptcy Code section 1125(e) and, to the extent such parties are listed therein, the exculpation provisions set forth in Article XIV.A of the Plan.

L. Voting. As evidenced by the Voting Certification, votes to accept or reject the Plan have been solicited and tabulated fairly, in good faith, and in a manner consistent with the Plan, the Interim Approval/Procedures Order, the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, the Local Rules and any applicable non-bankruptcy law, rule, or regulation. As set forth in the Voting Certification, Classes 3, 4 and 5 voted to accept the Plan. Based on the foregoing, and as evidenced by the Voting Certification, at least one Impaired Class of Claims has voted to accept the Plan in accordance with the requirements of Bankruptcy Code sections 1124 and 1126.

M. Exculpation and Injunction. The exculpation and injunction provisions set forth in Article XIV of the Plan and as modified (as applicable) and implemented by this Confirmation Order, are fair, equitable, reasonable and in the best interests of the Debtor, its Estate, Creditors and Interest holders. The record of the Confirmation Hearing and this Chapter 11 Case is sufficient to support the exculpation and injunction provisions provided for in Article XIV of the Plan.

Compliance with the Requirements of Bankruptcy Code Section 1129

N. Plan Compliance with the Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(1)). The Plan complies with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code and, as required by Bankruptcy Rule 3016, the Plan is dated and identifies the Debtor as the proponent of the Plan, thereby satisfying Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(1).

(i) Proper Classification (11 U.S.C. §§ 1122, 1123(a)(1)). With the exception of Administrative Expense Claims (including Professional Fee Claims) and Priority Tax Claims, which need not be classified, Article VI of the Plan classifies six (6) Classes of Claims and Interests in the Debtor. The Claims and Interests placed in each Class are substantially similar to the other Claims and Interests, as the case may be, in each such Class. Valid business, factual,

and legal reasons exist for separately classifying the various Classes of Claims and Interests created under the Plan, and such Classes do not unfairly discriminate between holders of Claims and Interests. Accordingly, the Plan satisfies Bankruptcy Code sections 1122 and 1123(a)(1).

(ii) Unimpaired Classes Specified (11 U.S.C. § 1123(a)(2)). Article VI of the Plan specifies that Claims or Interests in Class 1 (Miscellaneous Secured Claims) and Class 2 (Priority Non-Tax Claims) (collectively referenced as the “Unimpaired Classes”) are unimpaired under the Plan within the meaning of Bankruptcy Code section 1124, thereby satisfying Bankruptcy Code section 1123(a)(2).

(iii) Specified Treatment of Impaired Class (11 U.S.C. § 1123(a)(3)). Article VI of the Plan designates Claims in Class 3 (Member Claims for Post-July 8, 2021 Payments), Class 4 (Member Claims and General Unsecured Claims), Class 5 (Governmental Fines and Penalty Claims), and Class 6 (Section 510(c) Claims) (the “Impaired Classes”) as impaired within the meaning of Bankruptcy Code section 1124 and Article VII of the Plan clearly specifies the treatment of such Claims in that Class, thereby satisfying Bankruptcy Code section 1123(a)(3).

(iv) No Discrimination (11 U.S.C. § 1123(a)(4)). The Plan provides for the same treatment for each Claim or Interest in each respective Class thereby satisfying Bankruptcy Code section 1123(a)(4).

(v) Adequate Means for Plan Implementation (11 U.S.C. § 1123(a)(5)). The Plan provides adequate and proper means for the implementation of the Plan, including, without limitation, (i) creation of the Liquidating Trust; and (ii) the procedures for making distributions to holders of Allowed Claims and Interests. Accordingly, the Plan satisfies Bankruptcy Code section 1123(a)(5).

(vi) Prohibition of Issuance of Non-Voting Securities (11 U.S.C. § 1123(a)(6)). Bankruptcy Code section 1123(a)(6) does not apply to the Plan because the Debtor does not propose to issue any non-voting equity securities under the Plan and any charter of the Debtor will, after the Effective Date, no longer be valid and existing.

(vii) Designation of Officers, Directors or Trustees (11 U.S.C. § 1123(a)(7)). The Plan appoints the Liquidating Trustee as the sole Trustee of the Liquidating Trust, who was selected by the Member Committee with input from the Governmental Units holding Allowed Governmental Fines and Penalty Claims, consistent with the interests of creditors and with public policy as required by Bankruptcy Code section 1123(a)(7).

(viii) Earnings from Personal Services (11 U.S.C. § 1123(a)(8)). Bankruptcy Code section 1123(a)(8) applies only to individual debtors and is not applicable to this Chapter 11 Case.

(ix) Impairment/Unimpairment of Classes of Claims and Interests (11 U.S.C. § 1123(b)(1)). As permitted by Bankruptcy Code section 1123(b)(1), pursuant to Articles VI and VII of the Plan, Claims or Interests in the Impaired Classes are impaired and, pursuant to Articles VI and VII of the Plan, Claims in the Unimpaired Classes, are unimpaired.

(x) Assumption and Rejection (11 U.S.C. § 1123(b)(2)). As permitted by Bankruptcy Code section 1123(b)(2) and Article XII of the Plan, all executory contracts and unexpired leases, except as set forth in Article XII.A of the Plan, shall be deemed rejected as of the upon entry of this Confirmation Order. Rejection of these executory contracts and unexpired leases pursuant to the Plan satisfies the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 365, and is expressly authorized by Bankruptcy Code section 1123(b)(2). The Debtor has exercised reasonable business judgment in determining to reject the executory contracts and unexpired

leases to be rejected under the Plan. The rejection of each executory contract or unexpired lease rejected under the Plan shall be binding on the Debtor and each non-debtor party to each such executory contract or unexpired lease.

(xi) Additional Plan Provisions (11 U.S.C. § 1123(b)(6)). As permitted by Bankruptcy Code section 1123(b)(6), the Plan includes other appropriate provisions not inconsistent with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, including, without limitation, certain exculpation and injunction provisions in Article XIV of the Plan. Based upon the facts and circumstances of this Chapter 11 Case, the exculpation and injunction provisions in the Plan, including those forth in Article XIV.A and XIV.B of the Plan (to the extent modified herein), are fair, equitable, and reasonable, are supported by sufficient and valuable consideration, are an integral component of compromises and settlements underlying the Plan, are necessary for the realization of value for stakeholders, are the product of extensive arm's length negotiations, were necessary to the formation of the consensus embodied in the Plan documents, are in the best interests of the Debtor and its Estate, Creditors, and Interest holders, and are, in light of the foregoing, appropriate. The failure to implement the exculpation and injunction provisions would seriously impair the Debtor's ability to confirm and consummate the Plan, and would possibly lead to the conversion of the Debtor's Chapter 11 Case to a case under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. Each of the Exculpated Parties afforded value to the Debtor's and aided in the plan process. Each of the Exculpated Parties played an integral role in the formulation of the Plan and has expended significant time and resources analyzing and negotiating the issues presented in this Chapter 11 Case. In addition, the exculpations in Article XIV.A of the Plan do not relieve any party of liability for gross negligence, willful misconduct or fraud. Accordingly, based upon the record in this Chapter 11 Case, the representations of the

parties, and/or the evidence proffered or adduced at the Confirmation Hearing, the Bankruptcy Court finds that the exculpation and injunction provisions set forth in Article XIV of the Plan are consistent with the Bankruptcy Code and applicable law and are appropriate under the circumstances.

O. The Debtor's Compliance with the Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(2)).

Except as otherwise provided for or permitted by order of the Bankruptcy Court, the Debtor has complied with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, the Local Rules, and the Interim Approval/Procedures Order in transmitting the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the Ballot, and related documents and notices and in soliciting and tabulating the votes on the Plan. Accordingly, the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(2) are satisfied.

P. Plan Proposed in Good Faith (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(3)). The Debtor has proposed the Plan, including all documents necessary to effectuate the Plan, in good faith and not by any means forbidden by law, thereby satisfying the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(3). The Debtor's good faith is evident from the facts and record of this Chapter 11 Case, the Disclosure Statement, and the record of the Confirmation Hearing and other proceedings held in this Chapter 11 Case. The Plan itself and the process leading to its formulation provide independent evidence of the Debtor's good faith, serves the public interest, and assures the fair treatment of holders of Claims and Interests. The Plan was proposed with the legitimate and honest purpose of maximizing the value of the Debtor's Estate and to maximize distributions to all Creditors and Interest holders. Further, the Plan's classification, exculpation, and injunction provisions have been negotiated in good faith and at arm's length, are consistent with

Bankruptcy Code sections 105, 1122, 1123(b)(3)(A), 1123(b)(6), 1129, and 1142, and are integral to the Plan and supported by valuable consideration.

Q. Payment for Services or Costs and Expenses (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(4)). Any payment made or to be made by the Debtor, or by any other person issuing securities or acquiring property under the Plan, for services or for costs and expenses in or in connection with this Chapter 11 Case, or in connection with the Plan and incident to this Chapter 11 Case, has been approved by, or shall be subject to the approval of, the Bankruptcy Court as reasonable. Accordingly, the Plan satisfies the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(4).

R. Directors, Officers, and Successors (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(5)). The Plan does not appoint any officers or directors of the Debtor, except as otherwise set forth in Article IX with respect to the Liquidating Trustee, whose appointment is consistent with the interests of creditors and public policy. The identity of the proposed Liquidating Trustee was disclosed in the *Amended Plan Supplement* [D.I. 299].

S. No Rate Changes (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(6)). The Plan does not provide for any rate changes over which a governmental regulatory commission has jurisdiction. Accordingly, Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(6) is not applicable in this Chapter 11 Case.

T. Best Interest of Creditors (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(7)). The liquidation analysis (attached as Exhibit B to the Disclosure Statement) and other evidence proffered or adduced at the Confirmation Hearing: (i) is persuasive and credible, (ii) has not been controverted by other evidence, and (iii) establishes that each holder of a Claim in an Impaired Class either has accepted the Plan or will receive or retain under the Plan, on account of such Claim, property of a value, as of the Effective Date, that is not less than the amount that such holder would receive or retain if the Debtor was liquidated under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code on such date. The

liquidation analysis provided in the Disclosure Statement, including the methodology used and estimations and assumptions made therein, and the evidence related thereto that was proffered at the Confirmation Hearing (a) is persuasive and credible as of the dates such evidence was prepared, presented, or proffered, (b) either has not been controverted by other persuasive evidence or has not been challenged, (c) is based upon reasonable and sound assumptions, and (d) provides a reasonable estimate of the liquidation value of the Debtor's Estate upon a conversion to a chapter 7 case. Recoveries pursuant to the Plan are equal to or in excess of those that would be available if the Debtor was liquidated pursuant to chapter 7 and, therefore, the Plan satisfies the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(7).

U. Acceptance by Certain Classes (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(8)). Claims and Interests in Class 1 (Miscellaneous Secured Claims) and Class 2 (Priority Non-Tax Claims) are unimpaired under the Plan and are conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan without the solicitation of acceptances or rejections pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1126(f). Holders of Claims in Class 3 (Member Claims for Post-July 8, 2021 Payments), Class 4 (Member Claims and General Unsecured Claims) and Class 5 (Governmental Fines and Penalty Claims) voted to accept the Plan by at least two-thirds in amount and one-half in number. *See* Voting Certification, Exhibit A. Accordingly, the Plan satisfies the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(8).

V. Treatment of Administrative Expense Claims, Priority Tax Claims, and Other Priority Claims (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(9)). The treatment of Claims under the Plan of the type specified in Bankruptcy Code sections 507(a)(1) through 507(a)(8), if any, complies with the provisions of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(9) because Article V.A of the Plan provides that, except to the extent an entity agrees to less favorable treatment: (i) each holder of an Allowed

Administrative Expense Claim will be paid the full unpaid amount of such Allowed Administrative Expense Claim in Cash by the Debtor or Liquidating Trust, as applicable: (a) if Allowed, on the Effective Date or as soon as practicable thereafter, but in no event later than 30 days after the Effective Date (or, if not then due, when such Allowed Administrative Expense Claim is due or as soon as practicable thereafter); (b) if such Claim is Allowed after the Effective Date, on the date such Claim is Allowed or as soon as practicable thereafter, but in no event later than 30 days after such Claim is Allowed; (c) at such time and upon such terms as may be agreed upon by such holder and the Debtor or Liquidating Trust, as applicable; or (d) at such time and upon such terms as set forth in an order of the Bankruptcy Court. Accordingly, the Plan satisfies the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(9); and (ii) each holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim shall, on the later of the Effective Date or the date on which a Priority Tax Claim (secured or unsecured) becomes an Allowed Priority Tax Claim, or, in each such case, as soon as practicable thereafter, but in no event later than 30 days after such event, will receive Cash from the Debtor or Liquidating Trust, as applicable, on account of such Claim in an amount equal to the Allowed amount of such Claim plus, to the extent applicable, any amount required to comply with section 1129(a)(9)(C) or 1129(a)(9)(D) of the Bankruptcy Code.

W. Acceptance by at Least One Impaired Class (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(10)). The requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(10) are met with respect to the Debtor. *See* Voting Certification, Exhibit A. Claims and Interests in Class 1 (Miscellaneous Secured Claims) and Class 2 (Priority Non-Tax Claims) are unimpaired under the Plan and are conclusively presumed to have accepted the Plan without the solicitation of acceptances or rejections pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1126(f). Class 3 (Member Claims for Post-July 8, 2021 Payments), Class 4 (Member Claims and General Unsecured Claims) and Class 5 (Governmental Fines and

Penalty Claims) are each impaired under the Plan and voted to accept the Plan by at least two-thirds in amount and one-half in number. *See* Voting Certification, Exhibits A, B and C. Accordingly, the Plan satisfies the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(10).

X. Feasibility (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(11)). The Plan satisfies Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(11). The information in the Disclosure Statement and the evidence proffered or adduced at the Confirmation Hearing (i) is persuasive and credible, (ii) has not been controverted by other evidence, and (iii) establishes that the Plan is feasible and that there is a reasonable prospect of the Debtor being able to meet its financial obligations under the Plan and that confirmation of the Plan is not likely to be followed by the need for further liquidation or financial reorganization of the Debtor, thereby satisfying the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(11).

Y. Payment of Fees (11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(12)). Pursuant to Article X.J of the Plan, the Debtor is required to pay all statutory fees due and owing to the U.S. Trustee at the time of Confirmation on or before the Effective Date. Accordingly, the Plan satisfies the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(12).

Z. No Unfair Discrimination; Fair and Equitable (11 U.S.C. § 1129(b)). With respect to the Impaired Classes deemed to reject the Plan, the Plan may be confirmed pursuant to section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code even though the requirements of section 1129(a)(8) have not been met. The Debtor has demonstrated by a preponderance of the evidence that the Plan (a) satisfies all of the other requirements of section 1129(a) of the Bankruptcy Code and (b) does not “discriminate unfairly” and is “fair and equitable” with respect to Classes that were deemed to reject the Plan. The Plan is “fair and equitable” with respect to the non-accepting claimants because no junior Class of Claims or Interests will receive or retain any property from

the Debtor's Estate under the Plan on account of such Claims or Interests. The evidence supporting the Plan proffered or adduced by the Debtor at, or prior to, or in declarations filed in connection with, the Confirmation Hearing regarding the Debtor's classification and treatment of Claims: (a) is reasonable, persuasive, credible and accurate; (b) utilizes reasonable and appropriate methodologies and assumptions; and (c) has not been controverted by other creditable evidence. The Plan, therefore, satisfies the requirements of section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code and may be confirmed despite the fact that not all Impaired Classes have voted to accept the Plan.

AA. Only One Plan (11 U.S.C. § 1129(c)). The Plan is the only plan that was solicited and brought to the Bankruptcy Court for confirmation in this Chapter 11 Case. Accordingly, Bankruptcy Code section 1129(c) is inapplicable in this Chapter 11 Case.

BB. Principal Purpose of the Plan (11 U.S.C. § 1129(d)). The principal purpose of the Plan is not the avoidance of taxes or the avoidance of the application of section 5 of the Securities Act of 1933 and no governmental entity has objected to the confirmation of the Plan on any such grounds. Accordingly, the Plan satisfies the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(d).

CC. Non-Applicability of Certain Sections (11 U.S.C. §§ 1123(c), 1129(a)(13) - (16), 1129(e)). The Debtor is not an individual and does not owe any domestic support. The Debtor also has no obligation to pay for retiree benefits. Accordingly, Bankruptcy Code sections 1123(c), 1129(a)(13) - (16) and 1129(e) do not apply to this Chapter 11 Case.

DD. Modifications of the Plan (11 U.S.C. § 1127). The modifications made to the Plan since the Solicitation do not constitute changes that materially or adversely change the treatment of any Claims or Interests and do not require additional disclosure under Bankruptcy

Code section 1125 or resolicitation of acceptances or rejections of the Plan under Bankruptcy Code section 1126, nor do they require that holders of Claims or Interests against the Debtor be afforded an opportunity to change previously cast acceptances or rejections of the Plan. Thus, the Debtor has complied in all respects with Bankruptcy Code section 1127 and Bankruptcy Rule 3019.

EE. Satisfaction of Confirmation Requirements. Based upon the foregoing, all other pleadings, documents, exhibits, statements, declarations and affidavits filed in connection with Confirmation of the Plan, and all evidence and arguments made, proffered or adduced at the Confirmation Hearing, the Plan satisfies the requirements for confirmation set forth in Bankruptcy Code section 1129.

FF. Implementation. All documents and agreements necessary to implement the Plan, and all other relevant and necessary documents, have been negotiated in good faith and at arm's length, do not inappropriately conflict with applicable non-bankruptcy law, and shall, upon completion of documentation and execution, be valid, binding, and enforceable agreements.

GG. Good Faith. Based on the record before this Bankruptcy Court in this Chapter 11 Case, the Debtor will be acting in good faith within the meaning of Bankruptcy Code section 1125(e) if it proceeds to (i) consummate the Plan and the agreements, settlements, transactions, and transfers contemplated thereby and (ii) take the actions authorized and directed by this Confirmation Order, and shall not be liable under any applicable law, rule, or regulation governing solicitation of acceptance or rejection of the Plan or the offer, issuance, sale, or purchase of securities.

HH. Retention of Jurisdiction. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 105(a) and 1142, and notwithstanding the entry of this Confirmation Order or the occurrence of the Effective Date,

this Bankruptcy Court, except as otherwise provided in the Plan or herein, shall retain jurisdiction over all matters arising out of, and related to, this Chapter 11 Case and the Plan to the fullest extent permitted by law.

ORDER

ACCORDINGLY, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, DECREED, AND DETERMINED THAT:

General Decrees and Implementation

1. Adequacy of the Disclosure Statement. The Disclosure Statement hereby is APPROVED on a final basis as containing adequate information within the meaning of Bankruptcy Code section 1125 and contains sufficient information of a kind necessary to satisfy the disclosure requirements of any applicable non-bankruptcy laws, rules and regulations.

2. Confirmation of the Plan. The Plan, attached hereto as **Exhibit A**, and each of its provisions, shall be, and hereby is, CONFIRMED pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1129. The terms of the Plan are incorporated by reference into and are an integral part of this Confirmation Order.

3. Objections Overruled. All objections, responses to, and statements and comments, if any, in opposition to or inconsistent with the Plan, other than those withdrawn with prejudice or resolved in their entirety prior to, or on the record at, the Confirmation Hearing, shall be, and hereby are, OVERRULED and DENIED in their entirety. All withdrawn objections are deemed withdrawn with prejudice.

4. Plan Classification Controlling. Unless otherwise set forth herein, the classifications of Claims and Interests for purposes of distribution under the Plan shall be governed solely by the terms of the Plan. The classifications set forth on the Ballots tendered to

or returned by the Debtor's creditors in connection with voting on the Plan (a) were set forth on the Ballots solely for the purposes of voting to accept or reject the Plan, (b) do not necessarily represent, and in no event shall be deemed to modify or otherwise affect, the actual classification of such Claims or Interests under the Plan for distribution purposes, (c) may not be relied upon by any Creditor or Interest holder as representing the actual classification of such Claims or Interests under the Plan for distribution or any other purpose (other than for evidencing the vote of such party on the Plan), and (d) shall not be binding on the Debtor or holders of Claim or Interests for purposes other than for voting.

5. Confirmation Hearing Notice. The Debtor provided good and sufficient notice of the Confirmation Hearing and the deadlines for filing and serving objections to the Plan, which notices are hereby approved.

6. Implementation of the Plan. The Debtor and the Liquidating Trustee, each to the extent applicable and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Plan, are authorized to (i) execute, deliver, file, and/or record such documents, contracts, instruments, releases, and other agreements, (ii) make any and all distributions and transfers contemplated pursuant to and as provided for in the Plan, and (iii) take such other actions as may be necessary to effectuate, implement, and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan.

7. No Action. To the extent that, under applicable non-bankruptcy law, any action to effectuate the terms of the Plan would otherwise require the consent or approval of the managers, directors or officers of the Debtor, this Confirmation Order shall, pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 1123(a)(5) and 1142, constitute the consent or approval, and such actions are deemed to have been taken by unanimous action of the managers, directors and officers of the Debtor.

8. Binding Effect. From and after entry of this Confirmation Order, and subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, except to the extent otherwise provided in the Plan or this Confirmation Order, the provisions of the Plan, as applicable, and the rights, benefits, and obligations of any Entity named or referred to herein shall be binding on, and shall inure to the benefit of, any heir, executor, administrator, successor or assign of such Entity.

9. Vesting of Assets in the Liquidating Trust. Notwithstanding Bankruptcy Code section 1141(b), the Debtor's assets shall vest in the Liquidating Trust, under the exclusive control of the Liquidating Trustee, in accordance with the provisions of the Plan and this Confirmation Order.

10. Directors, Officers and Board Members of the Debtor. As of the Effective Date, except for purposes of evidencing a right to a distribution under the Plan or as otherwise provided for in the Plan or herein, all officers, directors and members of the Board of the Debtor shall be deemed to have resigned.

11. Appointment of Liquidating Trustee. As of the Effective Date, pursuant to the Plan, Neil F. Luria shall be appointed as Liquidating Trustee.

Treatment of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases

12. The provisions of Article XII of the Plan governing executory contracts and unexpired leases are hereby approved in their entirety.

13. Rejection of Contracts and Leases. The Plan constitutes a motion to reject all executory contracts and unexpired leases not previously rejected pursuant to an order of the Bankruptcy Court unless otherwise set forth in the Plan Supplement, and the Debtor shall have no further obligation thereunder. Without limiting the foregoing, a schedule of the Debtor's known executory contracts and unexpired leases is attached to the Combined Plan and

Disclosure Statement as Exhibit C. The entry of this Confirmation Order constitutes approval of such rejections pursuant to sections 365(a) and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code and that the rejection thereof is in the best interest of the Debtor, its Estate and all parties in interest in the Chapter 11 Case. The foregoing information shall be included in the notice of entry of the Confirmation Order. Notwithstanding the foregoing, to the extent any Insurance Policies are deemed to be executory, the Debtor does not seek to reject the Insurance Policies through this general rejection provision.

14. Claims Based on Rejection of Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases. Claims, if any, created by the rejection of executory contracts and unexpired leases pursuant to this Plan, or the expiration or termination of any executory contract or unexpired lease prior to the Effective Date, must be filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served on the Debtor no later than thirty (30) days after service of notice of entry of the Confirmation Order by the Bankruptcy Court, which notice shall set forth the deadline to file such Claims. Any Claims arising from the rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease pursuant to Section XII.A, for which proofs of Claim are not timely filed within that time period will be forever barred from assertion against the Debtor, its Estate, the Liquidating Trust, and their respective successors and assigns, and their respective assets and properties, unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court or as otherwise provided herein. Unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, all such Claims that are timely filed as provided herein shall be treated as General Unsecured Claims and shall be subject to the provisions of this Plan.

15. Objections to Claims. Any objections to a proof of Claim, other than other than Professional Fee Claims or Claims or Interests that are Allowed pursuant to the Plan, shall be filed on or before the Claims Objection Deadline, the one hundred and eightieth (180th) day after

the Effective Date, or such later deadline for objecting to claims as may be fixed by an order of this Bankruptcy Court upon motion filed by the Liquidating Trustee (the “Claims Objection Deadline”). With respect to any Claim objection that was filed by the Debtor but not yet resolved by entry of a Final Order prior to the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall be substituted in the place of the Debtor, as of the Effective Date, and shall have the right to continue to prosecute or to settle such objections in accordance with the terms of the Plan and this Confirmation Order.

16. Setoffs and Recoupment. The Liquidating Trustee may, but shall not be required to, setoff against or recoup from any Claims of any nature whatsoever that the Debtor may have against a claimant pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 558 or otherwise.

17. Administrative Expense Claim Bar Date. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, holders of Administrative Expense Claims accruing from the Petition Date through and including the Effective Date, other than Professional Fee Claims, shall File with the Bankruptcy Court and serve on the Liquidating Trustee requests for payment, in writing, together with supporting documents, substantially complying with the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules and the Local Rules, no later than the Administrative Expense Claim Bar Date, which shall be thirty (30) days after service of the Notice of Effective Date. Any such Claim not Filed by such deadline shall be deemed waived and the Holder of such Claim shall be forever barred from receiving payment on account thereof.

18. Professional Fee Claims. All final requests for Payment of Professional Fee Claims must be filed and served on the parties required in the Interim Compensation Order or any other applicable order of the Bankruptcy Court and such other entities who are designated by the Bankruptcy Rules, and other necessary parties in interest no later than twenty-one (21) days

from service of the notice of the Effective Date. Objections to Professional Fee Claims must be timely filed and served on the requesting party within twenty-one (21) days of the Professional Fee Claim being filed. To the extent necessary, the Plan and this Confirmation Order shall amend and supersede any previously entered order regarding the payment of Professional Fee Claims.

19. Post-Effective Date Expenses. From and after the Effective Date, the payment of the fees and expenses of the retained professionals of the Liquidating Trustee shall be paid solely from the Liquidating Trust Assets in accordance with the Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement without further Order of the Bankruptcy Court.

Injunction and Exculpation

20. All exculpation and injunction provisions contained in the Plan, including, without limitation, those contained in Article XIV of the Plan, are hereby authorized, approved and shall be effective and binding on all persons and entities, to the extent expressly described in the Plan.

21. Injunction. Pursuant to 1141(d)(3), confirmation of the Plan does not discharge this Debtor from any debt that arose before the date of the confirmation. Except as otherwise specifically provided in the Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement, all Persons who have held, hold, or may hold Claims against or Interests in the Debtor and any successors, assigns or representatives of such Person shall be precluded and permanently enjoined on and after the Effective Date from (a) commencing or continuing in any manner any Claim, action or other proceeding of any kind against any of the assets to be distributed under the Plan, (b) the enforcement, attachment, collection or recovery by any manner or means of any judgment, award, decree, or order with respect to any of the assets to be distributed under the Plan, and

(c) creating, perfecting or enforcing any encumbrance of any kind with respect to any of the assets to be distributed under the Plan. All Persons or Entities who directly or indirectly have held, hold, may hold, or seek to assert Claims that been exculpated in this Plan (the “Exculpated Claims”) shall be enjoined from (i) commencing or continuing in any manner any action or other proceeding of any kind on account of or in connection with or with respect to the Exculpated Claims; (ii) enforcing, attaching, collecting or recovering by any manner or means any judgment, award, decree or order on account of or in connection with or with respect to the Exculpated Claims; (iii) creating, perfecting, or enforcing any encumbrance of any kind on account of or in connection with or with respect to the Exculpated Claims (iv) asserting any right of subrogation on account of or in connection with or with respect to the Exculpated Claims, except to the extent that a permissible right of subrogation is asserted with respect to a timely filed proof of claim; (v) or commencing or continuing in any manner any action or other proceeding on account of or in connection with or with respect to the Exculpated Claims.

22. Exculpation. Except for liability of an Exculpated Party that arises primarily and directly from any act or omission that is determined in a Final Order to have constituted gross negligence or willful misconduct, the Exculpated Parties shall neither have nor incur any liability to any Entity for any and all claims, causes of action, and any other debts, obligations, rights, suits, damages, actions, remedies, and liabilities whatsoever, whether known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, existing during the Exculpation Timeframe arising, in law, at equity, whether for tort, contract, or otherwise, based in whole or in part upon any act or omission, transaction, or other occurrence or circumstances taking place or arising during the Exculpation Timeframe and related in any way to the Chapter 11 Case.

23. This exculpation provision only includes those claims and causes of action that the Debtor would have been legally entitled to assert against the Exculpated Parties or that any Holder of a Claim or other Entity would have been legally entitled to assert against the Exculpated Parties for or on behalf of the Debtor or the bankruptcy estate and further including those claims and causes of action that are related to the Chapter 11 Case, Liquidating Trust Agreement, or this Plan, including any act taken or omitted to be taken in connection with, or related to, formulating, negotiating, preparing, disseminating, implementing, administering, confirming, or consummating the Plan, the Liquidating Trust Agreement, or any other contract, instrument, release or other agreement or document created or entered into in connection with this Plan or any other post-petition act taken or omitted to be taken in connection with the Chapter 11 Case, but only during the Exculpation Timeframe.

Payment of Statutory Fees and Tax Issues

24. Payment of Statutory Fees. All quarterly fees payable pursuant to section 1930 of Title 28 of the United States Code prior to the Effective Date shall be paid by the Debtor on the Effective Date. All Statutory Fees due and payable prior to the Effective Date shall be paid by the Debtor on the Effective Date. On and after the Effective Date, the Debtor and the Liquidation Trustee shall be jointly and severally liable to pay any and all Statutory Fees when due and payable. The Debtor shall file all monthly reports due prior to the Effective Date when they become due, in a form reasonably acceptable to the U.S. Trustee. Provided that the Debtor dissolves on the Effective Date, after the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall file with the Bankruptcy Court quarterly reports when they become due, in a form reasonably acceptable to the U.S. Trustee. If, after the Effective Date, disbursements, other than those made by the Liquidating Trust, are made in any quarter, the entity making such disbursements shall report

same to the Liquidating Trustee for inclusion in the appropriate separate quarterly report. The Debtor and the Liquidating Trustee shall remain obligated to pay Statutory Fees to the Office of the U.S. Trustee until the earliest of the Debtor's Chapter 11 Case being closed, dismissed or converted to a case under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

25. Compliance with Tax Requirements. The Liquidating Trust shall be responsible for filing all required federal, state and local tax returns and/or informational returns for the Liquidating Trust and shall comply with all withholding and reporting requirements imposed by any federal, state, or local taxing authority, and all Distributions made by the Liquidating Trust shall be subject to any such withholding and reporting requirements. The Liquidating Trustee shall be authorized to take any and all actions that may be necessary or appropriate to comply with such withholding and reporting requirements including, without limitation, requiring that, as a condition to the receipt of a Distribution, the Holder of an Allowed Claim complete the appropriate IRS Form W-8 or IRS Form W-9, as applicable to each Holder. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement, (a) each Holder of an Allowed Claim that is to receive a Distribution from the Liquidating Trust shall have the sole and exclusive responsibility for the satisfaction and payment of any tax obligations imposed on such Holder by any Governmental Unit, including income and other tax obligations, on account of such Distribution, and (b) no Distribution shall be made to or on behalf of such Holder pursuant to the Plan unless and until such Holder has made arrangements satisfactory to the Liquidating Trustee to allow it to comply with its tax withholding and reporting requirements. Any property to be distributed by the Liquidating Trust shall, pending the implementation of such arrangements, be treated as an Unclaimed Distribution to be held by the Liquidating Trustee, as the case may be, until such time as the Liquidating Trustee is satisfied with the Holder's

arrangements for any withholding tax obligations. If the Liquidating Trustee makes such a request and the Holder fails to comply before the date that is 180 days after the request is made, the amount of such Distribution shall irrevocably revert to the Liquidation Trust and any Claim or Interest in respect of such Distribution shall be disallowed and forever barred from receiving a Distribution under the Plan or Liquidating Trust Agreement.

26. Exemption from Certain Taxes and Fees. Pursuant to section 1146(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, the issuance, transfer, or exchange of a security, or the making or delivery of an instrument of transfer under the Plan may not be taxed under any law imposing a stamp tax or similar tax. This Confirmation Order directs the appropriate state or local governmental officials or agents to forego the collection of any such tax or governmental assessment and accept for filing and recordation any of the foregoing instruments or other documents pursuant to such transfers of property without the payment of any such tax, recordation fee, or governmental assessment to the extent required by Section 1146(a). Such exemption specifically applies, without limitation, to all documents necessary to evidence and implement distributions under the Plan and all documents necessary to evidence and implement any of the transactions and actions described in the Plan.

Resolution of Objection

27. States of California and Texas [D.I. 307]. Nothing in the Plan or this Confirmation Order shall preclude any Governmental Entity from using its own judicial or regulatory processes to initiate, pursue, or resolve any police or regulatory matters involving the Debtor and to settle such matters or enter judgment thereon, but with the understanding that collection of any amounts found to be owing from the Debtor shall be made in accordance with the payment terms of the Plan to holders of Class 5 Claims.

Miscellaneous

28. Immaterial Modifications. Without need for further order or authorization of the Bankruptcy Court, but subject to any limitations set forth in the Plan, the Debtor is authorized and empowered to make any and all modifications to any and all documents that are necessary to effectuate the Plan that do not materially modify the terms of such documents and are consistent with the Plan and this Confirmation Order.

29. Effect of Confirmation on Modifications. Entry of this Confirmation Order means that all modification or amendments to the Plan since the solicitation thereof are approved pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1127(a) and do not require additional disclosure or resolicitation under Bankruptcy Rule 3019.

30. Documents and Instruments. Each federal, state, commonwealth, local, foreign, or other governmental agency is hereby authorized to accept any and all documents and instruments necessary or appropriate to effectuate, implement or consummate the transactions contemplated by the Plan and this Confirmation Order.

31. Conditions to Effective Date. The Plan shall not become effective unless and until the conditions set forth in Article XIII of the Plan have been satisfied or waived pursuant to Article XIII of the Plan.

32. Vacatur of Order. If this Confirmation Order is vacated or deemed vacated, then the Plan shall be deemed null and void in all respects, and nothing contained in the Plan shall (i) constitute a waiver or release of any Claims against or Interests in the Debtor, (ii) prejudice in any manner the rights of the holder of any Claim against, or Interest in, the Debtor, (iii) prejudice in any manner any right, remedy or claim of the Debtor, or (iv) be deemed an admission against interest by the Debtor or any other Person or Entity.

33. Retention of Jurisdiction. The Bankruptcy Court shall retain and have jurisdiction over any matters arising out of, or related to, the Chapter 11 Case and the Plan pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 105(a) and 1142, including, but not limited to the matters set forth in Article XV of the Plan.

34. Forum for Actions. Without permission of the Bankruptcy Court, no judicial, administrative, arbitral, or other action or proceeding shall be commenced against the Liquidating Trustee in its capacity as such, with respect to its status, duties, powers, acts or omissions in such capacity in any other forum than the Bankruptcy Court.

35. Conflicts. To the extent that any provisions of the Disclosure Statement or any other order (other than this Confirmation Order) entered in this Chapter 11 Case (or any exhibits, schedules, appendices, supplements or amendments to any of the foregoing), conflict with or are in any way inconsistent with any provision of the Plan, this Confirmation Order shall govern and control except as expressly set forth herein or in the Plan.

36. Severability of Plan Provisions. Each term and provision of the Plan, as it may have been amended by this Confirmation Order, is: (i) valid and enforceable pursuant to its terms; (ii) integral to the Plan and may not be deleted or modified without the Debtor's consent; and (iii) non-severable and mutually dependent.

37. Waiver or Estoppel. Each holder of a Claim or an Interest shall be deemed to have waived any right to assert any argument, including the right to argue that its Claim or Interest should be Allowed in a certain amount, in a certain priority, secured or not subordinated by virtue of an agreement made with the Debtor or its counsel, or any other entity, if such agreement was not disclosed in the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, papers filed with this

Bankruptcy Court, or stated on the record at the Confirmation Hearing, prior to the Confirmation Date.

38. Governing Law. Unless a rule of law or procedure is supplied by federal law (including the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rules) or unless otherwise specifically stated, the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to the principles of conflict of laws, shall govern the rights, obligations, construction and implementation of the Plan, any agreements, documents, instruments or contracts executed or entered into in connection with the Plan (except as otherwise set forth in those agreements, in which case the governing law of such agreement shall control).

39. Applicable Non-Bankruptcy Law. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 1123(a) and 1142(a), the provisions of this Confirmation Order, the Plan, and related documents or any amendments or modifications thereto shall apply and be enforceable notwithstanding any otherwise applicable non-bankruptcy law.

40. Notice of Order. In accordance with Bankruptcy Rules 2002 and 3020(c), as soon as reasonably practicable after the Effective Date, the Debtor shall serve notice of the entry of this Confirmation Order and the occurrence of the Effective Date, substantially in the form annexed hereto as **Exhibit B**, to all parties who currently hold a Claim or Interest in this case, including the U.S. Trustee, the Internal Revenue Service, the United States attorney for the District of Delaware, and any party filing a notice pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2002. Such notice is hereby approved in all respects and shall be deemed good and sufficient notice of entry of this Confirmation Order and occurrence of the Effective Date.

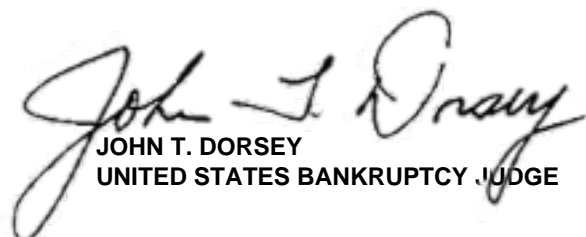
41. Term of Injunctions or Stays. The injunctions contained in the Plan, including, but not limited to those provided in Article XIV.B of the Plan, are hereby authorized, approved

and binding on all Persons and Entities described therein. Unless otherwise provided in the Plan or this Confirmation Order, all injunctions or stays pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 105 or 362 arising under or entered during this Chapter 11 Case, or otherwise, and in existence on the date hereof, shall remain in full force and effect until the later of the Effective Date and the date indicated in the order providing for such injunction or stay and to the extent consistent with the terms and provisions of the Plan or this Confirmation Order, as applicable.

42. No Waiver. The failure to specifically include or refer to any particular provision of the Plan in this Confirmation Order will not diminish the effectiveness of such provision nor constitute a waiver thereof, it being the intent of this Bankruptcy Court that the Plan is confirmed in its entirety and incorporated herein by this reference.

43. Waiver of Stay. The requirement under Bankruptcy Rule 3020(e) that an order confirming a plan is stayed until the expiration of fourteen (14) days after entry of the order is hereby waived. This Confirmation Order shall take effect immediately and shall not be stayed pursuant to Bankruptcy Rules 3020(e), 6004(h), 6006(d), or 7062 or other applicable rule.

Dated: December 2nd, 2021
Wilmington, Delaware



JOHN T. DORSEY
UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE

Exhibit A

**IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

In re:

SHARITY MINISTRIES, INC.,¹

Debtor.

Chapter 11

Case No.: 21-11001 (JTD)

**COMBINED DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND CHAPTER 11 PLAN
OF LIQUIDATION OF SHARITY MINISTRIES INC.**

BAKER & HOSTETLER LLP

Jorian L. Rose (admitted *pro hac vice*)
Jason I. Blanchard (admitted *pro hac vice*)
45 Rockefeller Plaza
New York, New York 10111

Andrew V. Layden (admitted *pro hac vice*)
SunTrust Center, Suite 2300
200 South Orange Avenue
Orlando, FL 32801-3432

- and -

LANDIS RATH & COBB LLP

Adam G. Landis (No. 3407)
Matthew B. McGuire (No. 4366)
Nicolas E. Jenner (No. 6554)
919 Market Street, Suite 1800
Wilmington, Delaware 19801

Counsel for the Debtor and Debtor in Possession

Dated: November 29, 2021
Wilmington, Delaware

¹ The last four digits of the Debtor's federal tax identification number is 0344. The Debtor's mailing address is 821 Atlanta Street, Suite 124, Roswell, GA 30075.

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EXHIBITS

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Exhibit C: EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES

DISCLAIMER

This Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement² has been prepared in accordance with section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code, Rules 3016 and 3017 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and Rule 3017-2 of the Local Rules for the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware, and not in accordance with federal or state securities law or other applicable non-bankruptcy law. Persons or Entities trading in or otherwise purchasing, selling, or transferring Claims against the Debtor should evaluate this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement considering the purpose for which it was prepared.

Pursuant to Local Rule 3017-2, this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement is being submitted for interim approval only. Contemporaneously with the filing of this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement, the Debtor is filing a motion to, among other things, schedule a joint hearing to consider final approval of the adequacy of the Disclosure Statement and confirmation of the Plan.

To ensure compliance with IRS circular 230, Holders of Claims and Interests are hereby notified that: (a) any discussion of U.S. federal tax issues contained or referred to in this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement is not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, by Holders of Claims for the purpose of avoiding penalties that may be imposed on them under the Internal Revenue Code; (b) such discussion is written in connection with the promotion or marketing by the Debtor of the transactions or matters addressed herein; and (c) Holders of Claims should seek advice based on their particular circumstances from an independent tax advisor.

There has been no independent audit of the financial information contained in this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement except as expressly indicated herein. This Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement was compiled from information obtained from numerous sources believed to be accurate to the best of the Plan Proponent's knowledge, information, and belief. This Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement was not filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission or any state authority and neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state authority has passed upon the accuracy, adequacy, or merits of this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement. Neither this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement nor the solicitation of votes to accept or reject the Plan constitutes an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy securities in any state or jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not authorized.

This Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement may contain "forward looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements consist of any statement other than a recitation of historical fact and can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "may," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," or "continue" or the negative thereof or other variations thereon or comparable terminology. The reader is cautioned that all forward-looking statements are necessarily speculative and there are certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those referred to in such forward-looking statements.

² Referred to herein as the "Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement" or the "Plan."

Any projected recoveries to Creditors set forth in this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement are based upon the analyses performed by the Debtor and its advisors. Although the Plan Proponent and its advisors have made every effort to verify the accuracy of the information presented herein, the Plan Proponent and its advisors cannot make any representations or warranties regarding the accuracy of the information.

Nothing stated herein shall be deemed or construed as an admission of any fact or liability by any party, or be admissible in any proceeding involving the Debtor, the Member Committee, or any other party. The statements contained herein are made as of the date hereof, unless another time is specified. The delivery of this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement shall not be deemed or construed to create any implication that the information contained herein is correct at any time after the date hereof.

It is the Plan Proponent's opinion that the treatment of Creditors under the Plan contemplates a greater recovery than that which is likely to be achieved under other alternatives for the Debtor. Accordingly, the Plan Proponent believes that confirmation of the Plan is in the best interests of Creditors and recommend that Creditors support and vote to accept the Plan.

I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY³

A. Introduction

This Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement, as may be further amended from time to time, is the culmination of extensive negotiations between the Debtor and the Member Committee resulting in this consensual liquidating Chapter 11 plan for the Debtor and the assets of its estate.

This is a liquidating Plan where Distributions will be made on account of Allowed Claims against the Debtor's Estate.

Under the Plan, Members will be automatically treated as having submitted a claim for the greater of (i) their previously submitted requests to the Debtor for payment of medical expenses that have not yet been satisfied, and (ii) all monthly payments made under the Debtor's programs. Members need not take any action to have a claim for the greater of these two amounts. These amounts will be calculated based on the Debtor's records and there is no guarantee that such records are accurate. If a Member has filed a proof of claim their claim will be the amount set forth in such claim, unless objected to. The ballot provided to each Member contains information regarding the amounts the Debtor believes are owed. **If a Member disagrees with the amount or wishes to file a claim for any other amounts, the Member should file a proof of claim before the General Bar Date of January 4, 2022.** All Member timely filed proofs of claim that have not been objected to will be allowed and handled under the Claims Resolution Procedures under the Liquidating Trust Agreement. The Debtor will contribute all Liquidating Trust Assets to the Liquidating Trust, except for the Post-Petition Payments Reserved Cash which shall be automatically returned to the Members that made payments to the Debtor after July 8, 2021.

The Liquidating Trust will be operated by a Liquidating Trustee and Liquidating Trust Committee and will have standing to pursue all Claims and Causes of Action transferred to the Liquidating Trust. All proceeds of the Liquidating Trust, after payment of its expenses as provided for in the Liquidating Trust Agreement, will be used to satisfy the claims of the Debtor's creditors, including the Members, in accordance with the priorities set forth in the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtor will not continue in business and will be dissolved after occurrence of the Effective Date.

The Debtor and Member Committee support this Plan and encourage the Holders of Impaired Claims to vote in in favor of this Plan.

Subject to the restrictions on modifications set forth in section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 3019 and those restrictions on modifications set forth in Section XVII.A of this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement, the Plan Proponent expressly reserves the right to alter, amend, or modify this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement, including the Plan Supplement, one or more times before substantial consummation thereof.

³ Capitalized terms used but not defined in this section shall have the meaning ascribed to them in Section II herein. While this Executive Summary is believed to be accurate, in the event of an inconsistency or conflict between this summary and the more complete terms set forth in other sections of this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement, those other sections shall control over the Executive Summary.

B. Plan Overview

Pursuant to the Plan, a Liquidating Trust will be established for the purposes of monetizing the Liquidating Trust Assets and distributing the proceeds of the Liquidating Trust to Creditors in accordance with the priorities set forth in this Plan and the Bankruptcy Code. The Liquidating Trust will be managed by a Liquidating Trustee in accordance with the Liquidating Trust Agreement. The Liquidating Trust will be overseen by a Liquidating Trust Committee composed of no more than five (5) current and former members of Sharity Ministries, Inc., and may include a governmental representative as an ex officio member. The primary purpose of the Liquidating Trust and its Liquidating Trustee shall be (i) administering, monetizing and liquidating the Liquidating Trust Assets, (ii) resolving all Disputed Claims and (iii) making all Distributions from the Liquidating Trust as provided for in the Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement. The Liquidating Trust Assets will primarily consist of the Debtor's cash on hand on the Effective Date, and Causes of Action against third parties.

Members are advised to consult the enclosed Member Summary, which is attached to this Plan as Exhibit A, for easy-to-read information about their claims in this process.

C. Questions and Answers About This Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement.

1. What is chapter 11?

Chapter 11 is the principal business reorganization and liquidation chapter of the Bankruptcy Code. In addition to permitting debtor reorganization and liquidation, chapter 11 promotes equality of treatment for creditors and similarly situated equity interest holders, subject to the priority of distributions prescribed by the Bankruptcy Code.

The commencement of a chapter 11 case creates an estate that comprises all of the legal and equitable interests of the debtor as of the date the chapter 11 case is commenced. The Bankruptcy Code provides that the debtor may continue to operate its business and remain in possession of its property as a "debtor in possession."

Consummating a chapter 11 plan is the principal objective of a chapter 11 case. A bankruptcy court's confirmation of a plan binds the debtor, any person acquiring property under the plan, any creditor or equity interest holders of the debtor, and any other entity as may be ordered by the bankruptcy court. Subject to certain limited exceptions, the order issued by the bankruptcy court confirming a plan provides for the treatment of the debtor's liabilities in accordance with the terms of the confirmed plan.

2. Am I entitled to vote on the Plan?

If you are or were a Member of Sharity Ministries Inc. and/or its predecessor, Trinity Healthshare, Inc., you may vote on the Plan.

Your ability to vote on the Plan depends on what type of Claim you hold. Each category of holders of Claims or Interests, as set forth in Article III of the Plan pursuant to section 1122(a)

of the Bankruptcy Code, is referred to as a “Class.” Each Class’s respective voting status is set forth below.

<u>Class</u>	<u>Claim or Interest</u>	<u>Treatment</u>	<u>Entitled to Vote?</u>
1	Miscellaneous Secured Claims	Unimpaired.	No. Deemed to accept.
2	Priority Non-Tax Claims	Unimpaired.	No. Deemed to accept.
3	Member Claims for Post-July 8, 2021 Monthly Payments ⁴	Impaired.	Yes.
4	Member Claims and General Unsecured Claims	Impaired.	Yes.
5	Governmental Fines and Penalty Claims	Impaired.	Yes.
6	Section 510(c) Claims	Impaired.	No. Deemed to reject.

Holders of Claims in Classes 1 and 2 are unimpaired under the Plan and are thus deemed to accept the Plan. Holders of Claims in Class 6 will receive no distribution on account of such Claims under the Plan and are thus deemed to reject the Plan. Holders of Claims in Classes 3, 4, and 5 are impaired under the Plan and are the Holders of the only Claims entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. Current and former Sharity Members are Holders of Claims in Classes 3 and 4 and may vote.

3. When is the deadline to vote on the Plan?

The Voting Deadline is November 22, 2021 at 5:00 p.m. (prevailing Eastern Time).

4. How do I vote for or against the Plan?

Detailed instructions regarding how to vote on the Plan are contained on the ballots distributed to Holders of Claims that are entitled to vote on the Plan. For your vote to be counted, your ballot must be properly completed, executed, and delivered as directed, so that your ballot or a master ballot including your vote is **actually received** by the Debtor’s solicitation agent, BMC Group (the “Solicitation Agent”) **on or before the Voting Deadline, i.e. November 22, 2021 at 5:00 p.m. (prevailing Eastern Time).**

⁴After this bankruptcy was filed on July 8, 2021 and until July 22, 2021, Sharity continued to receive monthly payments from some Sharity Members who had authorized automatic deductions from their bank accounts or credit cards for monthly payments. Under the Plan, these funds will be returned to Sharity Members in full. If a Member holding a Class 3 Member Claim also has unpaid medical expenses during that time period, the Member may be entitled to a claim for reimbursement of those expenses, as a Class 4 Member Claim. Any payment to a Member holding a Class 3 Member Claim will be offset from any payment provided in response to their Class 4 Member Claim.

5. Do the Debtor and Member Committee recommend voting in favor of the Plan?

Yes. The Plan is supported by the Debtor and the Member Committee.

6. Why is the Bankruptcy Court holding a Confirmation Hearing?

Section 1128(a) of the Bankruptcy Code requires the Bankruptcy Court to hold a hearing on confirmation of the Plan and recognizes that any party in interest may object to Confirmation of the Plan.

7. When is the Confirmation Hearing set to occur?

The Bankruptcy Court has scheduled the Confirmation Hearing for December 2, 2021, at 1:00 p.m. (prevailing Eastern Time). The Confirmation Hearing may be adjourned from time to time without further notice, but you may check <https://www.bmcgroup.com/sharity> for any adjourned dates. Objections to Confirmation must be filed and served on the Debtors, and certain other parties, by no later than November 22, 2021, at 4:00 p.m. (prevailing Eastern Time) in accordance with the notice of the Confirmation Hearing that accompanies this Plan.

8. What is the purpose of the Confirmation Hearing?

The confirmation of a plan by a bankruptcy court binds the debtor, any issuer of securities under a plan of reorganization, any person acquiring property under a plan of reorganization, any creditor or equity interest Holder of a debtor, and any other person or entity as may be ordered by the bankruptcy court in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code.

9. Is the Debtor's business still operating?

No. The Debtor's business is no longer operating. The goal of this Plan is to maximize the value of the Debtor's remaining assets and distribute it to creditors including Members, under the priorities set forth in the Bankruptcy Code.

10. What will I receive from the Debtor if the Plan is consummated?

The following chart provides a summary of the anticipated recovery to holders of Claims or Interests under the Plan. Any estimates of Claims or Interests in this Plan may vary from the final amounts allowed by the Bankruptcy Court. Your ability to receive distributions under the Plan depends on the Debtor's ability to obtain Confirmation and meet the conditions necessary to consummate the Plan.

THE PROJECTED RECOVERIES SET FORTH IN THE TABLE BELOW ARE ESTIMATES ONLY AND THEREFORE ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE.

Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest has agreed to less favorable treatment of such Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest, as applicable, each Holder of an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest, as applicable, shall receive under the Plan the treatment

described below in full and final satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for such Holder's Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest. Unless otherwise indicated, the Holder of an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest, as applicable, shall receive such treatment on the Effective Date or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter.

<u>Class</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Estimated Amount of Claims</u>	<u>Recovery Estimate</u>	<u>Treatment</u>
1	Miscellaneous Secured Claims	\$0.00	100%	Unimpaired. Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Miscellaneous Secured Claim agrees to less favorable treatment, the Holder of such claim will receive or retain: (i) the collateral securing such Allowed Miscellaneous Secured Claim ; (ii) Cash in an amount equal to the value of the collateral securing such Allowed Miscellaneous Secured Claim ; (iii) the treatment required under section 1124(2) of the Bankruptcy Code for such Claim to be reinstated or rendered Unimpaired; or (iv) such other treatment as to which the holder of an Allowed Miscellaneous Secured Claim agrees.
2	Priority Non-Tax Claims	\$0.00	100%	Unimpaired. Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Priority Non-Tax Claim agrees to less favorable treatment, the Holder of such a claim will receive (i) payment in full in Cash (without post-petition interest or penalty) on the Effective Date or as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable, or (ii) such other treatment as to which the holder of an Allowed Priority Non-Tax Claim agrees.
3	Member Claims for Post-July 8, 2021 Monthly Payments	\$1,178,866	100%	Impaired. Each holder of an Allowed Class 3 Member Claim for Post-July 8, 2021 Monthly Payments shall receive a full refund, without interest, paid as soon as reasonably practicable following the Effective Date. Disputed Member Claims for Post-July 8, 2021 Monthly Payments shall be subject to resolution under the Claims Resolution Procedures. Member Claims for uncovered medical expenses between July 8-22, 2021 shall be Class 4 Claims. <i>See below.</i>

4	Member Claims and General Unsecured Claims	Unknown. The Debtor anticipates Class 4 Claims exceed \$300 million.	0-10%	Impaired. Each holder of an Allowed Class 4 General Unsecured Claim shall receive a Pro Rata Share of Beneficial Interests in the Liquidating Trust entitling the Holder to a Pro Rata Share of all Available Trust Cash derived from the Debtor's Liquidating Trust Assets. For the avoidance of doubt, Class 4 General Unsecured Claims, shall include both Unpaid Member Medical Claims and Other Member Claims (including Member Claims for monthly payments), but shall not include Member Claims for Post-July 8, 2021 Monthly Payments (which are classified in Class 3). Disputed Claims asserted by Members shall be subject to resolution under the Claims Resolution Procedures. To the extent a Member receives payment from amounts recovered by a Governmental Unit, such amounts shall be credited against the <i>pro rata</i> amount the Member would otherwise recover.
5	Governmental Fines and Penalty Claims	Unknown	0%	Impaired. Each holder of an Allowed Class 5 Governmental Fines and Penalty Claim shall receive a Pro Rata Share of Residual Interests in the Liquidating Trust entitling the Holder to a receive a Pro Rata Share of all Available Trust Cash derived from the Debtor's Liquidating Trust Assets after payment in full of all Class 4 Claims.
6	Section 510(c) Claims	Unknown	0%	On the Effective Date, all Allowed Section 510(c) Claims shall be fully extinguished and discharged without any further action. Holders of Allowed Section 510(c) Claims shall not be entitled to receive or retain any property under the Plan.

11. Is there a preferable alternative to my treatment under the Plan?

As described herein, the Debtor has engaged in comprehensive settlement discussions with certain parties in interest, including the Member Committee. The Debtor is not aware of any actionable alternative or settlement proposal at this time that would result in greater recoveries to Holders of Claims and Interests than those described herein. Moreover, the Plan embodies a global resolution supported by the Member Committee. The Debtor continues to believe that the Plan represents the most feasible, highest and otherwise best, value-maximizing alternative. For all of these reasons, the Debtor and Member Committee recommend that you vote to accept the Plan.

12. Are any regulatory approval required to consummate the Plan?

There are no known federal or state regulatory approvals that are required to consummate the Plan at this time. However, to the extent such any such regulatory approvals or other authorizations, consents, rulings, or documents are necessary to implement and effectuate the Plan, it is a condition precedent to the Effective Date that they be obtained.

13. What happens to my recovery if the Plan is not confirmed or does not go effective?

In the event that the Plan is not confirmed or does not go effective, an alternative plan may be proposed to the Holders of Claims, or this case may be dismissed or converted to Chapter 7. Based upon the analyses conducted by the Debtor at this time, the Debtor and the Member Committee have concluded that this Plan provides the best opportunity for Holders of Claims, including current and past Sharity Members, to maximize the amounts they may receive. For a more detailed description of the consequences of an extended chapter 11 case, or of a liquidation scenario, *see* Section IV entitled “Confirmation and Voting” and the Liquidation Analysis attached hereto as **Exhibit B**.

14. What is meant by “Confirmation,” “Effective Date,” and “Consummation?”

“Confirmation” of the Plan refers to approval of the Plan by the Bankruptcy Court. Confirmation of the Plan does not guarantee that you will receive the distribution indicated under the Plan. After Confirmation of the Plan by the Bankruptcy Court, there are conditions that need to be satisfied or waived so that the Plan can go effective. Initial distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims will only be made on the date the Plan becomes effective—the “Effective Date”—or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, as specified in the Plan. *See* Section XIII entitled “Conditions Precedent to the Effective Date” for a discussion of the matters that must be resolved prior to the Plan becoming effective.

15. Is there potential litigation related to the Plan?

Parties in interest may object to the approval of this Disclosure Statement and may object to Confirmation of the Plan as well. Those objections potentially could give rise to litigation. In the event that it becomes necessary to confirm the Plan over the rejection of certain Classes, the Debtors may seek confirmation of the Plan notwithstanding the dissent of such rejecting Classes. The Bankruptcy Court may confirm the Plan pursuant to the “cramdown” provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, which allow the Bankruptcy Court to confirm a plan that has been rejected by an impaired Class if it determines that the Plan satisfies section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

16. How will the preservation of the Causes of Action impact my recovery under the Plan?

The Plan provides that the Liquidating Trust will be vested with all Causes of Action held by the Debtor on the Petition Date.

The Liquidating Trust may pursue such Causes of Action, as appropriate, in accordance with Liquidating Trustee's judgment. **No Entity may rely on the absence of a specific reference in the Plan or the Plan Supplement to any Cause of Action against it as any indication that the Liquidating Trust will not pursue any and all available Causes of Action against it. Except as specifically released under the Plan or pursuant to a Final Order, the Debtor and the Liquidating Trust expressly reserve all rights to prosecute any and all Causes of Action against any Entity.** Unless any Causes of Action of the Debtor against an Entity are expressly waived, relinquished, exculpated, released, compromised, or settled in the Plan or pursuant to a Final Order, the Liquidating Trust expressly reserve all such Causes of Action for later adjudication, and, therefore, no preclusion doctrine, including the doctrines of res judicata, collateral estoppel, issue preclusion, claim preclusion, estoppel (judicial, equitable, or otherwise), or laches, shall apply to such Causes of Action upon, after, or as a consequence of the Confirmation or Consummation.

17. Who do I contact if I have additional questions with respect to the Plan?

If you have any questions regarding this Plan, please contact the Debtor's Solicitation Agent, BMC Group, via one of the following methods:

BMC Group Inc.
Telephone: 1-888-909-0100
Website: www.bmcgroup.com/sharity
Email: sharity@bmcgroup.com

If you are a Sharity Member, you may also contact counsel for the Member Committee:

Sirianni Youtz Spoonemore Hamburger
Website: www.syshlaw.com
Email: Sharitymemberscommittee@sylaw.com

II. DEFINITIONS AND CONSTRUCTION OF TERMS

A. Definitions

As used herein, the following terms have the respective meanings specified below, unless the context otherwise requires:

1. "**Administrative Expense Claim**" means Claims that have been timely filed, pursuant to the deadline and procedures set forth in any bar date order or Confirmation Order, as applicable, or late filed Claims otherwise allowed by Final Order for costs and expenses of administration under sections 503(b), 507(b) or 1114(e)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, including, but not limited to: (a) the actual and necessary costs and expenses incurred after the Petition Date of preserving the Estate and operating the businesses of the Debtor (such as wages, salaries or commissions for services and payments for goods and other services and leased premises); (b) administrative expense claims Allowed under section 503(b)(9) of the Bankruptcy Code (if any); and (c) Professional Fee Claims. For the avoidance of doubt, pursuant to Local Rule 3002-1, the

government shall not be required to file any proof of claim or application for allowance for any claims covered by section 503(b)(1)(B), (C), or (D).

2. “**Administrative Expense Claim Bar Date**” shall be thirty days after service of the Notice of Effective Date.

3. “**Aliera Companies**” means The Aliera Companies, Inc., formerly known as Aliera Healthcare, Inc., and any affiliated or related entities, including but not limited to (i) Advevo, LLC; (ii) Ensurian Agency, LLC; (iii) Tactic Edge Solutions, LLC; and (iv) USA Benefits & Administrators, LLC.

4. “**Aliera Contracts**” means, collectively, any contract between the Debtor and any of the Aliera Companies.

5. “**Allowed**” means, with respect to Claims: (a) any Claim for which a proof of Claim was Filed (or a Claim that does not require the filing of a proof of Claim as provided for under the Plan, the Bankruptcy Code, or a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court,); (b) any Claim which has been or hereafter is listed by the Debtor in the Schedules as liquidated in amount and not disputed or contingent and for which no superseding proof of Claim has been Filed; or (c) any Claim allowed pursuant to the Plan or a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court; provided that with respect to any Claim described in clauses (a) and (b), such Claim shall be considered Allowed only if and to the extent that with respect to such Claim, no objection to the allowance was timely filed (including but not limited to, an objection relating to the timeliness of the filing of the proof of claim), or if such timely objection was filed, the Claim is subsequently Allowed by a Final Order or through an agreement between the claimant and the Liquidating Trustee.

6. “**Allowed Priority Tax Claims**” means a Priority Tax Claim to the extent that it is or has become an Allowed Claim, which in any event shall be reduced by the amount of any offsets, credits, or refunds to which the Debtor or Debtor-in-Possession shall be entitled on the Confirmation Date.

7. “**Allowed Secured Claim**” means a claim secured by property of the Debtor’s bankruptcy estate (or that are subject to setoff) to the extent allowed as a secured claim under § 506 of the Code.

8. “**Allowed Unsecured Claim**” means an Unsecured Claim to the extent it is, or has become, an Allowed Claim, which in any event shall be reduced by the amount of any offsets, credits, or refunds to which the Debtor or Debtor-in-Possession shall be entitled on the Confirmation Date.

9. “**Assets**” means all tangible and intangible assets of every kind and nature of the Debtor and its Estate within the meaning of section 541 of the Bankruptcy Code.

10. “**Available Trust Cash**” means proceeds of the Liquidating Trust’s assets that are available for distribution to holders of Beneficial Interests in the Liquidating Trust in accordance with the Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

11. “**Avoidance Actions**” means all rights to avoid transfers or distributions and recover any such avoided transfers or distributions for the benefit of the Estates under chapter 5 of the

Bankruptcy Code or otherwise, including, but not limited to, Bankruptcy Code sections 506(d), 522, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, or 553, or otherwise under the Bankruptcy Code or under similar or related state or federal statutes and common law, including, without limitation, all preference, fraudulent conveyance, fraudulent transfer, voidable transfer, and/or other similar avoidance claims, rights, and causes of action, whether or not demand has been made or litigation has been commenced as of the Effective Date to prosecute such Avoidance Actions..

12. “**Ballot**” means the ballot on which each Holder of a Claim entitled to vote to accept or reject this Plan casts such vote.

13. “**Bankruptcy Code**” means title 11 of the United States Code, as amended from time to time.

14. “**Bankruptcy Court**” means the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware, having jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Case.

15. “**Bankruptcy Rules**” means the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, as amended from time to time.

16. “**Beneficiary**” means, with respect to a Liquidating Trust, any Holder of an Allowed Claim that may, or that is entitled to, receive a Distribution from the Liquidating Trust under the terms of this Plan.

17. “**Beneficial Interests**” means the uncertificated beneficial interests in the Liquidating Trust evidencing the right of each Holder of an Allowed Claim that may, or that is entitled to, receive a Distribution from the Liquidating Trust under the terms of this Plan.

18. “**Business Day**” means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday, or any other day on which commercial banks in New York, New York are required or authorized to close by law or executive order.

19. “**Cash**” means legal tender of the United States of America and equivalents thereof.

20. “**Causes of Action**” means all claims, actions (including the Avoidance Actions), causes of action (including commercial tort claims), choses in action, suits, debts, dues, sums of money, accounts, reckonings, bonds, bills, specialties, covenants, contracts, controversies, agreements, promises, variances, trespasses, damages, judgments, third-party claims, counterclaims, and crossclaims of any Debtor and/or the Estate against any Person or Entity, based in law or equity, including, but not limited to, under the Bankruptcy Code, whether direct, indirect, derivative, or otherwise and whether asserted or unasserted.

21. “**Chapter 11 Case**” means this case under chapter 11 subchapter V of the Bankruptcy Code in which Sharity Ministries Inc. is the Debtor and which case is currently pending in the Bankruptcy Court.

22. “**Claim**” means any “right to payment from the Debtor whether or not such right is reduced to judgment, liquidated, unliquidated, fixed, contingent, matured, unmatured, disputed, undisputed, legal, equitable, secured or unsecured; or any right to an equitable remedy for future

performance if such breach gives rise to a right of payment from the Debtor, whether or not such right to an equitable remedy is reduced to judgment, fixed, contingent, matured, disputed, undisputed, secured or unsecured.” 11 U.S.C. § 101(5). Under the Plan, all Members have Allowed Claims for (i) uncovered medical expenses and/or for a return of monthly payments, whichever is greater, based upon the records maintained by Sharity, or (ii) if they have filed a proof of claim, the amount set forth in the proof of claim unless objected to. Members have the right to submit additional claims they believe exist by filing a proof of claim by the General Bar Date.

23. “**Claims Agent**” means BMC Group, having the address of BMC Group, Attn: Sharity Ministries Claims Processing, PO Box 90100, Los Angeles, CA 90009 and the following website: <https://www.bmcgroup.com/sharity>.

24. “**Claims Objection Deadline**” means the date that is one hundred and eighty (180) days after the Effective Date or such later date as may be approved by the Bankruptcy Court upon motion.

25. “**Claims Resolution Procedures**” means the process by which a Holder of Claims may Dispute the decision of the claims processor as to the Allowed amount of a Claim or whether a Claim is Allowed, which shall be set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement. Any such dispute shall be submitted for final and binding arbitration before (ret.) Judge George Finkle of Judicial Dispute Resolution in Seattle, Washington, and Members may have the right to seek review of such decision as may be set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement. The type and manner of the arbitration (in-person, by phone or video conference, or on the papers), shall be determined by the arbitrator in his sole discretion. Expenses of the arbitrator shall be paid from the Liquidating Trust. The arbitration provisions shall not apply to the States’ Class 5 Claims which shall be subject to review by the Bankruptcy Court.

26. “**Class**” means any group of substantially similar Claims or Interests classified by this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement pursuant to sections 1122 and 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code.

27. “**Collateral**” means any property or interest in property of the estate of the Debtor subject to a lien, charge, or other encumbrance to secure the payment or performance of a Claim, which lien, charge, or other encumbrance is not subject to avoidance under the Bankruptcy Code.

28. “**Clerk**” means the clerk of the Bankruptcy Court.

29. “**Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement**” or “**Plan**” means this *Combined Disclosure Statement and Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation of Sharity Ministries Inc.*, including, without limitation, all exhibits, supplements, appendices, and schedules hereto, either in their present form or as the same may be altered, amended, or modified from time to time through substantial consummation thereof, including the Plan Supplement.

30. “**Creditor**” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in Bankruptcy Code section 101(10).

31. “**Debtor**” or “**Debtor-in-Possession**” means Sharity Ministries, Inc.

32. “**Disputed**” means any Claim that is or hereafter may be listed on the Schedules as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, or which is objected to in whole or in part prior to the Claims Objection Deadline and has not been Allowed in whole or in part by settlement or Final Order.
33. “**Disputed Claims Reserve**” means the reserve established by the Liquidating Trustee for the benefit of Holders of Disputed Claims.
34. “**Distribution**” means any distribution to Holders of Allowed Claims, or their designated agents, or Beneficiaries, as applicable, under or pursuant to this Plan and/or the Liquidating Trust Agreement.
35. “**Distribution Record Date**” means the record date for purposes of making Distributions under the Plan on account of Allowed Claims, which date shall be the Effective Date.
36. “**Docket**” means the docket in the Chapter 11 Case maintained by the Clerk.
37. “**Effective Date**” means the date on which the conditions specified in Section XIV of this Plan have been satisfied or waived and the transactions contemplated hereunder have been consummated. The Debtor shall file a Notice of Effective Date (as defined below) on the Docket indicating the calendar date which corresponds to the Effective Date.
38. “**Entity**” means an entity as defined in section 101(15) of the Bankruptcy Code.
39. “**Estate**” means the estate of the Debtor created upon the commencement of the Chapter 11 Case pursuant to section 541 of the Bankruptcy Code.
40. “**Exculpated Parties**” means, collectively, (i) the Subchapter V Trustee and any professionals retained by the Subchapter V Trustee to the extent such retention(s) were approved by the Bankruptcy Court, (ii) the Member Committee in their official capacity and any professionals retained by the Member Committee to the extent such retention(s) were approved by the Bankruptcy Court, and only to the extent such professionals acted on behalf of the Member Committee, (iii) the professionals retained by the Debtor under sections 327, 328, 363 of the Bankruptcy Code that were approved by the Bankruptcy Court: (a) Baker & Hostetler LLP as its legal counsel [D.I. 138]; (b) Landis Rath & Cobb LLP as co-counsel [D.I. 135]; (c) SOLIC Capital Advisors, LLC [D.I. 140]; (d) the following interim officers: Neil Luria as Chief Restructuring Officer, Raoul Nowitz as Assistant Chief Restructuring Officer, and Kevin Tavakoli as Director of Finance; (e) BMC Group, Inc. as administrative advisor [D.I. 136], and (iv) the three independent directors of the Debtor specifically, 1. Mr. Chris Sizemore, 2. Mr. Joe Handy, and 3. Mr. Stephen Vault.
41. “**Exculpation Timeframe**” means the time period from the Petition Date through and including the Effective Date.
42. “**Executory Contract**” means any executory contract or unexpired lease, within the meaning of section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, as of the Petition Date between the Debtor and any Entity.

43. “**File**,” “**Filed**” or “**Filing**” means file, filed, or filing with the Bankruptcy Court in the Chapter 11 Case.
44. “**Final Order**” means an Order of the Bankruptcy Court or a Court of competent jurisdiction to hear appeals from the Bankruptcy Court, that has not been reversed, stayed, modified, or amended, and as to which (a) any appeal that has been taken has been finally determined and dismissed, or (b) the time for appeal has expired and no notice of appeal has been filed.
45. “**General Bar Date**” means January 4, 2022, the deadline for each Person or Entity, including without limitation, individuals, partnerships, corporations, joint ventures and trusts, other than Governmental Units, to file a proof of Claim against the Debtor for a Claim that arose prior to the Petition Date.
46. “**General Unsecured Claim**” means Claims against any Debtor that is (i) not a Secured Claim, Administrative Expense Claim, Priority Tax Claim, Priority Non-Tax Claim, Member Claim for Post-July 8, 2021 Monthly Payments, Governmental Fines and Penalty Claim, or Section 510(c) Claim, or (ii) is otherwise determined by the Bankruptcy Court to be a General Unsecured Claim. Member Claims other than those for post-July 8, 2021 monthly payments are General Unsecured Claims.
47. “**Governmental Fines and Penalty Claim**” means Claims against the Debtor by any Governmental Unit for fines or penalties.
48. “**Governmental Unit**” has the meaning set forth in section 101(27) of the Bankruptcy Code.
49. “**Governmental Unit Bar Date**” means January 4, 2022, the deadline for Governmental Units to file a proof of Claim against the Debtor for a Claim that arose prior to the Petition Date.
50. “**Holder**” means the legal or beneficial holder of any Claim.
51. “**Impaired**” means, when used with reference to a Claim or Interest, a Claim or Interest that is impaired within the meaning of section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code.
52. “**Insurance Policies**” means all insurance policies of the Debtor, including any D&O Policies.
53. “**Interim Compensation Order**” means the Bankruptcy Court’s August 10, 2021 Order Establishing Procedures for Interim Compensation and Reimbursement of Expenses for Professionals [D.I. 134].
54. “**IRC**” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
55. “**IRS**” means the Internal Revenue Service.

56. “**Lien**” means any mortgage, pledge, deed of trust, assessment, security interest, lease, lien, adverse claim, levy, charge, right of first refusal or surrender right, or other encumbrance of any kind, including any “lien” as defined in section 101(37) of the Bankruptcy Code.
57. “**Liquidating Trust Committee**” means the Committee, composed of no more than five (5) current and former members of Sharity Ministries, Inc. and any designated governmental representative. The Members Committee shall serve as the initial Liquidating Trust Committee, in accordance with the Liquidating Trust Agreement. The Liquidating Trust Committee will oversee the activities of the Liquidating Trustee and Liquidating Trust Advisors to act in the best interest of the current and former Sharity Members.
58. “**Liquidating Trust**” means the trust that will come into existence upon the Effective Date and into which all of the Liquidating Trust Assets will vest pursuant to the Plan, which trust shall be formed pursuant to and governed by the Liquidating Trust Agreement.
59. “**Liquidating Trust Advisors**” means any firm(s) or individual(s) retained by a Liquidating Trustee to serve as a Liquidating Trustee’s legal counsel or provide other professional services in connection with the performance of a Liquidating Trustee’s duties and responsibilities under this Plan and a Liquidating Trust Agreement. For the avoidance of doubt, the Liquidating Trust Advisors can include any firm(s) or individual(s) retained by the Debtor and/or Members Committee during the Chapter 11 Case.
60. “**Liquidating Trust Agreement**” means the agreement governing the Liquidating Trust, dated on or about the Effective Date, substantially in the form included in the Plan Supplement.
61. “**Liquidating Trust Assets**” means all Assets of the Debtor and its Estate as of the Effective Date, excluding the Professional Fee Claim Reserve and Assets previously distributed and not otherwise subject to recovery.
62. “**Liquidating Trust Operating Expenses**” means the overhead and other operational expenses of the Liquidating Trust including, but not limited to, (i) reasonable compensation for the Liquidating Trustee in accordance with the Liquidating Trust Agreement, (ii) costs and expenses incurred by the Liquidating Trustee in administering the Liquidating Trust, (iii) Statutory Fees that may become payable by the Liquidating Trust after the Effective Date to the U.S. Trustee, and (iv) any fees and expenses payable to the Liquidating Trust Advisors.
63. “**Liquidating Trustee**” means the person or Entity identified in the Liquidating Trust Agreement and appointed by the Members Committee, as of the Effective Date or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, as the fiduciary responsible for administering the Liquidating Trust, and any successor subsequently appointed pursuant to the Liquidating Trust Agreement.
64. “**Local Rules**” means the Local Rules of Bankruptcy Practice and Procedure of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware, as amended from time to time.
65. “**Medical Claim(s)**” means the mechanism by which Members submit for payment their expenses for medical services, also known as “share requests.” This includes health care claims submitted for payment by medical providers to Sharity on behalf of Members.

66. “**Member**” means any individual who, at any time, was enrolled in Sharity, or its predecessor, Trinity Healthcare, Inc.’s health plans.
67. “**Member Claim Allocation**” means the greater of either a Member’s Refund Claims, or a Member’s total Unpaid Medical Claims, each as set forth in the Debtor’s books and records.
68. “**Member Claim for Post-July 8, 2021 Monthly Payments**” means a claim held by a Member on account of money paid to Sharity after July 8, 2021.
69. “**Member Committee**” means the Official Committee of Members appointed by the U.S. Trustee in the Chapter 11 Case on August 20, 2021 [D.I. 163].
70. “**Member Refund Claim**” means a claim held by a Member in the amount of all monthly payments made to Sharity by such Member.
71. “**Miscellaneous Secured Claims**” means Claims (or portions thereof), except Priority Tax Claims, that are secured by a lien on property in which the Debtor’s Estate has an interest, which liens are valid, perfected and enforceable under applicable law or by reason of a Final Order, or that are subject to setoff under section 553 of the Bankruptcy Code, to the extent of the value of the Claim holder’s interest in the Estate’s interest in such property or to the extent of the amount subject to setoff, as applicable, as determined pursuant to section 506(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.
72. “**Notice of Effective Date**” means a notice to be Filed with the Bankruptcy Court by the Debtor upon the occurrence of all the conditions precedent to the Effective Date set forth in Section XII of this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement.
73. “**Order**” means an order, opinion, or judgment of the Bankruptcy Court as entered on the Docket.
74. “**Other Member Claim**” means any Claim filed by a Member other than an Unpaid Medical Claim, Member Refund Claim or Member Claim for Post-July 8, 2021 Payments.
75. “**Person**” has the meaning set forth in section 101(41) of the Bankruptcy Code.
76. “**Petition Date**” means July 8, 2021, the date the Chapter 11 Case was commenced.
77. “**Plan Confirmation Date**” means the date on which the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court enters the Plan Confirmation Order on the Docket.
78. “**Plan Confirmation Hearing**” means the hearing to be held by the Bankruptcy Court to consider approval and confirmation of this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement, as such hearing may be adjourned or continued from time to time.
79. “**Plan Confirmation Order**” means an order entered by the Bankruptcy Court approving and confirming this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement under section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code.

80. “**Plan Documents**” means this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement, the Plan Supplement, and all exhibits and schedules attached to any of the foregoing.

81. “**Plan Proponent**” means the Debtor.

82. “**Plan Supplement**” means the appendix of any schedules or exhibits that may be filed at least fourteen (14) days prior to the deadline for submission of Ballots to vote to accept or reject a plan. The Plan Supplement will be filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served on the required notice parties and shall be made available on the Debtor’s claims agent’s website (<https://www.bmcgroup.com/sharity>).

83. “**Post-Petition Payments Reserve**” means all amounts paid to the Debtor by Members on or after July 8, 2021, in the approximate amount of \$1,178,866.

84. “**Priority Non-Tax Claim**” means any Claim, other than an Administrative Expense Claim or a Priority Tax Claim, entitled to priority in payment as specified in section 507(a).

85. “**Priority Tax Claim**” means an unsecured Claim, or a portion thereof, that is entitled to priority under section 507(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code, except for Texas Taxing Authority Secured Claims.

86. “**Privilege**” means the attorney client privilege, work product protections or other immunities (including without limitation those related to a common interest or a joint defense with other parties to the extent set forth in such documents), or protections from disclosure of any kind held by the Debtor or Estate as permitted under the Federal Rule of Evidence 501 and all other applicable law.

87. “**Professional**” means any professional person employed by the Debtor, the Subchapter V Trustee, or the Members Committee in the Chapter 11 Case pursuant to sections 327, 363, or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise pursuant to an Order of the Bankruptcy Court.

88. “**Professional Fee Claim**” means a Claim under Bankruptcy Code Sections 328, 330(a), 331, or 503 for compensation of a Professional or other Entity for services rendered or expenses incurred in the Chapter 11 Case.

89. “**Professional Fee Claim Reserve**” means the reserve established by the Debtor and maintained pursuant to the terms of the Plan and the Confirmation Order to be distributed to holders of Allowed Professional Fee Claims.

90. “**Pro Rata Share**” means, with respect to any Distribution on account of any Allowed Claim, the ratio that the amount of such Allowed Claim bears to the aggregate amount of all Allowed Claims in the same Class.

91. “**Rejection Damages Claim**” means any Claim under section 502(g) of the Bankruptcy Code arising from, or relating to, the rejection of an Executory Contract pursuant to section 365(a) of the Bankruptcy Code by the Debtor, as limited, in the case of a rejected employment contract or unexpired lease, by section 502(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

92. “**Rejection Notice**” means a notice Filed and served by the Debtor to counterparties to Executory Contracts upon the Debtor’s determination that one or more of the Executory Contracts should be rejected.
93. “**Residual Interests**” means the uncertificated residual beneficial interests in the Liquidating Trust evidencing the right of each Holder of an Allowed Governmental Fines and Penalty Claim that may, or that is entitled to, receive a Distribution from the Liquidating Trust under the terms of this Plan.
94. “**Schedules**” means the schedules of assets and liabilities and statements of financial affairs Filed by the Debtor pursuant to section 521 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 1007(b), as such schedules or statements may be amended or supplemented from time to time.
95. “**Section 510(c) Claim**” means a Claim against the Debtor that, under principles of equitable subordination, is subordinate for purposes of distribution of all or part of an allowed claim.
96. “**Sharity**” means the Debtor in this bankruptcy case, Sharity Ministries Inc. and its predecessor, Trinity Healthshare, Inc.
97. “**Statutory Fees**” means any and all fees payable to the U.S. Trustee pursuant to section 1930 of title 28 of the United States Code and any interest thereupon.
98. “**Unclaimed Distribution**” means a Distribution that is not claimed by a Holder of an Allowed Claim on or prior to the Unclaimed Distribution Deadline.
99. “**Unclaimed Distribution Deadline**” means three (3) months from the date the Liquidating Trustee makes a Distribution.
100. “**U.S. Trustee**” means the Office of the United States Trustee for the District of Delaware.
101. “**Unpaid Medical Claim**” means a Claim for a Member’s gross, unpaid Medical Claims (share requests).
102. “**Voting Deadline**” means November 22, 2021, at 5:00 p.m. (prevailing Eastern Time).
103. “**Voting Procedures**” means the plan voting procedures approved by the Bankruptcy Court in its *Order (I) Approving the Disclosure Statement on an Interim Basis; (II) Scheduling a Combined Hearing on Final Approval of the Disclosure Statement and Plan Confirmation and Deadlines Related Thereto; (III) Approving the Solicitation, Notice and Tabulation Procedures and the Forms Related Thereto; and (IV) Granting Related Relief* [D.I. 263], which provide, with some exceptions, that each claim in Class 3 and 4 are temporarily allowed for voting purposes at \$1, unless such claim is objected to before confirmation.

B. Interpretation; Application of Definitions and Rules of Construction

Wherever from the context it appears appropriate, each term stated in either the singular or the plural shall include both the singular and the plural and pronouns stated in the masculine,

feminine or neuter gender shall include the masculine, feminine and neuter. Unless otherwise specified, all section, article, schedule or exhibit references in this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement are to the respective section in, Article of, Schedule to, or Exhibit to this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement. The words “herein,” “hereof,” “hereto,” “hereunder” and other words of similar import refer to this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement as a whole and not to any particular section, subsection or clause contained in this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement. The rules of construction contained in Bankruptcy Code Section 102 shall apply to the construction of this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement. A term used herein that is not defined herein, but that is used in the Bankruptcy Code, shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in the Bankruptcy Code. The headings in this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement are for convenience of reference only and shall not limit or otherwise affect the provisions of this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement. Any reference to the “Liquidating Trustee” shall be deemed to include a reference to the “Liquidating Trust” and any reference to the “Liquidating Trust” shall be deemed to include a reference to the “Liquidating Trustee” unless the context otherwise requires. Bankruptcy Rule 9006 shall apply to all computations of time periods prescribed or allowed by this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement unless otherwise set forth herein or provided by the Bankruptcy Court.

III. BACKGROUND

On the Petition Date, the Debtor Filed a voluntary petition for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code and elected to proceed under Subchapter V. As explained further below, by reason of the consensual stipulation and order entered at D.I. 229, the case is now a standard chapter 11 case.

A. Nature and History of the Debtor’s Business.

Sharity is a Section 501(c)(3) nonprofit corporation that operated as a Health Care Sharing Ministry (“HCSM”) until about July 19, 2021. Sharity no longer operates as a going concern. It exists only to wind up its affairs and liquidate its assets for the benefit of its creditors, including its Members.

Sharity was incorporated in Delaware in 2018 under the name Trinity Healthshare, Inc. and later amended its certificate of incorporation to change its name to Sharity Ministries, Inc. From the time of its formation until it ceased operations, Sharity operated as a HCSM, a health plan intended to share health care expenses among persons of similar and sincerely held religious beliefs. Members participated in Sharity’s HCSM by submitting monthly payments to Sharity to assist other Members with their medical expenses. Whether Sharity operated as a genuine HCSM is disputed by certain state regulators and members in litigation.

B. Legal Structure and Ownership.

Sharity is a Section 501(c)(3) nonprofit corporation. As a result, it has no stock and no person or entity owns it. Sharity is operated by its Board of Directors, which as of the Petition Date consisted of the following people: Christopher Sizemore (Chairman), Stephen Vault, Joseph Handy, A. Joseph Guarino III, and William “Rip” Thead III. Messrs. Sizemore, Vault, and Handy are the three independent directors of Sharity. Mr. Sizemore joined the Board in 2019 and Messrs.

Vault and Handy joined in 2020. Since the Petition Date, Mr. Thead and Mr. Guarino resigned from the Board of Directors on July 23, 2021, and August 9, 2021, respectively.

C. Events Leading to the Filing of the Bankruptcy Case.

From its inception, Sharity historically contracted with Alera and its wholly owned subsidiaries to provide various management and administrative services to support Sharity's program operations. Sharity was previously party to a single contract with Alera Healthcare Inc. n/k/a The Alera Companies, Inc. to provide those services. Effective January 1, 2020, Sharity was a party to a series of vendor agreements with the Alera Companies, the Alera Contracts, each with an initial 5-year term.

Under the Alera Contracts, Sharity retained certain of the Alera Companies to, among other things, provide (i) administrative services, (ii) information technology related services, (iii) marketing, brand development, and sale services, and (iv) regulatory and compliance services.

Before the bankruptcy, various governmental units and private parties brought investigations, claims, or lawsuits against the Alera Companies and Sharity itself, alleging, among other things, that Sharity's health plans were unauthorized health insurance and not HCSM plans. Those cases alleged, among other matters, that the payments to the Alera Companies were in excess of amounts appropriately allowed for such services and, as such, left very little available to be used to pay Members' requests for sharing of medical expenses. A number of courts and/or agencies issued orders against the Alera Companies and/or Sharity requiring them to cease and desist from offering health care sharing programs and withdrawal from the health care markets in a number of states. A list of state regulatory actions against the Alera Companies and Sharity can be found at <http://www.symslaw.com/aliera-and-trinity-litigation/stateregulation>.

Sharity's involvement in these matters and the findings of the courts and agencies negatively impacted Sharity's reputation, financial position, and membership levels. At the time it filed for bankruptcy, Sharity had been investigating whether a backlog of its Members' share requests had not been paid while it was operating under the Alera Contracts. Also, Sharity had been investigating whether the Alera Companies owed amounts that should have been paid to Members during such prior contract terms, and/or owed money or damages directly to Sharity.

Prior to bankruptcy and the decision to cease operations, Sharity commenced a strategic process by which it (a) solicited third party interest to enter into agreements to provide administrative, technological, and other services to Sharity, and (b) analyzed its operational footprint to determine the locations in which it could most effectively operate (the "Strategic Process"). According to the Debtor, the goal of the Strategic Process was to benefit the Debtor's membership by maximizing the efficiency of Sharity's operations, such that a greater percentage of each dollar shared by a member would ultimately be used to assist other members with their medical expenses. One advantage of a bankruptcy filing was that Sharity could terminate its contracts with Alera more quickly.

As a result of the Strategic Process, Sharity identified certain third-party service providers (the "TPA and Related Vendors") that Sharity's management believed could provide a high-

quality level of service at more competitive prices than the Alieria Companies and decided to reduce the number of states in which it previously operated.

At the time Sharity filed for bankruptcy, its original goal was to facilitate the transition to the TPA and Related Vendors and to reorganize its operations while (i) continuing to operate as a going concern, (ii) protecting its valuable member relationships, and (iii) facilitating the payment of eligible member Medical Claims (share requests). According to the terms of the Alieria Contracts, Sharity does not have the ability to terminate those contracts without significant termination periods. Absent a bankruptcy filing, Sharity did not have the ability to terminate the Alieria Companies without multi-year termination periods.

As explained below, the Debtor determined during the Chapter 11 Case that reorganization was not feasible and in the best interest of Members. As such, the Debtor ceased accepting contributions from Members and has segregated all funds received from Members after the Petition Date.

D. Debtor's Assets

On the Petition Date, Sharity had approximately \$4.8 million in cash on hand. Sharity also owns assets that have minimal or unknown value, such as (i) prepaid expenses and security deposits of approximately \$971,744 (inclusive of professional retainers), (ii) miscellaneous office furniture and supplies with an unknown value, (iii) the trademark "Sharity Ministries" and various website domain names with unknown values, and (iv) its membership list with an unknown value. The Debtor's assets also include potential claims or causes of action against the Alieria Companies and others with an unknown value. All claims and causes of action shall vest in the Liquidating Trust on the Effective Date so that the Liquidating Trustee may prosecute such claims and causes of action for the benefit of the Members and Creditors.

E. Debtor's Liabilities

Sharity does not believe that any person holds a secured claim against it or that it has any Priority Unsecured Claims. Currently, Sharity's liability to its primary stakeholders, the Members, is unknown. Based on data produced to the Debtor by the Alieria Companies during the Chapter 11 Case, the Debtor learned it may have liability for Unpaid Member Medical Claims that had been approved for sharing of more than \$50 million. The Debtor's investigation of such amounts is ongoing. As to other unsecured liabilities, Sharity's records reflects that it has liquidated Unsecured Claims of a de minimis amount (not including disputed Unsecured Claims) and is facing substantial Governmental Fines and Penalty Claims. The General Bar Date is January 4, 2022, and Unsecured Claims of approximately \$10.3 million have been filed against the Debtor as of September 28, 2021. This amount excludes Claims filed by the Alieria Companies, all of which are disputed by the Debtor, and an unliquidated class action claim seeking one trillion dollars in damages. Inasmuch as the Debtor intends to bring an adversary proceeding for the subordination of all claims of the Alieria Companies, it intends to object to any request by the Alieria Companies for payment of any claims as Administrative Expenses and/or General Unsecured Claims.

F. Current and Historical Financial Condition.

Copies of Sharity’s most recent financial statements were filed with the Court on the Petition Date. Over the past three years, Sharity’s approximate gross revenues were as follows: \$68.8 million (2019), \$127 million (2020), and \$33.8 million (2021 year to Petition Date - or approximately \$64.1 million annualized).

Since the Petition Date, the Debtor has ceased all operations. The Debtor has determined that the only feasible path forward is for the Debtor to liquidate and wind down its affairs.

G. Significant Events During the Bankruptcy Case.

1. First Days Orders.

On the Petition Date, Sharity filed several “first day” motions with the Bankruptcy Court seeking various forms of relief designed to facilitate a smooth transition for the Sharity into Chapter 11. Following a hearing, the Bankruptcy Court entered the following orders:

- *Final Order (I) Authorizing the Debtor to (A) Pay Pre-Petition Employee Wages, Salaries, Benefits, and Reimbursable Expenses, and Other Associated Obligations, and (B) Continue the Post-Petition Maintenance of Employee Benefit Programs, Policies, and Procedures; and (II) Granting Related Relief.* [D.I. 133].
- *Final Order (I) Authorizing the Debtor to (A) Continue to Operate its Cash Management System, (B) Maintain its Bank Accounts and Pay Bank and Processor Charges, and (C) Maintain Existing Business Forms; (II) Granting a Limited Waiver of the Requirements of Section 345(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, to the Extent Applicable; and (III) Granting Certain Other Related Relief.* [D.I. 137].
- *Interim Order Authorizing the Debtor to Continue Paying Share Requests of its Members in Furtherance of its Charitable Mission.* [D.I. 50].
- *Order (i) Approving Scope of Notice with Respect to Debtor’s Members, (ii) Approving Opt-In Procedure for Additional Notice, and (iii) Granting Related Relief* [D.I. 160].

2. Employment of Professionals and Advisors.

Sharity has also sought and obtained Bankruptcy Court approval of Sharity’s employment of various professionals and advisors to assist with this Chapter 11 Case. Specifically, the Bankruptcy Court has approved Sharity’s retention of the following professionals and advisors: (i) Baker & Hostetler LLP as its legal counsel [D.I. 138]; (ii) Landis Rath & Cobb LLP as co-counsel [D.I. 135]; (iii) SOLIC Capital Advisors, LLC to provide services and certain interim officers, including Neil Luria as Chief Restructuring Officer, Raoul Nowitz as Assistant Chief Restructuring Officer, and Kevin Tavakoli as Director of Finance [D.I. 140]; and (iv) BMC Group, Inc. as its claims and noticing agent and administrative advisor [D.I. 40, 136].

3. Assumption or Rejection of Certain Contracts.

In order to transition from partnering with the Alera Companies to the TPA and Related Vendors, on July 8, 2021, Sharity filed a motion to authorize the rejection of all or substantially all of the Alera Contracts as of the Petition Date. Following a hearing on the motion and discussions with The Alera Companies, the United States Trustee and others, the parties submitted an agreed proposed order on or about August 18, 2021. The Bankruptcy Court entered the agreed-upon *Order (i) Authorizing the Debtor to Reject Certain Executory Contracts Nunc Pro Tunc to the Petition Date or Later Specified Rejection Date, and (ii) Granting Certain Related Relief* [D.I. 161] on August 19, 2021.

On August 18, 2021, after the Debtor decided to cease operating and wind up its operations, the Debtor filed a *Second Omnibus Motion for Entry and Order (I) Authorizing the Debtor to Reject, as of a Specified Rejection Date, (A) Certain Executory Contracts, and (B) that Certain Unexpired Lease; and (II) Granting Related Relief* [D.I. 156], seeking to reject contracts that were not necessary for the wind down of the Debtor's affairs. The Bankruptcy Court entered an order granting this motion on September 7, 2021 [D.I. 182].

On September 22, 2021, the Debtor filed a *Third Omnibus Motion for Entry and Order (I) Authorizing the Debtor to Reject Certain Executory Contracts; and (II) Granting Related Relief* [D.I. 204], seeking to reject additional contracts that were not necessary for the wind down of the Debtor's affairs. The Bankruptcy Court entered an order granting this motion on October 4, 2021, [D.I. 227].

4. Stay of Pending Litigation.

As set forth in the Schedules and First Day Affidavit, as of the Petition Date, Sharity was a party to a number of investigations, claims, or lawsuits. The automatic stay under section 362(a) of the Bankruptcy Code had the immediate effect of halting a significant number such actions against Sharity, allowing Sharity to save money that would otherwise have been used on legal expenses. It does not stay the pursuit of governmental police and regulatory actions based on an exception in Section 362(b)(4) of the Bankruptcy Code, but the governmental entities with pending litigation have been voluntarily deferring actions therein in order to facilitate the prompt resolution of this case and the beginning of payments to Members.

5. Claims Process and Bar Date.

1. **Schedules and Statements.** On July 8, 2021, Sharity filed its Schedules with the Bankruptcy Court. The U.S. Trustee held the meeting of creditors pursuant to section 341(a) of the Bankruptcy Code on August 4, 2021 and on September 28, 2021.

2. **Bar Dates.** The General Bar Date is January 4, 2022; and the Governmental Unit Bar Date is January 4, 2022.

6. The Debtor's Decision to Cease Operations and Wind Down its Affairs

Sharity filed the Chapter 11 Case with the original goal of using its authority under the Bankruptcy Code to reject the Alera Contracts and transition to the TPA and Related Vendors to

lower its costs and break away from the Alieria Companies, particularly in light of the significant litigation brought by a number of Governmental Units challenging the relationship between the Debtor and the Alieria Companies. The Debtor understood this would be a difficult task for several reasons, including that Alieria Healthcare Inc. n/k/a The Alieria Companies, Inc. had originally been responsible for establishing the Debtor and had previously contracted with the Debtor under a single vendor agreement.

Following the Petition Date, the Debtor encountered several practical and technical issues disentangling its operations from the Alieria Companies. Among other issues, the Alieria Companies took the position that they owned certain data and information that was critical to the Debtor's continued operations. It became clear that the Debtor would be unable to process or facilitate the payment of Share Requests for approximately four to six weeks post-petition, and potentially significantly longer and only after ongoing disputes with the Alieria Companies were resolved. Prior to the Petition Date, the Debtor stopped paying the Alieria Companies and did not notify the Alieria Companies of the separation until after the filing of the Chapter 11 Case because it was concerned that the Alieria Companies would undermine the transition process. Moreover, before the bankruptcy, the Alieria Companies had not been forthcoming in providing financial information for the Debtor to be able to understand what had happened with unpaid Medical Claims.

Faced with an uncertain timeline on its ability to facilitate member payments, the need for potential litigation against Alieria, and the upcoming extended August 15, 2021 deadline for individuals to obtain insurance under the Affordable Care Act, on July 19, 2021, the Debtor's independent board determined that it was in the best interest of the Estate and Members to cease operations and conduct an orderly wind-down. This decision was based on the Debtor's sound and conservative business judgment that continuing to accept Monthly Payments from Members would come with further risk to Members being able to obtain payment of their medical expenses. Notice of the Debtor's decision was immediately given to the United States Trustee and the Subchapter V Trustee, sent to all Members known to the Debtor, and posted on the Debtor's public website. The Debtor also announced this decision at a status conference held on July 22, 2021.

Since making its decision, the Debtor has continued to take sensible steps in managing its affairs and implementing the shutdown process. The Debtor shut off its ACH and credit card payments to ensure it did not receive additional payments from Members and has segregated funds it received post-petition from Members. The Debtor has been working diligently to reconcile significant amounts of data produced by the Alieria Companies so that the Debtor can continue its investigation of the Members' unpaid Medical Claims and amounts the Debtor believes are owed to the Debtor from the Alieria Companies and other third parties.

Furthermore, on July 29, 2021, the Debtor's Board voted to expand the powers of Mr. Luria, the Chief Restructuring Officer, to bind the Debtor with respect to any matter or investigate any matter that would otherwise require Board approval and all of the Board of Director's powers and authority under Delaware law in connection with the Chapter 11 Case. The Board further resolved that Mr. Luria could only be removed as Chief Restructuring Officer upon approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

7. The U.S. Trustee's Motion to Remove the Debtor, or Alternatively to Authorize the Subchapter V Trustee to Investigate the Debtor's Financial Affairs.

After the Debtor announced its decision to cease operations and pivot to a liquidation, the U.S. Trustee filed the *United States Trustee's Motion to Remove the Debtor in Possession Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1185, or Alternatively, Motion to Authorize the Subchapter V Trustee to Investigate the Debtor's Financial Affairs Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1183* [D.I. 68]. In the Motion, the U.S. Trustee asserted that cause existed to remove the Debtor based on allegations of incompetence and gross mismanagement of the Debtor's pre-petition and post-petition affairs. Several parties filed joinders to the motion, including the *AlieraCare Plaintiffs' Joinder In United States Trustee's Motion To Remove The Debtor In Possession Or Alternatively To Authorize The Subchapter V Trustee To Investigate The Debtor's Affairs* [D.I. 85], and the *Joinder To The United States Trustee's Motion To Remove The Debtor In Possession Pursuant To 11 U.S.C. § 1185, Or Alternatively, Motion To Authorize The Subchapter V Trustee To Investigate The Debtor's Financial Affairs Pursuant To 11 U.S.C. § 1183* [D.I. 93].

In opposition to the U.S. Trustee's motion, the Debtor filed the *Debtor's Response In Opposition To The United States Trustee's Motion To Remove The Debtor In Possession Pursuant To 11 U.S.C. § 1185, Or Alternatively, Motion To Authorize The Subchapter V Trustee To Investigate The Debtor's Financial Affairs Pursuant To 11 U.S.C. § 1183* [D.I. 84]. The U.S. Trustee then filed the *United States Trustee's Reply In Support Of Motion To Remove The Debtor In Possession Pursuant To 11 U.S.C. § 1185, Or Alternatively, Motion To Authorize The Subchapter V Trustee To Investigate The Debtor's Financial Affairs Pursuant To 11 U.S.C. § 1183* [D.I. 101].

After conducting an evidentiary hearing on August 5 and 9, 2021, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order on August 12, 2021, holding the U.S. Trustee's motion and the joinders in abeyance regarding the removal of the Debtor as debtor in possession and granting the portions of the motion and joinders regarding the expansion of the Subchapter V Trustee's duties to include an investigation of the Debtor's financial affairs [D.I. 144]. In addition, the Bankruptcy Court directed that the Subchapter V Trustee shall: (i) be kept fully informed by the Debtor, the Chief Restructuring Officer, and SOLIC on all data migration and data management issues; (ii) investigate whether the Debtor is eligible to be a Subchapter V debtor; (iii) investigate whether the Debtor's employees, as of the Petition Date, are necessary for the purposes of this bankruptcy case; and (iv) investigate and provide guidance to this Court as to SOLIC's continued services in this bankruptcy case and an approximate schedule for SOLIC's termination and discharge. The Bankruptcy Court further directed the U.S. Trustee to appoint an official committee of Members.

Since the Bankruptcy Court's ruling, the Debtor's Chief Restructuring Officer has conducted almost daily meetings with the Subchapter V Trustee to apprise her of the Debtor's efforts to (among other things) identify all Members, identify all unpaid share requests and allocate the same by Member, and retrieve historical share request information.

8. Development of the Plan.

On August 20, 2021, the Member Committee was appointed. Since its appointment, the Debtor has worked closely with the Member Committee and has also consulted with the States regarding all outstanding matters in this case, including the negotiation and formulation of this Plan. The Member Committee supports the Plan and urges all Members to vote in favor of the Plan.⁵

Based on discussions with all those parties, the Debtor, the Member Committee, Subchapter V Trustee, and certain holders of Governmental Fines and Penalties Claims agreed to a stipulation with the following terms: (i) the Debtor's election to have Subchapter V of Chapter 11 apply to the Chapter 11 Case would be deemed to no longer apply; (ii) the Member Committee shall remain intact and be deemed the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors in the Chapter 11 Case, (iii) the Subchapter V Trustee's service would be terminated effective immediately, subject to the Subchapter V Trustee's completion of the duties required under the Court's August 12, 2021 Order. This Plan is being presented under the authority of a standard Chapter 11 case.

The Bankruptcy Court entered an order approving this stipulation on October 4, 2021, [D.I. 229].

IV. CONFIRMATION AND VOTING

A. Plan Confirmation Hearing

The Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rules, and Local Rules require the Bankruptcy Court, after appropriate notice, to hold a hearing on approval and confirmation of this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement. On October 14, 2021, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order scheduling the Plan Confirmation Hearing for **December 2, 2021 at 1:00 p.m. (prevailing Eastern Time)**, to consider, among other things, final approval and confirmation of this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement under section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code [D.I. 263]. Notice of the Plan Confirmation Hearing will be provided to all known Creditors, Interest Holders, and other parties in interest. The Confirmation Hearing may be adjourned from time to time by the Debtor without further notice, except for an announcement of the adjourned date made at the Confirmation Hearing or by filing a notice with the Bankruptcy Court.

Any objection to confirmation of this Plan and approval of the Disclosure Statement on a final basis must be in writing, must conform to the Bankruptcy Rules, must set forth the name of the objector, the nature and amount of Claims or Interests held or asserted by the objector against the Debtor, the basis for the objection and the specific grounds of the objection, and must be Filed with the Bankruptcy Court, with a copy to chambers, together with proof of service thereof, and served upon the following parties by no later than **November 22, 2021 at 4:00 p.m. (prevailing Eastern Time)** through the CM/ECF system, with courtesy copies by email: (i) Counsel to the

⁵ The Member Committee does not agree with all of the Background information presented above, and the Committee's support of the Plan is not an agreement with or waiver of Members' rights to dispute the factual representations made by the Debtor in this Plan or elsewhere.

Debtor at the contact information on the first page of this Plan; (ii) Counsel to the Members Committee: Sirianni Youtz Spoonemore Hamburger PLLC, 3101 Western Avenue, Suite 350 Seattle, Washington 98121 (Attn: Eleanor Hamburger, Esq., ele@sylaw.com); Mehri & Skalet, PLLC, 1250 Connecticut Avenue, NW, Suite 300, Washington, D.C. 20036 (Attn: Cyrus Mehri, Esq., CMehri@findjustice.com); Stevens & Lee, P.C., 919 North Market Street, Suite 1300, Wilmington, Delaware 19801 (Attn: Joseph H. Huston, Jr., Esq., joseph.huston@stevenslee.com and David W. Giattino, Esq., david.giattino@stevenslee.com); (iii) the Office of the United States Trustee for Region 3, J. Caleb Boggs Federal Building, 844 N. King Street, Room 2207, Lockbox 35, Wilmington, Delaware 19801, Attn: Rosa Sierra, Esq (rosa.sierra@usdoj.gov); and (iv) such other parties as the Bankruptcy Court may order.

Bankruptcy Rule 9014 governs objections to approval and confirmation of this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement. **UNLESS AN OBJECTION TO APPROVAL AND CONFIRMATION OF THIS COMBINED PLAN AND DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS TIMELY SERVED UPON THE PARTIES LISTED ABOVE AND FILED WITH THE BANKRUPTCY COURT, IT MAY NOT BE CONSIDERED BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT IN DETERMINING WHETHER TO APPROVE AND CONFIRM THIS COMBINED PLAN AND DISCLOSURE STATEMENT.**

B. Requirements for Plan Confirmation

The Bankruptcy Court will confirm this Plan only if it meets all the applicable requirements of section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code. Among the requirements for confirmation in this Chapter 11 Case is that this Plan be (i) accepted by all impaired Classes of Claims and Interests or, if rejected by an impaired Class, that this Plan “does not discriminate unfairly” against and is “fair and equitable” with respect to such Class; and (ii) feasible. The Bankruptcy Court must also find, among other things, that:

- a. this Plan has classified Claims and Interests in a permissible manner;
- b. this Plan complies with the technical requirements of chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code; and
- c. this Plan has been proposed in good faith.

C. Best Interests of the Creditors Test

The Bankruptcy Code requires that, with respect to an impaired class of claims or interests, each holder of an impaired claim or interest in such class either (i) accept the plan or (ii) receive or retain under the plan property of a value, as of the effective date of the plan, that is not less than the amount (value) such holder would receive or retain if the debtor was liquidated under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code on the effective date.

The costs of a chapter 7 liquidation would necessarily include fees payable to a trustee in bankruptcy, as well as fees likely to be payable to attorneys, advisors, and other professionals that a chapter 7 trustee may engage to carry out its duties under the Bankruptcy Code. Other costs of liquidating the Debtor’s Estate would include the expenses incurred during the Chapter 11 Case

and allowed by the Bankruptcy Court in the chapter 7 cases. The foregoing types of claims, costs, expenses, and fees that may arise in a chapter 7 liquidation case would be paid in full before payments would be made towards chapter 11 administrative, priority, and unsecured claims. Like a chapter 7 trustee, the Liquidating Trustee will have the power to retain professionals, but unlike a chapter 7 trustee's professionals, the Bankruptcy Court does not need to approve the retention of such professionals, or their fees. The "learning curve" that the chapter 7 trustee and new professionals would be faced with comes with potential additional costs to the Estate and with a delay compared to the timing of Distributions under the Plan. Furthermore, a chapter 7 trustee would be entitled to statutory fees relating to the Distributions. Accordingly, a portion of the Cash that will be available for Distribution to Holders of Allowed Claims would instead be paid to the chapter 7 trustee. Notwithstanding, like the chapter 7 trustee, the Liquidating Trustee also will be paid fees for his or her services.

Accordingly, as demonstrated in the liquidation analysis **attached hereto as Exhibit B**, the Debtor believes that in a chapter 7 liquidation, Holders of Claims would receive less than such Holders would receive under this Plan. There can be no assurance, however, as to values that would actually be realized in a chapter 7 liquidation, nor can there be any assurance that a Bankruptcy Court would accept the Debtor's conclusions or concur with such assumptions in making its determinations under section 1129(a)(7) of the Bankruptcy Code.

D. Plan Feasibility

Pursuant to section 1129(a)(11) of the Bankruptcy Code, a debtor must demonstrate that a bankruptcy court's confirmation of a plan is not likely to be followed by the liquidation or need for further financial reorganization of the debtor under the plan, unless such liquidation or reorganization is proposed under the plan. Pursuant to the Plan, the Debtor's Assets are being transferred to the Liquidating Trust. These Assets will be liquidated and distributed to Holders of Allowed Claims pursuant to the terms of this Plan. Therefore, as this is a liquidating plan, the Bankruptcy Court's confirmation of this Plan will not be followed by liquidation or the need for any further reorganization.

E. Classification of Claims and Interests

Section 1122 of the Bankruptcy Code requires the Plan to place a Claim or Interest in a particular Class only if such Claim or Interest is substantially similar to the other Claims or Interests in such Class. This Plan creates separate Classes to treat the Miscellaneous Secured Claims, Priority Non-Tax Claims, Member Claims for Post-July 8, 2021 Payments, General Unsecured Claims, Governmental Fines and Penalty Claims, and Section 510(c) Claims of the Debtor. The Plan Proponent believes that the Plan's classification scheme places substantially similar Claims or Interests in the same Class and thus meets the requirements of section 1122 of the Bankruptcy Code.

EXCEPT AS SET FORTH IN THE PLAN OR UNDER FEDERAL RULE OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE 3019(A), UNLESS SUCH MODIFICATION OF CLASSIFICATION MATERIALLY ADVERSELY AFFECTS THE TREATMENT OF A HOLDER OF A CLAIM AND REQUIRES RE-SOLICITATION, ACCEPTANCE OF THE PLAN BY ANY HOLDER OF A CLAIM PURSUANT TO THIS SOLICITATION WILL

BE DEEMED TO BE A CONSENT TO THE PLAN'S TREATMENT OF SUCH HOLDER OF A CLAIM REGARDLESS OF THE CLASS AS TO WHICH SUCH HOLDER ULTIMATELY IS DEEMED TO BE A MEMBER.

The classification of Claims and Interests and the nature of Distributions to members of each Class are summarized herein. The Plan Proponent believes that the consideration, if any, provided under the Plan to Holders of Claims reflects an appropriate resolution of their Claims taking into account the differing nature and priority (including applicable contractual subordination) of such Claims and Interests. The Bankruptcy Court, however, must find that a number of statutory tests are met before it may confirm the Plan. Many of these tests are designed to protect the interests of Holders of Claims or Interests who are not entitled to vote on the Plan, or do not vote to accept the Plan, but who will be bound by the provisions of the Plan if it is confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court.

F. Impaired Claims or Interests

Pursuant to section 1126 of the Bankruptcy Code, only the Holders of Claims in Classes "Impaired" by the Plan and receiving a Distribution under this Plan may vote on this Plan. Pursuant to section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code, a Class of Claims may be "Impaired" if the Plan alters the legal, equitable, or contractual rights of the Holders of such Claims or Interests treated in such Class. The Holders of Claims or Interests not Impaired by the Plan are deemed to accept the Plan and do not have the right to vote on the Plan. The Holders of Claims or Interests in any Class that will not receive any Distribution or retain any property pursuant to this Plan are deemed to reject this Plan and do not have the right to vote.

ACCORDINGLY, A BALLOT FOR ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION OF THE PLAN IS BEING PROVIDED ONLY TO HOLDERS OF CLAIMS IN CLASSES 3, 4, AND 5 INCLUDING CURRENT AND FORMER SHARITY MEMBERS.

G. Eligibility to Vote on this Plan

Unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, only Holders of Allowed Claims in Classes 3, 4, and 5 may vote on this Plan. To vote on this Plan, you must hold an Allowed Claim in Class 3, 4, or 5 or be the Holder of a Claim that has been temporarily Allowed for voting purposes under Bankruptcy Rule 3018(a).

H. Voting Procedure and Deadlines

For your Ballot to count, you must (1) properly complete, date, and execute the Ballot and (2) deliver the Ballot to the Balloting Agent at one of the following addresses: (i) if by First Class mail, Sharity Ministries Ballot Processing, c/o BMC Group, Attn: Sharity Ministries Ballot Processing, 3732 West 120th Street, Hawthorne, CA 90250; (ii) if by hand delivery or overnight delivery, Sharity Ministry Ballot Processing, c/o BMC Group, Attn: Sharity Ministries Ballot Processing, PO Box 90100, Los Angeles, CA 90009; or (iii) if by electronic ballot, by using the electronic balloting service available at <https://bmcgroup.com/sharity>.

The Balloting Agent must **RECEIVE** original ballots on or before **November 22, 2021 at 5:00 p.m. (prevailing Eastern Time)**. Except as otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, you may not change your vote once a Ballot is submitted to the Balloting Agent.

Any Ballot that is timely received, executed, that contains sufficient information to permit the identification of the claimant and that is cast as an acceptance or rejection of this Plan will be counted and cast as an acceptance or rejection, as the case may be, of this Plan.

Except as otherwise stated in this Plan, the following Tabulation Rules will be utilized for tabulating the Ballots in determining whether this Plan has been accepted or rejected by the Class in which such Holder holds a Claim or Interest:

- a. any Ballot that is timely received, that contains sufficient information to permit the identification of the claimant and that is cast as an acceptance or rejection of the Plan will be counted and cast as an acceptance or rejection, as the case may be, of the Plan. Except as otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court or with the consent of the Member Committee, a claimant may not change its vote once a Ballot is submitted to the Balloting Agent;
- b. any Ballot that is illegible or contains insufficient information to permit the identification of the claimant will not be counted;
- c. any Ballot cast by a Person or Entity that does not hold a Claim in a Class that is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan will not be counted;
- d. any Ballot cast for a Claim designated or determined as unliquidated, contingent, or disputed or as zero or unknown in amount and for which no 3018(a) Motion has been Filed by the 3018(a) Motion Deadline will not be counted;
- e. any Ballot timely received that is cast in a manner that indicates neither acceptance nor rejection of the Plan or that indicates both acceptance and rejection of the Plan will not be counted;
- f. any Ballot received by the Balloting Agent after the Voting Deadline will not be counted, unless the Member Committee agrees in writing to an extension of such deadline;
- g. any Ballot not bearing an original signature will not be counted (for the avoidance of doubt, the electronic signature on a Ballot submitted and signed electronically by using the electronic balloting service established by the Balloting Agent shall constitute an original signature); and
- h. any Ballot received by the Balloting Agent by facsimile, e-mail or other electronic communication will not be counted, provided however that a Ballot may be submitted electronically by using the electronic balloting service established by the Balloting Agent.

I. Acceptance of this Plan

As a Creditor/Member, your acceptance of this Plan is important. For this Plan to be accepted by an impaired Class of Claims, a majority in number (*i.e.*, more than half) and two-thirds in dollar amount of the Claims voting (of each Impaired Class of Claims) must vote to accept this Plan. At least one impaired Class of Creditors, excluding the votes of insiders, must actually vote to accept this Plan. The Plan Proponent strongly urges that you vote to accept this Plan but you are not required to accept it and failure to accept will not preclude you from receiving a distribution under this Plan to which you are entitled. **YOU ARE URGED TO COMPLETE, DATE, SIGN AND PROMPTLY RETURN THE BALLOT OR SUBMIT A BALLOT VIA THE BMC ELECTRONIC BALLOTING SERVICE. PLEASE BE SURE TO COMPLETE THE BALLOT PROPERLY AND LEGIBLY IDENTIFY THE EXACT AMOUNT OF YOUR CLAIM AND THE NAME OF THE CREDITOR AND, IF SUBMITTING A PHYSICAL BALLOT, INCLUDE AN ORIGINAL SIGNATURE ON THE BALLOT.**

J. Elimination of Vacant Classes

Any Class of Claims or Interests that does not contain, as of the date of commencement of the Plan Confirmation Hearing, a Holder of an Allowed Claim or Interest, or a Holder of a Claim temporarily allowed under Bankruptcy Rule 3018, shall be deemed deleted from this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement for all purposes, including for purposes of determining acceptance of this Plan by such Class under section 1129(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code.

V. TREATMENT OF UNCLASSIFIED CLAIMS

A. Administrative Expense Claims

Unless otherwise agreed by the holder of an Administrative Expense Claim and the applicable Debtor or the Liquidating Trustee, each holder of an Allowed Administrative Expense Claim will be paid the full unpaid amount of such Allowed Administrative Expense Claim in Cash by the Debtor or Liquidating Trust, as applicable: (a) if Allowed, on the Effective Date or as soon as practicable thereafter, but in no event later than 30 days after the Effective Date (or, if not then due, when such Allowed Administrative Expense Claim is due or as soon as practicable thereafter); (b) if such Claim is Allowed after the Effective Date, on the date such Claim is Allowed or as soon as practicable thereafter, but in no event later than 30 days after such Claim is Allowed; (c) at such time and upon such terms as may be agreed upon by such holder and the Debtor or Liquidating Trust, as applicable; or (d) at such time and upon such terms as set forth in an order of the Bankruptcy Court.

Holders of Administrative Expense Claims accruing from the Petition Date through and including the Effective Date, other than Professional Fee Claims, shall File with the Bankruptcy Court and serve on the Liquidating Trustee requests for payment, in writing, together with supporting documents, substantially complying with the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules and the Local Rules, no later than the Administrative Expense Claim Bar Date. Any such Claim not Filed by such deadline shall be deemed waived and the Holder of such Claim shall be forever barred from receiving payment on account thereof.

B. Professional Fee Claims

Any Person asserting a Professional Fee Claim for services rendered before the Effective Date must File and serve on the parties required in the Interim Compensation Order or any other applicable order of the Bankruptcy Court, an application for final allowance of such Professional Fee Claim no later than twenty-one (21) days from service of notice of the Effective Date (with an objection period of at least twenty-one days for objections, if any, to such applications). Objections to any Professional Fee Claim must be timely Filed and served on the requesting party. On the Effective Date, the Professional Fee Claim Reserve shall be transferred by the Debtor to Landis Rath & Cobb LLP's IOLTA account to be held for the distribution of Allowed Professional Fee Claims. Upon entry of a Final Order approving any such application for Professional Fee Claims, Landis Rath & Cobb LLP shall promptly distribute from the Professional Fee Claim Reserve any unpaid portion of such Allowed Professional Fee Claim. To the extent that any Cash is remaining in the Professional Fee Claim Reserve after payment in full of all Allowed Professional Fee Claims, Landis Rath & Cobb LLP shall promptly transfer any such Cash to the Liquidating Trust and such Cash shall become Liquidating Trust Assets and be treated in accordance with the Liquidating Trust Agreement, the Plan, and the Confirmation Order.

C. Priority Tax Claims

On the later of the Effective Date or the date on which a Priority Tax Claim (secured or unsecured) becomes an Allowed Priority Tax Claim, or, in each such case, as soon as practicable thereafter, but in no event later than 30 days after such event, each holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim due and payable on or prior to the Effective Date will receive Cash from the Debtor or Liquidating Trust, as applicable, on account of such Claim in an amount equal to the Allowed amount of such Claim plus, to the extent applicable, any amount required to comply with section 1129(a)(9)(C) or 1129(a)(9)(D) of the Bankruptcy Code.

VI. CLASSIFICATION OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS; ESTIMATED RECOVERIES

Claims – other than Administrative Expense Claims, Priority Tax Claims, and Statutory Fees – are classified for all purposes, including voting, confirmation, and Distribution pursuant to the Plan, as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Status Under Plan</u>	<u>Voting Status</u>	<u>Recovery Estimate</u>
1	Miscellaneous Secured Claims	Unimpaired	Deemed to Accept	100%
2	Priority Non-Tax Claims	Unimpaired	Deemed to Accept	100%
3	Member Claims for Post-July 8, 2021 Payments	Impaired	Entitled to Vote	100%

<u>Class</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Status Under Plan</u>	<u>Voting Status</u>	<u>Recovery Estimate</u>
4	Member Claims and General Unsecured Claims	Impaired	Entitled to Vote	0-10%
5	Governmental Fines and Penalty Claims	Impaired	Entitled to Vote	0%
6	Section 510(c) Claims	Impaired	Deemed to Reject	0%

VII. TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS

A. Classification and Treatment of Claims and Interests

1. Class 1—Miscellaneous Secured Claims

- a. *Classification:* Sharity does not believe that there are any secured prepetition Claims, but includes this class in an abundance of caution to provide a treatment in accordance with the requirements of the Bankruptcy Code to the extent such claims exist.
- b. *Treatment:* Each holder of an Allowed Miscellaneous Secured Claim will be placed in a separate subclass, and each subclass will be treated as a separate class for distribution purposes. On or as soon as practicable after the Effective Date, but in no event later than 30 days after the Effective Date, each holder of an Allowed Miscellaneous Secured Claim shall receive, in full and final satisfaction and settlement of such Claim, in the sole discretion of the Sharity, except to the extent any holder of an Allowed Miscellaneous Secured Claim agrees to different treatment, either: (i) the collateral securing such Allowed Miscellaneous Secured Claim; (ii) Cash in an amount equal to the value of the collateral securing such Allowed Miscellaneous Secured Claim; or (iii) the treatment required under section 1124(2) of the Bankruptcy Code for such Claim to be reinstated or rendered Unimpaired.
- c. *Voting:* Class 1 is Unimpaired, and holders of Allowed Miscellaneous Secured Claims are conclusively deemed to have accepted this Plan.

2. Class 2—Priority Non-Tax Claims

- a. *Classification:* Sharity does not believe that there are any Allowed Priority Non-Tax Unsecured Claims but includes this class in an abundance of

caution to provide a treatment in accordance with the requirements of the Bankruptcy Code to the extent such claims exist.

- b. *Treatment:* On or as soon as practicable after the Effective Date, but in no event later than 30 days after the Effective Date, unless otherwise agreed to by the holder of an Allowed Priority Non-Tax Claim, each holder of an Allowed Priority Non-Tax Claim shall receive, in full and final satisfaction of such Claim, one of the following treatments, in the sole discretion of Sharity: (a) full payment in Cash of its Allowed Priority Non-Tax Claim; or (b) treatment of its Allowed Priority Non-Tax Claim in some other manner that leaves such Claim Unimpaired with the agreement of the holder of such Claim.
- c. *Voting:* Class 2 is Unimpaired, and the holders of Allowed Priority Non-Tax Claims are conclusively deemed to have accepted this Plan.

3. Class 3—Member Claims for Post July 8, 2021 Payments.

- a. *Classification:* Class 3 consists of the Allowed Member Claims for Post July 8, 2021 Monthly Payments.
- b. *Treatment:* In full satisfaction of each Allowed Member Claim for Post July 8, 2021 Monthly Payments, the holder of such claim shall receive a full refund, without interest, of all monthly payments made to the Debtor after July 8, 2021. The Debtor or Liquidating Trust, as applicable, shall make such payment within 30 days after the Effective Date. Disputed Member Claims for Post July 8, 2021 Payments shall be subject to resolution under the Claims Resolution Procedures. Members with Claims for uncovered medical expenses from July 8-22, 2021 have claims under Class 4.
- c. *Voting:* Class 3 is Impaired. Under the Voting Procedures, all holders of Class 3 Claims shall have a Claim temporarily allowed for voting purposes in the amount of their respective payments to the Debtor on or after July 8, 2021 (as shown in the Debtor's books and records). All holders of Class 3 Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

4. Class 4—Member Claims and General Unsecured Claims.

- a. *Classification:* Class 4 consists of Allowed General Unsecured Claims against the Debtor.
- b. *Allowance:* The allowance of Unpaid Member Claims, Member Refund Claims and Other Member Claims shall be according to the Claims Resolution Procedures. The allowance of all other Class 4 General Unsecured Claims shall be according to Section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- c. *Treatment:* In full satisfaction of each Allowed General Unsecured Claim, the holder of such claim shall receive a Pro Rata Share of Beneficial

Interests in the Liquidating Trust entitling such holder to a Pro Rata Share of all Available Trust Cash derived from the Liquidating Trust Assets. For the avoidance of doubt, Class 4 General Unsecured Claims shall include all Allowed Unpaid Member Medical Claims, Allowed Member Refund Claims and Allowed Other Member Claims (including Claims for a refund of monthly payments up to and including July 8, 2021), but shall not include Member Claims for Post July 8, 2021 Monthly Payments (which are included in Class 3). Unless a Member Files a proof of Claim, all Members shall receive Allowed Claims for the greater of (i) the amount of any uncovered medical expenses regardless of whether those medical expenses were approved or denied by Sharity or (ii) a return of all payments made to the Debtor, based upon the records maintained by Sharity and without any assurance or guarantee that such records are accurate. Members have the right to submit additional claims for uncovered medical expenses or Other Member Claims by submitting additional claims information to the Claims Agent through timely Filed Proofs of Claim. If a Member files a proof of Claim, such Member's Claim shall be allowed in the amount filed, unless objected to by the Liquidating Trustee. Disputed Claims asserted by Members shall be subject to resolution under the Claims Resolution Procedures.

- d. *Payment Priority:* Class 4 claims shall be paid after all Class 3 Claims are satisfied.
- e. *Voting:* Class 4 is Impaired. Under the Voting Procedures, all holders of Class 4 Claims shall have a Claim temporarily allowed for voting purposes at the (a) greater of each Member's monthly contributions to the Debtor's programs or unpaid requests to the Debtor for payment of medical expenses that have not yet been satisfied (as shown in the Debtor's books and records), or (b) the amount of any Filed proof of Claim, and not for purposes of allowance or distribution. All holders of Class 4 Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

5. Class 5—Governmental Fines and Penalty Claims.

- a. *Classification:* Class 5 consists of all Allowed Governmental Fines and Penalty Claims.
- b. *Treatment:* It is understood and expected that, following confirmation of the Plan, the Governmental Units may determine the amount of any fines and/or penalties to be imposed on the Debtor under their normal state law procedures (as well as to impose any other injunctive relief available under such laws). The Liquidating Trustee may, at its option, litigate or settle such actions by the Governmental Units prior to or after the completion of such proceedings and any Final Orders entered in such proceedings or settlements shall be Allowed Claims herein. In full satisfaction and settlement of each such Allowed Governmental Fines and Penalty Claim,

the holder of such claim shall receive a Pro Rata Share of Residual Interests in the Liquidating Trust entitling such holder to a Pro Rata Share of all Available Trust Cash derived from the Liquidating Trust Assets after payment in full of all Class 4 Claims.

- c. *Voting:* Class 5 is Impaired. Under the Voting Procedures, all holders of Class 5 Claims shall have a Claim temporarily allowed for voting purposes only at \$1 for each Member that resided in the respective state. All holders of Class 5 Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

6. Class 6—Section 510(c) Claims.

- a. *Classification:* Class 6 consists of all Allowed Section 510(c) Claims.
- b. *Treatment:* In full satisfaction of each Allowed Section 510(c) Claims, on the Effective Date all Allowed Section 510(c) Claims shall be fully extinguished and discharged without any further action. Holders of Allowed Section 510(c) Claims shall not be entitled to receive or retain any property under the Plan.
- c. *Voting:* Class 6 is Impaired and shall not receive any property or distributions on account of such claims, and accordingly, the holders of Allowed Section 510(c) are conclusively deemed to have rejected this Plan.

VIII. THE LIQUIDATION OF THE DEBTOR

A. Liquidation

On and after the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trust and the Liquidating Trustee will (i) investigate and, if appropriate, pursue Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions, (ii) administer, monetize and liquidate the Liquidating Trust Assets, (iii) resolve all Disputed Claims and (iv) make all Distributions from the Liquidating Trust in accordance with the Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement. The Liquidating Trust and Liquidating Trustee shall be authorized to take such actions without further order of the Bankruptcy Court; *provided, however*, the Liquidating Trustee may seek such Bankruptcy Court authority as the Liquidating Trustee, in its absolute discretion, deems necessary or appropriate. The transfer of the Liquidating Trust Assets attributable to the Beneficiaries of the Liquidating Trust shall be treated as a transfer of such assets directly to such Beneficiaries followed by a contribution of the Liquidating Trust Assets to the Liquidating Trust.

IX. PROVISIONS REGARDING THE LIQUIDATING TRUST

A. Appointment of the Liquidating Trustee

The Liquidating Trustee shall be identified in the Plan Supplement and shall be selected by the Member Committee with input from Governmental Units holding Allowed Governmental Fines and Penalty Claims. At the Plan Confirmation Hearing, the Bankruptcy Court shall consider and, if appropriate, ratify the selection of the Liquidating Trustee. All compensation for the Liquidating Trustee, and professionals retained by the Liquidating Trustee, shall be paid from the

Liquidating Trust Assets, in accordance with the Liquidating Trust Agreement. The Liquidating Trustee shall not be required to give any bond or surety or other security for the performance of his/her duties unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court. On the Effective Date, all Beneficiaries of the Liquidating Trust shall be deemed to have ratified and become bound by the terms and conditions of the Liquidating Trust Agreement. In the event that the Liquidating Trustee resigns or is removed, terminated, or otherwise unable to serve as the Liquidating Trustee, then a successor shall be appointed as set forth in the Liquidating Trust Agreement. Any successor Liquidating Trustee appointed shall be bound by and comply with the terms of the Plan, the Plan Confirmation Order, and the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

B. Creation of the Liquidating Trust

On the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trust shall be established pursuant to the Liquidating Trust Agreement for the purpose of, among other things, (i) investigating and, if appropriate, pursuing the Liquidating Trust Causes of Action, (ii) administering, monetizing and liquidating the Liquidating Trust Assets, (iii) resolving all Disputed Claims and (iv) making all Distributions from the Liquidating Trust as provided for in the Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement. The Liquidating Trust Agreement shall be filed with the Plan Supplement. The Liquidating Trust Agreement is incorporated herein in full and is made a part of this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement.

Upon execution of the Liquidating Trust Agreement, the Liquidating Trustee shall be authorized to take all steps necessary to complete the formation of the Liquidating Trust; provided, that, prior to the Effective Date, the Debtor or the Members Committee, as applicable, may act as organizers of the Liquidating Trust and take such steps in furtherance thereof as may be necessary, useful or appropriate under applicable law to ensure that the Liquidating Trust shall be formed and in existence as of the Effective Date. The Liquidating Trust shall be administered by the Liquidating Trustee in accordance with the Liquidating Trust Agreement and be subject to the oversight of the Liquidating Trust Committee.

Except for those Liquidating Trust Assets attributable to the Disputed Claims Reserve, it is intended that the Liquidating Trust be classified for federal income tax purposes as a “liquidating trust” within the meaning of Treasury Regulations Section 301.7701-4(d) and as a “grantor trust” within the meaning of Sections 671 through 679 of the Internal Revenue Code. In furtherance of this objective, the Liquidating Trustee shall, in its business judgment, make continuing best efforts not to unduly prolong the duration of the Liquidating Trust and have no objective to continue or engage in the conduct of a trade or business, except only in the event and to the extent necessary to, and consistent with, the liquidating purpose of the Liquidating Trust. All Liquidating Trust Assets held by the Liquidating Trust on the Effective Date (except for those assets attributable to the Disputed Claims Reserve) shall be deemed for federal income tax purposes to have been distributed by the Debtor on a Pro Rata share basis to those Holders of Allowed Claims that are entitled to receive Distributions from the Liquidating Trust, and then contributed by such Holders to the Liquidating Trust in exchange for the Liquidating Trust Interests. All Holders of Claims have agreed or shall be deemed to have agreed to use the valuation of the Assets transferred to the Liquidating Trust as established by the Liquidating Trustee for all federal income tax purposes. The Beneficiaries under the Liquidating Trust will be treated as the grantors and deemed owners

of the Liquidating Trust. The Liquidating Trust will be responsible for filing information on behalf of the Liquidating Trust as grantor trust pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.671-4(a).

C. Beneficiaries of Liquidating Trust

On the Effective Date, each Holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim shall, by operation of the Plan and Plan Confirmation Order, receive a Pro Rata Share of the Beneficial Interests and each Holder of an Allowed Governmental Fines and Penalty Claim shall receive a Pro Rata Share of the Residual Interests. Holders of Disputed or temporarily Allowed General Unsecured Claims and Holders of Disputed or temporarily Allowed Governmental Fines and Penalty Claims shall be contingent Beneficiaries and funds for their Distribution shall be held by the Liquidating Trustee in the Disputed Claims Reserve pending allowance or disallowance of such Claims.

The Beneficial Interests and Residual Interests shall be uncertificated and shall be non-transferable except upon death of the Holder or by operation of law. Beneficiaries shall have no voting rights with respect to such Liquidating Trust Interests. The Liquidating Trust shall have a term of five (5) years from the Effective Date, without prejudice to the rights of the Liquidating Trust and Liquidating Trustee to extend such term by the filing of a motion in the Bankruptcy Court, conditioned upon the Liquidating Trust not becoming subject to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (as now in effect or hereafter amended).

D. Vesting and Transfer of Assets to the Liquidating Trust

Except as otherwise set forth in the Plan, pursuant to section 1141(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Liquidating Trust Assets shall vest in the Liquidating Trust free and clear of all Claims, Liens charges or other encumbrances. The Liquidating Trustee may abandon or otherwise not accept any Liquidating Trust Assets that the Liquidating Trustee believes, in good faith, has no value or will be unduly burdensome to the Liquidating Trust. Any Liquidating Trust Assets that the Liquidating Trustee so abandons or otherwise does not accept shall cease to be Liquidating Trust Assets. The Liquidating Trust Assets shall vest in the Liquidating Trust for the benefit of the Beneficiaries and the Debtor and the Estate will have no further interest in or with respect to the Liquidating Trust Assets or the Liquidating Trust.

On the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall be deemed the representative of the of the Debtor's estate pursuant to sections 1123(a)(5), (a)(7), and (b)(3)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code and as such shall be vested with the authority and power (subject to the Liquidating Trust Agreement and the Plan) to, among other things: (i) administer, object to or settle any Claims; (ii) make distributions in accordance with the terms of the Plan and Liquidating Trust Agreement, and (iii) carry out the provisions of the Plan related to the Liquidating Trust, including but not limited to prosecuting or settling all Liquidating Trust Causes of Action in his or her capacity as trustee for the benefit of the Beneficiaries. As the representative of the Debtor's estate, in its capacity as trustee for the benefit of the Beneficiaries, the Liquidating Trustee will succeed to all of the rights and powers of the Debtor and its estate with respect to all Liquidating Trust Causes of Action assigned and transferred to the Liquidating Trust, and the Liquidating Trustee will be substituted and will replace the Debtor, its estate, and any official committee appointed in these cases, in all such Liquidating Trust Causes of Action, whether or not such claims are pending in filed litigation.

E. Certain Powers and Duties of the Liquidating Trust, Liquidating Trustee, and Liquidating Trust Committee

1. General Powers of the Liquidating Trustee

The rights and powers of the Liquidating Trustee are specified in the Liquidating Trust Agreement, which shall be filed with the Plan Supplement. This Section IX provides a summary of the terms of the Liquidating Trust Agreement. In the event of any conflict between this Section IX and the Liquidating Trust Agreement, the terms of the Liquidating Trust Agreement control, unless otherwise ordered in the Plan Confirmation Order. The omission of any terms or provisions of the Liquidating Trust Agreement from this summary shall not constitute a conflict between this section and the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

Except as expressly set forth in this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement, the Plan Confirmation Order, or the Liquidating Trust Agreement, and subject to his/her duties and obligations, the Liquidating Trustee, on behalf of the Liquidating Trust, shall have absolute discretion in the administration of the Liquidating Trust and Liquidating Trust Assets, subject to the advice and consent of the Liquidating Trust Committee.

The Liquidating Trust Agreement generally will provide for, among other things: (i) the payment of the Liquidating Trust Operating Expenses; (ii) the payment of other reasonable expenses of the Liquidating Trust; (iii) the retention and compensation of counsel, accountants, financial advisors, or other professionals for the Liquidating Trust; (iv) the investment of Cash by the Liquidating Trustee within certain limitations, including those specified in the Plan; (v) the orderly liquidation of the Liquidating Trust Assets; (vi) litigation of the Liquidating Trust Causes of Action, which may include the prosecution, settlement, abandonment, or dismissal of any such Liquidating Trust Causes of Action; and (vii) the prosecution and resolution of objections to such Claims as the Liquidating Trustee deems reasonable and appropriate.

The Liquidating Trustee, on behalf of the Liquidating Trust, may employ, without further order of the Bankruptcy Court, professionals (including those previously retained by the Member Committee) to assist in carrying out the Liquidating Trustee's duties under the Plan, Plan Confirmation Order, and Liquidating Trust Agreement and may compensate and reimburse the reasonable expenses of these professionals from the Liquidating Trust Assets in accordance with the Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement without further Order of the Bankruptcy Court.

The Liquidating Trust Agreement provides that the Liquidating Trustee shall be indemnified by and receive reimbursement from the Liquidating Trust Assets against and from any and all loss, liability, expense (including reasonable attorneys' fees), or damage which the Liquidating Trustee incurs or sustains, in good faith and without willful misconduct, gross negligence, or fraud, acting as Liquidating Trustee under or in connection with the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

On and after the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall have the power and responsibility to do all acts contemplated by the Plan and Liquidating Trust Agreement to be done by the Liquidating Trustee and all other acts that may be necessary or appropriate in connection with the disposition of the Liquidating Trust Assets and the distribution of the proceeds thereof,

as contemplated by the Plan and in accordance with the Liquidating Trust Agreement. In all circumstances, the Liquidating Trustee shall act in its reasonable discretion in the best interests of the Beneficiaries pursuant to the terms of the Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

2. Books and Records

On or before the Effective Date, the Debtor shall provide the Liquidating Trustee an electronic copy of or access to any and all of its documents, books, records, files, and emails available to the Debtor and the Estate. The Liquidating Trustee shall make such records available to the Governmental Units as necessary for them to complete processing of their regulatory actions against the Debtor to the extent necessary and subject to appropriate patient confidentiality protections.

3. Investments of Cash

To the extent provided in the Liquidating Trust Agreement, the Liquidating Trust may invest Cash (including any earnings thereon or proceeds therefrom) as permitted by section 345 of the Bankruptcy Code or in other prudent investments, provided, however, that such investments are permitted to be made by a liquidating trust within the meaning of Treasury Regulation section 301.7701-4(d), as reflected therein, or under applicable IRS guidelines, rulings, or other controlling authorities.

4. Costs and Expenses of Administration of the Liquidating Trust

All Liquidating Trust Operating Expenses, including the costs associated with retaining professionals, shall be the responsibility of, and paid by, the Liquidating Trust in accordance with the Liquidating Trust Agreement from the Liquidating Trust Assets.

5. Reporting

No later than forty-five (45) days after the last day of each calendar quarter in which the Liquidating Trust shall remain in existence, the Liquidating Trustee shall File a report of all Liquidating Trust Assets held and received by the Liquidating Trust, all Available Trust Cash (as defined in the Liquidating Trust Agreement) disbursed to Beneficiaries, and all fees, income, and expenses related to the Liquidating Trust during the preceding calendar quarter.

F. Post-Effective Date Notice

After the Effective Date, to continue to receive notice of documents pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2002, all Creditors and other parties in interest (except those listed in the following sentence) must file a renewed notice of appearance requesting receipt of documents pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2002. After the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee is authorized to limit the list of parties in interest receiving notice of documents pursuant to Bankruptcy Rules 2002 to the Office of the United States Trustee, the States, and those parties in interest who have filed such renewed requests; provided, however, that the Liquidating Trustee also shall serve any known parties directly affected by or having a direct interest in, the particular filing in accordance with Local Rule 2002-1(b). Notice given in accordance with the foregoing procedures shall be deemed

adequate pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, and the Local Rules. This information shall be provided in the Notice of Effective Date.

G. Federal Income Tax Treatment of the Liquidating Trust for the Liquidating Trust Assets; Preparation and Filing of Tax Returns for Debtor

For federal income tax purposes, it is intended that the Liquidating Trust be classified as a liquidating trust under section 301.7701-4 of the Treasury regulations and that such trust be owned by its Beneficiaries. Accordingly, for federal income tax purposes, it is intended that the Beneficiaries be treated as if they had received a distribution from the Estates of an undivided interest in each of the Liquidating Trust Assets ((i) to the extent of the value of their respective share in the applicable assets and (ii) except for those assets attributable to the Disputed Claims Reserve) and then contributed such interests to the Liquidating Trust, and the Liquidating Trust's Beneficiaries will be treated as the grantors and owners thereof.

The Debtor shall be responsible for filing all required federal, state, and local tax returns and/or informational returns for the Debtor (including final tax returns).

The Liquidating Trust shall be responsible for filing all required federal, state and local tax returns and/or informational returns for the Liquidating Trust and shall comply with all withholding and reporting requirements imposed by any federal, state, or local taxing authority, and all Distributions made by the Liquidating Trust shall be subject to any such withholding and reporting requirements. The Liquidating Trustee shall be authorized to take any and all actions that may be necessary or appropriate to comply with such withholding and reporting requirements including, without limitation, requiring that, as a condition to the receipt of a Distribution, the Holder of an Allowed Claim complete the appropriate IRS Form W-8 or IRS Form W-9, as applicable to each Holder. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement, (a) each Holder of an Allowed Claim that is to receive a Distribution from the Liquidating Trust shall have the sole and exclusive responsibility for the satisfaction and payment of any tax obligations imposed on such Holder by any Governmental Unit, including income and other tax obligations, on account of such Distribution, and (b) no Distribution shall be made to or on behalf of such Holder pursuant to the Plan unless and until such Holder has made arrangements satisfactory to the Liquidating Trustee to allow it to comply with its tax withholding and reporting requirements. Any property to be distributed by the Liquidating Trust shall, pending the implementation of such arrangements, be treated as an Unclaimed Distribution to be held by the Liquidating Trustee, as the case may be, until such time as the Liquidating Trustee is satisfied with the Holder's arrangements for any withholding tax obligations. If the Liquidating Trustee makes such a request and the Holder fails to comply before the date that is 180 days after the request is made, the amount of such Distribution shall irrevocably revert to the Liquidation Trust and any Claim or Interest in respect of such Distribution shall be disallowed and forever barred from receiving a Distribution under the Plan or Liquidating Trust Agreement.

The Liquidating Trustee (i) may timely elect to treat any Liquidating Trust Assets allocable to Disputed Claims as a "disputed ownership fund" governed by Treasury Regulations Section 1.468B-9, and (2) to the extent permitted by applicable law, shall report consistently for state and local income tax purposes. If a "disputed ownership fund" election is made, all parties (including the Liquidating Trustee and the holders of Trust Interests) shall report for U.S. federal, state and

local income tax purposes consistently with the foregoing. The Liquidating Trustee shall file all income tax returns with respect to any income attributable to a “disputed ownership fund” and shall pay the U.S. federal, state and local income taxes attributable to such disputed ownership fund based on the items of income, deduction, credit, or loss allocable thereto.

H. Term of Liquidating Trust

The Liquidating Trustee shall be discharged and the Liquidating Trust shall be terminated, at such time as (i) all Disputed or temporarily Allowed Claims have been resolved, (ii) all of the Liquidating Trust Assets have been liquidated, (iii) all duties and obligations of the Liquidating Trustee under the Liquidating Trust Agreement, the Plan and the Confirmation Order have been fulfilled, (iv) all Distributions required to be made by the Liquidating Trust under the Plan, the Liquidating Trust Agreement and the Confirmation Order have been made, and (v) the Chapter 11 Case has been closed; provided, however, that in no event shall the Liquidating Trust be dissolved later than five (5) years from the Effective Date unless the Bankruptcy Court, upon motion Filed prior to the fifth anniversary (or the end of any extension period approved by the Bankruptcy Court), determines that a fixed period extension (not to exceed three (3) years, together with any prior extensions, without a favorable letter ruling from the Internal Revenue Service that any further extension would not adversely affect the status of the Liquidating Trust as a liquidating trust for federal income tax purposes) is necessary to facilitate or complete the recovery and liquidation of the Liquidating Trust Assets. Upon the Filing of such a motion, the term of the Liquidating Trust shall be automatically extended through entry of a Final Order thereon, unless the extension would adversely affect the status of the Liquidating Trust as a liquidating trust for federal income tax purposes.

I. Limitation of Liability of the Liquidating Trustee and Liquidating Trust Committee

As shall be provided in the Liquidating Trust Agreement, the Liquidating Trust shall indemnify the Liquidating Trustee and the Liquidating Trust Committee and any retained professionals against any losses, liabilities, expenses (including attorneys’ fees and disbursements), damages, taxes, suits, or claims that the Liquidating Trustee and its professionals may incur or sustain by reason of being or having been a Liquidating Trustee or professionals thereof for performing any functions incidental to such service; provided, however, the foregoing shall not relieve the Liquidating Trustee, the members of the Liquidating Trust Committee or any retained professionals from liability for bad faith, willful misconduct, reckless disregard of duty, criminal conduct, gross negligence, fraud, or self-dealing, or, in the case of an attorney or other professional and, as required any applicable rules of professional conduct, malpractice.

X. MEANS FOR IMPLEMENTATION

A. Preservation of Right to Conduct Investigations

The preservation for the Liquidating Trust of any and all rights to conduct investigations pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2004 is necessary and relevant to the liquidation and administration of the Liquidating Trust Assets. Accordingly, any and all rights to conduct investigations pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2004 or any other law, rule, or order, held by the Debtor prior to the Effective

Date with respect to the Liquidating Trust Assets shall vest with the Liquidating Trust and shall continue until dissolution of the Liquidating Trust.

B. Prosecution and Resolution of Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions

From and after the Effective Date, prosecution and settlement of all Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions conveyed to the Liquidating Trust shall be the sole responsibility of the Liquidating Trust pursuant to the Plan and the Plan Confirmation Order. The Liquidating Trustee may pursue such Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions, as appropriate, in accordance with the best interests of the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries. From and after the Effective Date, with respect to the Liquidating Trust Assets, the Liquidating Trust shall have exclusive rights, powers, and interests of the Estate to pursue, settle, or abandon such Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions as the sole representative of the Estate pursuant to section 1123(b)(3)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code. Notwithstanding the occurrence of the Effective Date, all Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions that are not expressly released or waived under the Plan are reserved and preserved and vest in the Liquidating Trust in accordance with the Plan.

No Person or Entity may rely on the absence of a specific reference in this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement, the Plan Supplement or any other supplemental documents to any Cause of Action and Avoidance Actions against it as any indication that the Liquidating Trustee will not pursue any and all available Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions against such Person or Entity. No preclusion doctrine, including the doctrines of res judicata, collateral estoppel, issue preclusion, claim preclusion, estoppel (judicial, equitable, or otherwise), or laches, shall apply to such Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions as a consequence of confirmation or consummation of the Plan. Unless any Causes of Action or Avoidance Actions against an Entity are expressly waived, relinquished, exculpated, released, compromised, or settled in the Plan (see Article XIV) or a Bankruptcy Court Order, the Debtor and Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, expressly reserves all Causes of Action or Avoidance Actions, for later adjudication.

C. Effectuating Documents and Further Transactions

All documents, agreements and instruments entered into and delivered on or as of the Effective Date contemplated by or in furtherance of the Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement, Plan Supplement, the Confirmation Order and any other agreement or document related to or entered into in connection with the Plan, shall become, and shall remain, effective and binding in accordance with their respective terms and conditions upon the parties thereto, in each case without further notice or Order of the Bankruptcy Court, act or action under applicable law, regulation, order or rule or the vote, consent, authorization or approval of any Person (other than as expressly required by such applicable agreement). The Liquidating Trustee may, and all Holders of Allowed Claims receiving Distributions pursuant to the Plan, at the request or direction of the Liquidating Trustee shall, from time to time, prepare, execute, and deliver any agreements or documents, and take any other actions as may be necessary or advisable to effectuate the provisions and intent of the Plan.

D. Funding of Liabilities and Distributions

On the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trust Assets shall be deemed transferred to the Liquidating Trust free and clear of all Claims and Interests in such Liquidating Trust Assets. The Liquidating Trustee shall administer the Liquidating Trust Assets and Distribute Liquidating Trust Assets to Beneficiaries of the Liquidating Trust in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Plan, the Plan Confirmation Order and the Liquidating Trust Agreement. In the event of any inconsistency between the terms of the Plan, the Plan Confirmation Order and Liquidating Trust Agreement regarding the Liquidating Trust, the terms of the Plan shall govern, unless expressly ordered otherwise in the Plan Confirmation Order.

E. Release of Liens

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, or in any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document created pursuant to this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement, on the Effective Date, all mortgages, deeds of trust, Liens, pledges, or other security interests against any property of the Estate shall be deemed fully released without any further action of any party, including, but not limited to, further order of the Bankruptcy Court or filing updated schedules or statements typically filed pursuant to the Uniform Commercial Code or other applicable law, provided however that any tax liens that have been asserted against the Debtor shall not be released until the underlying tax claim has been satisfied.

F. Exemption from Securities Laws

Under section 1145 of the Bankruptcy Code, the issuance of beneficial interests in the Liquidating Trust under the Plan shall be exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and all applicable state and local laws requiring registration of securities.

G. Exemption from Certain Taxes and Fees

Pursuant to section 1146(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, the issuance, transfer, or exchange of a security, or the making or delivery of an instrument of transfer under the Plan may not be taxed under any law imposing a stamp tax or similar tax.

H. Debtor's Privileges as to Certain Causes of Action

Effective as of the Effective Date, all Privileges of the Debtor relating to the Liquidating Trust Assets shall be deemed transferred, assigned, and delivered to the Liquidating Trust, without waiver or release, and shall vest with the Liquidating Trust. The Liquidating Trustee shall hold and be the beneficiary of all such Privileges and entitled to assert such Privileges. No such Privilege shall be waived by disclosures to the Liquidating Trustee of the Debtor's documents, information, or communications subject to attorney-client privileges, work product protections, or other immunities (including those related to common interest or joint defense with third parties), or protections from disclosure held by the Debtor. The Debtor's Privileges relating to the Liquidating Trust Assets will remain subject to the rights of third parties under applicable law, including any rights arising from the common interest doctrine, the joint defense doctrine, joint attorney-client representation, or any agreement; provided, however, prior to waiving such privilege, the Liquidating Trustee shall provide such third party with any written notice to the

extent such notice is required by any joint defense or common interest agreements that might have existed at the time Debtor filed the Petition. Nothing contained herein or in the Plan Confirmation Order, nor any Professional's compliance herewith and therewith, shall constitute a breach of any Privileges of the Debtor.

I. Insurance Policies

Except as otherwise specifically stated herein, nothing in this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement, the Plan Confirmation Order, or the Liquidating Trust Agreement, alters the rights and obligations of the Debtor (and their Estate) and the Debtor's insurers (and third-party claims administrators) under the Insurance Policies or modifies the coverage or benefits provided thereunder or the terms and conditions thereof or diminishes or impairs the enforceability of the Insurance Policies. On the Effective Date, all of the Debtor's rights and their Estate's rights under any Insurance Policy to which the Debtor and/or the Debtor's Estate may be beneficiaries shall vest with the Liquidating Trust. For the avoidance of doubt, the Debtor is deemed to have assumed all of the Insurance Policies. Nothing in this provision shall be deemed to be an admission of any fact, liability or other matter whatsoever.

J. Filing of Monthly and Quarterly Reports and Payment of Statutory Fees

All Statutory Fees due and payable prior to the Effective Date shall be paid by the Debtor on the Effective Date. On and after the Effective Date, the Debtor and the Liquidation Trustee shall be jointly and severally liable to pay any and all Statutory Fees when due and payable. The Debtor shall file all monthly reports due prior to the Effective Date when they become due, in a form reasonably acceptable to the U.S. Trustee. Provided that the Debtor dissolves on the Effective Date, after the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall file with the Bankruptcy Court quarterly reports when they become due, in a form reasonably acceptable to the U.S. Trustee. If, after the Effective Date, disbursements, other than those made by the Liquidating Trust, are made in any quarter, the entity making such disbursements shall report same to the Liquidating Trustee for inclusion in the appropriate separate quarterly report. The Debtor and the Liquidating Trustee shall remain obligated to pay Statutory Fees to the Office of the U.S. Trustee until the earliest of the Debtor's Chapter 11 Case being closed, dismissed or converted to a case under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. The U.S. Trustee shall not be required to file any Administrative Claim in the case and shall not be treated as providing any release under the Plan in connection therewith.

K. Completion of Services of Professionals

On the Effective Date, the Professionals for the Debtor and the Members Committee shall be deemed to have completed their services to the Debtor's Estate and such Professionals shall be able to file final and interim applications and be paid for reasonable compensation and reimbursement of expenses related thereto allowed by the Bankruptcy Court in accordance with Section V.B. above. With the advice and consent of the Liquidating Trust Committee, any of such Professionals may be retained by the Liquidating Trustee to represent the Liquidating Trust.

L. Operations of the Debtor Between the Confirmation Date and the Effective Date

During the period from the Confirmation Date through and until the Effective Date, the Debtor shall continue to operate as Debtor in Possession, subject to the oversight of the Bankruptcy

Court as provided in the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, and all orders of the Bankruptcy Court that are then in full force and effect.

XI. PROVISIONS GOVERNING DISTRIBUTIONS UNDER THE PLAN

A. Distribution Record Date

As of the close of business on the Distribution Record Date, the various transfer registers for each of the Classes of Claims or Interests as maintained by the Debtor or its agents shall be deemed closed, and there shall be no further changes in the record Holders of any of the Claims or Interests. The Debtor and the Liquidating Trustee shall have no obligation to recognize any ownership transfer of the Claims or Interests occurring after the Distribution Record Date. The Debtor and the Liquidating Trustee, or any party responsible for making Distributions shall be entitled to recognize and deal for all purposes under the Plan only with those record holders stated on the transfer ledgers as of the close of business on the Distribution Record Date, to the extent applicable.

B. Method of Payment

Unless otherwise expressly agreed, in writing, all Cash payments to be made pursuant to the Plan shall be made by check drawn on a domestic bank or an electronic wire or ACH transfer.

C. Claims Objection Deadline

As to Claims that are unclassified or classified in Classes 1, 2, 5, or 6, the Debtor, Liquidating Trust, and any other party in interest to the extent permitted pursuant to this Plan or section 502(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, shall file and serve any objection no later than the Claims Objection Deadline.

As to Claims that are classified in Classes 3 or 4, after the Effective Date only the Liquidating Trust shall have standing to object to such claims and shall file and serve any objection no later than the Claims Objection Deadline, unless otherwise provided in the Claims Resolution Procedures.

The Claims Objection Deadline may be extended by the Bankruptcy Court from time to time upon motion and notice to the Bankruptcy Rule 2002 service list and all parties holding claims as to which the objection is to be extended for cause.

D. No Distribution Pending Allowance

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan or the Liquidating Trust Agreement, no Distribution of Cash or other property shall be made with respect to any portion of a Disputed Claim unless and until all objections to such Claim are resolved by Final Order or as otherwise permitted by the Plan or the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

E. Reserve of Cash Distributions

On any date that Distributions are to be made under the terms of the Plan, the Debtor or Liquidating Trustee, or their respective agents, as applicable, shall reserve Cash or property equal to 100% of the Cash or property that would be distributed on such date on account of Disputed Claims as if each such Disputed Claim were an Allowed Claim, but for the pendency of a dispute with respect thereto. Such Cash or property shall be held in a separate bank account maintained by the Debtor or Liquidating Trust, as applicable, for the benefit of the Holders of all such Disputed Claims pending determination of their entitlement thereto, if any.

F. Distribution After Allowance

The Debtor shall make Distributions to holders of Administrative Expense Claims, Professional Fee Claims, Priority Tax Claims, Priority Non-Tax Claims, Member Claims for Post-July 8, 2021 Payments, and Miscellaneous Secured Claims to the extent such claims are Allowed prior to the Effective Date. After the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee shall make such Distributions, and shall make Distributions to Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Creditors and Holders of Allowed Governmental Fines and Penalty Claims as determined in the Liquidating Trustee's discretion in accordance with the Liquidating Trust Agreement.

G. Delivery of Distributions

Except as provided herein, Distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims shall be made: (i) at the addresses set forth on the respective proofs of Claim Filed by such Holders; (ii) at the addresses set forth on any written notices of address changes delivered to the Claims Agent after the date of any related proof of Claim; or (iii) at the address reflected in the Schedules, or, if not reflected in the Schedules, then in other records of the Debtor, if no proof of Claim is Filed and the Liquidating Trustee or the Debtor have not received a written notice of a change of address.

If the Distribution to the Holder of any Claim is returned to the Debtor or Liquidating Trustee as undeliverable, no further Distribution shall be made to such Holder unless and until the Debtor or Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, is notified in writing of such Holder's then current address. Undeliverable Distributions shall remain in the possession of the Debtor or Liquidating Trustee until the earlier of (i) such time as a Distribution becomes deliverable, or (ii) such undeliverable Distribution becomes an Unclaimed Distribution pursuant to Section XI.I of this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement. Undeliverable Distributions shall revert to the Liquidating Trust. The Liquidating Trustee shall not have an obligation to update or correct the contact information for recipients of undeliverable Distributions.

H. Fractional Dollars; *De Minimis* Distributions

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan to the contrary, (a) the Debtor and Liquidating Trust shall not be required to make Distributions or payments of fractions of dollars, and whenever any Distribution of a fraction of a dollar under the Plan would otherwise be required, the actual Distribution made shall reflect a rounding of such fraction to the nearest whole dollar (up or down), with half dollars being rounded down; and (b) the Debtor and Liquidating Trust shall have no duty to make a Distribution on account of any Allowed Claim (i) if the aggregate amount of all Distributions authorized to be made on such date is less than \$25,000, in which case such

Distributions shall be deferred to the next Distribution, (ii) if the amount to be distributed to a Holder on the particular Distribution date is less than \$100.00, unless such Distribution constitutes the final Distribution to such Holder, or (iii) if the amount of the final Distribution to such Holder is \$50.00 or less. If the Liquidating Trust or Debtor withholds any Distribution under this provision, the withheld funds shall inure to the benefit of the Liquidating Trust.

I. Excess Funds

After final Distributions have been made from the Liquidation Trust in accordance with the terms of the Plan and the Liquidating Trust Agreement, if the amount of remaining Cash in the Liquidation Trust is \$30,000 or less, the Liquidating Trustee, may donate such amount to nonprofit organization(s) dedicated to serving health care and health coverage needs of uninsured individuals, according to the doctrine of *cy pres*. Should the amount of remaining Cash in the Liquidation Trust exceed \$30,000, the Liquidating Trustee shall move for approval from the Bankruptcy Court for a distribution of the excess funds on a pro rata basis to all Members with Allowed Claims, as compensation for any actual or potential tort claims against the Debtor.

J. Unclaimed Distributions

Any Cash or other property to be distributed under the Plan to a Beneficiary shall revert to the Liquidating Trustee if it is not claimed by the Beneficiary within three (3) months after the date of such Distribution. If such Cash or other property is not claimed on or before such date, the Distribution made to such Beneficiary shall be deemed to be reduced to zero and such returned, undeliverable, or unclaimed Distributions shall be deemed unclaimed property under section 347(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and shall be returned to the Liquidation Trust. All Unclaimed Distributions shall revert to the Liquidating Trust.

K. Set-Off

Except as otherwise provided herein, the Debtor or Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, retain the right to reduce any Claim by way of setoff in accordance with the Debtor's books and records. Rights of setoff and recoupment, if any, held by any Entity or Person are preserved for the purpose of asserting such rights as a defense to any Claims or Causes of Action or Avoidance Actions of the Debtor, their Estate, or the Liquidating Trustee and regardless of whether such Entity or Person is the Holder of an Allowed Claim.

L. Postpetition Interest

Except as may be expressly provided herein, interest shall not accrue on any Claims, and no Holder of a Claim shall be entitled to interest accruing on or after the Petition Date. No prepetition Claim shall be Allowed to the extent it is for postpetition interest or other similar charges, except to the extent permitted for Holders of Secured Claims under section 506(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

M. Allocation of Distributions Between Principal and Interest

To the extent that any Allowed Claim entitled to a Distribution under the Plan comprises indebtedness and accrued but unpaid interest thereon, such Distribution shall be allocated to the

principal amount (as determined for U.S. federal income tax purposes) of the Claim first and then, to the extent the consideration exceeds the principal amount of the Claim, to accrued but unpaid prepetition interest.

N. Prepayment

Except as otherwise provided herein or the Plan Confirmation Order, the Debtor and the Liquidating Trustee, as applicable, shall have the right to prepay, without penalty, all or any portion of an Allowed Claim.

XII. EXECUTORY CONTRACTS

A. Rejection of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases

This Plan shall constitute a motion to reject all executory contracts and unexpired leases not previously rejected pursuant to an order of the Bankruptcy Court unless otherwise set forth in the Plan Supplement, and the Debtor shall have no further obligation thereunder. Without limiting the foregoing, a schedule of the Debtor's known executory contracts and unexpired leases is attached hereto as **Exhibit C**. The entry of the Confirmation Order by the Bankruptcy Court shall constitute approval of any such rejections pursuant to sections 365(a) and 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code and that the rejection thereof is in the best interest of the Debtor, their Estate and all parties in interest in the Chapter 11 Case. The foregoing information shall be included in the notice of entry of the Confirmation Order. Notwithstanding the foregoing, to the extent any Insurance Policies are deemed to be executory, the Debtor does not seek to reject the Insurance Policies through this general rejection provision.

B. Claims Based on Rejection of Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases

Claims created by the rejection of executory contracts and unexpired leases pursuant to this Plan, or the expiration or termination of any executory contract or unexpired lease prior to the Effective Date, must be filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served on the Debtor no later than thirty (30) days after service of notice of entry of the Confirmation Order by the Bankruptcy Court, which notice shall set forth the deadline to file such Claims. Any Claims arising from the rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease pursuant to Section XII.A, for which proofs of Claim are not timely filed within that time period will be forever barred from assertion against the Debtor, its Estate, the Liquidating Trust, and their respective successors and assigns, and their respective assets and properties, unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court or as otherwise provided herein. Unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, all such Claims that are timely filed as provided herein shall be treated as General Unsecured Claims and shall be subject to the provisions of this Plan.

XIII. CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE

The following are conditions precedent to the Effective Date that must be satisfied or waived (as provided below):

- a. The Confirmation Order, which shall be in a form satisfactory to the Debtor and Members Committee, has become a Final Order;
- b. The Confirmation Order shall be in full force and effect;
- c. The Liquidating Trust Agreement is fully executed and the Liquidating Trust is formed;
- d. All actions, agreements, instruments, or other documents necessary to implement the terms and conditions of the Plan are effected or executed and delivered; and
- e. All Liquidating Trust Assets have been transferred to and/or vested in the Liquidating Trust.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Debtor and Members Committee may, acting jointly, waive the occurrence of any condition precedent to the Effective Date. Any such written waiver of a condition precedent set forth in this Section may be affected at any time, without notice, without leave or order of the Bankruptcy Court, and without any formal action other than proceeding to consummate this Plan. Any actions required to be taken on the Effective Date shall take place and shall be deemed to have occurred simultaneously, and no such action shall be deemed to have occurred prior to the taking of any other such action.

XIV. EXCULPATION, INJUNCTION, AND RELATED PROVISIONS

A. Exculpation

For the avoidance of doubt and notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan or Plan Supplement, the Plan does not contain any releases of any party or of any Causes of Action, and except for the following paragraph, the Plan does not contain any exculpation provisions.

Except for liability of an Exculpated Party that arises primarily and directly from any act or omission that is determined in a Final Order to have constituted gross negligence or willful misconduct, the Exculpated Parties shall neither have nor incur any liability to any Entity for any and all claims, causes of action, and any other debts, obligations, rights, suits, damages, actions, remedies, and liabilities whatsoever, whether known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, existing during the Exculpation Timeframe arising, in law, at equity, whether for tort, contract, or otherwise, based in whole or in part upon any act or omission, transaction, or other occurrence or circumstances taking place or arising during the Exculpation Timeframe and related in any way to the Chapter 11 Case.

This exculpation provision only includes those claims and causes of action that the Debtor would have been legally entitled to assert against the Exculpated Parties or that any Holder of a Claim or other Entity would have been legally entitled to assert against the Exculpated Parties for or on behalf of the Debtor or the bankruptcy estate and further including those claims and causes of action that are related to the Chapter 11 Case, Liquidating Trust Agreement, or this Plan, including any act taken or omitted to be taken in connection with, or related to, formulating, negotiating, preparing, disseminating,

implementing, administering, confirming, or consummating the Plan, the Liquidating Trust Agreement, or any other contract, instrument, release or other agreement or document created or entered into in connection with this Plan or any other post-petition act taken or omitted to be taken in connection with the Chapter 11 Case, but only during the Exculpation Timeframe.

B. Injunction

Pursuant to 1141(d)(3), confirmation of this Plan does not discharge this Debtor from any debt that arose before the date of the confirmation.

Except as otherwise specifically provided in the Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement, all Persons who have held, hold, or may hold Claims against or Interests in the Debtor and any successors, assigns or representatives of such Person shall be precluded and permanently enjoined on and after the Effective Date from (a) commencing or continuing in any manner any Claim, action or other proceeding of any kind against any of the assets to be distributed under the Plan, (b) the enforcement, attachment, collection or recovery by any manner or means of any judgment, award, decree, or order with respect to any of the assets to be distributed under the Plan, and (c) creating, perfecting or enforcing any encumbrance of any kind with respect to any of the assets to be distributed under the Plan. All Persons or Entities who directly or indirectly have held, hold, may hold, or seek to assert Claims that been exculpated in this Plan (the “Exculpated Claims”) shall be enjoined from (i) commencing or continuing in any manner any action or other proceeding of any kind on account of or in connection with or with respect to the Exculpated Claims; (ii) enforcing, attaching, collecting or recovering by any manner or means any judgment, award, decree or order on account of or in connection with or with respect to the Exculpated Claims; (iii) creating, perfecting, or enforcing any encumbrance of any kind on account of or in connection with or with respect to the Exculpated Claims (iv) asserting any right of subrogation on account of or in connection with or with respect to the Exculpated Claims, except to the extent that a permissible right of subrogation is asserted with respect to a timely filed proof of claim; (v) or commencing or continuing in any manner any action or other proceeding on account of or in connection with or with respect to the Exculpated Claims.

Notwithstanding any provision in this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement or the Plan Confirmation Order to the contrary, nothing contained in this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement, or the Confirmation Order shall:

(i) extinguish, impact, or release any right of setoff, recoupment, or subrogation of any kind: (a) held by any creditor or vendor which is asserted in a timely filed proof of claim or objection to this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement, or pursuant to section 503(b)(1)(d) of the Bankruptcy Code or (b) that is or may be asserted as an affirmative defense or other defense to a cause of action or claim asserted by a Debtor or the Liquidating Trust against such creditor or vendor; or

(ii) affect the applicability of 26 U.S.C. § 7421(a).

Notwithstanding anything contained in the section, the injunction referenced herein shall not apply to the prosecution of any Claim against the Alera Companies or their predecessors, successors, and assigns, current and former shareholders, affiliates, subsidiaries, principals, employees, agents, officers, directors, managers, consultants, limited partners, trustees, partners, members, professionals, representatives, advisors, attorneys, financial advisors, accountants, investment bankers, and consultants, in each case in their capacity as such, and their assets and properties, as the case may be.

C. Termination of All Employee and Workers' Compensation Benefits

Except as otherwise provided in the Liquidating Trust Agreement, all existing employee benefit plans and workers' compensation benefits not previously expired or terminated by the Debtor will be deemed terminated on or before the Effective Date.

D. Exclusions and Limitations on Liability

Notwithstanding anything in this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement to the contrary, no provision of this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement or the Plan Confirmation Order, including, without limitation, the exculpation provision contained in Section XIV.A of this Plan, shall (a) modify, release or otherwise limit the liability of any Entity not specifically released or exculpated hereunder, including, without limitation, any Entity that is otherwise liable under theories of vicarious or other derivative liability or that is a non-Debtor third party guarantor of any obligation of the Debtor, or (b) affect the ability of the Internal Revenue Service to pursue non-Debtor to the extent allowed by non-bankruptcy law for any liabilities that are related to any federal income tax liabilities that owed by the Debtor or the Debtor's Estate.

XV. RETENTION OF JURISDICTION

After the Effective Date, the Bankruptcy Court shall retain such jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Case and all Entities with respect to all matters related to the Chapter 11 Case, the Debtor and this Plan as is legally permissible, including, but not limited to, jurisdiction to:

1. allow, disallow, determine, liquidate, classify, estimate or establish the priority or secured or unsecured status of any Claim or Interest, including the resolution of any request for payment of any Administrative Expense Claim and Professional Fee Claim and the resolution of any and all objections to the allowance or priority of Claims or Interests;
2. grant or deny any applications for allowance of compensation or reimbursement of expenses authorized pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or this Plan, for periods ending on or before the Effective Date;
3. resolve any matters related to the assumption, assignment or rejection of any executory contract or unexpired lease to which a Debtor is party or with respect to which a Debtor may be liable and to hear, determine and, if necessary, liquidate, any Claims arising therefrom;
4. ensure that Distributions to holders of Allowed Claims are accomplished pursuant to the provisions of this Plan;

5. decide or resolve any motions, adversary proceedings, contested or litigated matters and any other matters and grant or deny any applications involving a Debtor that may be pending on the Effective Date or instituted by the Liquidating Trust after the Effective Date, including any Liquidating Trust Causes of Action;
6. hear and determine disputes (i) arising in connection with the interpretation, implementation or enforcement of the Liquidating Trust or the Liquidating Trust Agreement or (ii) arising out of or related to the issuance of any subpoenas or requests for examination pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2004 issued before or after the entry of the Confirmation Order relating to the subject matter of the Liquidating Trust Causes of Action;
7. enter such orders as may be necessary or appropriate to implement, interpret, enforce or consummate the provisions of this Plan, the Confirmation Order, the Liquidating Trust Agreement and all other contracts, instruments, releases, indentures and other agreements or documents adopted in connection with this Plan, Plan Supplement or the Disclosure Statement;
8. resolve any cases, controversies, suits or disputes that may arise in connection with the Effective Date, interpretation or enforcement of this Plan or any Entity's obligations incurred in connection with this Plan;
9. issue and enforce injunctions and implement other orders or take such other actions as may be necessary or appropriate to restrain interference by any Entity with the Effective Date or enforcement of this Plan, except as otherwise provided in this Plan;
10. enforce all of the provisions of this Plan;
11. enforce all Orders previously entered by the Bankruptcy Court;
12. resolve any cases, controversies, suits or disputes with respect to the exculpation, injunctions, releases, and other provisions contained in this Plan, and enter such orders as may be necessary or appropriate to implement or enforce all such exculpation, injunction, release and other provisions;
13. enter and implement such orders as necessary or appropriate if the Confirmation Order is modified, stayed, reversed, revoked or vacated;
14. resolve any other matters that may arise in connection with or relate to this Plan, the Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Order or any contract, instrument, release, indenture or other agreement or document adopted in connection with this Plan or the Disclosure Statement;
15. enter an order and/or the decree contemplated in Bankruptcy Rule 3022 concluding the Chapter 11 Case; and
16. hear and determine matters concerning state, local, and federal taxes in accordance with sections 346, 505, and 1146 of the Bankruptcy Code, including any request made under

section 505 of the Bankruptcy Code for the expedited determination of any unpaid liability of a Debtor for any tax incurred during the administration of the Chapter 11 Case, including any tax liability arising from or relating to the transactions contemplated by the Plan, for tax periods ending after the Petition Date and through the closing of the Chapter 11 Case.

Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, the Bankruptcy Court retains jurisdiction to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law to adjudicate Liquidating Trust Causes of Action and to hear and determine disputes concerning Liquidating Trust Causes of Action and any motions to compromise or settle such Liquidating Trust Causes of Action or disputes relating thereto. Despite the foregoing, if the Liquidating Trustee on behalf of the Liquidating Trust chooses to pursue any Liquidating Trust Cause of Action in another court of competent jurisdiction, the Liquidating Trustee will have authority to bring such action in any other court of competent jurisdiction.

XVI. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

A. Modification of Plan

Subject to the limitations contained in this Plan: (1) the Debtor reserves the right, in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules, after consulting with the Member Committee, and subject to section 1127(a) of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 3019(a), to amend or modify this Plan prior to the entry of the Confirmation Order, including amendments or modifications to satisfy section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code; and (2) after the entry of the Confirmation Order, the Liquidating Trust may, upon order of the Bankruptcy Court, amend or modify this Plan, in accordance with section 1127(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, and Bankruptcy Rule 3019(b).

B. Revocation of Plan

The Debtor reserves the right to revoke or withdraw this Plan prior to the entry of the Confirmation Order and to file subsequent plans of liquidation. If the Debtor revokes or withdraws this Plan, or if entry of the Confirmation Order or the Effective Date does not occur within one-hundred and eighty (180) days after entry of the Confirmation Order, then: (1) this Plan shall be null and void in all respects; (2) any settlement or compromise embodied in this Plan, assumption or rejection of executory contracts or leases effected by this Plan, and any document or agreement executed pursuant hereto shall be deemed null and void; and (3) nothing contained in this Plan shall: (a) constitute a waiver or release of any Claims by or against, or any Interests in, such Debtor or any other Entity; (b) prejudice in any manner the rights of the Debtor or any other Entity; or (c) constitute an admission of any sort by the Debtor or any other Entity.

C. Successors and Assigns

The rights, benefits, and obligations of any Entity named or referred to herein shall be binding on, and shall inure to the benefit of, any heir, executor, administrator, successor or assign of such Entity.

D. Governing Law

Except to the extent that the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rules apply, and subject to the provisions of any contract, instrument, release, indenture or other agreement or document entered into in connection herewith, the rights and obligations arising hereunder shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the laws of the state of Delaware, without giving effect to the principles of conflict of laws thereof.

E. Reservation of Rights

Except as expressly set forth herein, this Plan shall have no force or effect unless the Bankruptcy Court enters the Confirmation Order. Neither the filing of this Plan, any statement or provision contained herein, nor the taking of any action by a Debtor or any Entity with respect to this Plan shall be or shall be deemed to be an admission or waiver of any rights of: (1) any Debtor with respect to the holders of Claims or Interests or other parties-in-interest; or (2) any holder of a Claim or other party-in-interest prior to the Effective Date.

F. Effectuating Documents; Further Transactions

The Liquidating Trustee or its valid designee in accordance with the Liquidating Trust Agreement shall be authorized to (1) execute, deliver, file or record such contracts, instruments, releases and other agreements or documents and take such actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and implement the provisions of this Plan and (2) certify or attest to any of the foregoing actions.

G. Further Assurances

The Debtor, the Liquidating Trust, all holders of Claims receiving Distributions hereunder and all other parties in interest shall, from time to time, prepare, execute, and deliver any agreements or documents and take any other actions as may be necessary or advisable to effectuate the provisions and intent of this Plan or the Confirmation Order.

H. Dissolution of the Debtor and Closing of the Chapter 11 Case

Upon the Effective Date, the Debtor's officers and directors shall be deemed to have resigned their respective positions with the Debtor. From and after the Effective Date, the Debtor shall be deemed to be immediately dissolved upon the Effective Date under applicable law and shall have no corporate existence thereafter without the necessity for any other or further actions to be taken by or on behalf of the Debtor or action or formality which might otherwise be required under applicable non-bankruptcy laws. The Debtor shall be treated as having completely liquidated for state, local, and U.S. federal income tax purposes, and the Debtor shall not be required to pay any taxes or fees to cause such dissolution.

The Liquidating Trustee shall file a motion closing the Chapter 11 Case after the Liquidating Trust Assets are fully administered or as soon as reasonably permissible.

I. Dissolution of the Members Committee

Upon the occurrence of the Effective Date, the Members Committee shall dissolve automatically, whereupon its members, professionals, and agents shall be released from any duties and responsibilities in the Chapter 11 Case and under the Bankruptcy Code, except with respect to (i) obligations arising under confidentiality agreements, which shall remain in full force and effect, (ii) prosecuting applications for payment of fees and reimbursement of expenses of Professionals, or Members Committee members, or attending to any other issues related to applications for payment of fees and reimbursement of expenses of Professionals, and (iii) prosecuting or participating in any appeal of the Plan Confirmation Order or any request for reconsideration thereof.

J. Service of Documents

Any pleading, notice or other document required by this Plan to be served on or delivered to the Debtor, Members Committee or Liquidating Trustee shall be sent by first class U.S. mail, postage prepaid to:

<p><u>To the Debtor:</u></p>	<p>Sharity Ministries Inc. P.O. Box 250069 Atlanta, GA 30325</p> <p>With a copy to:</p> <p>Baker & Hostetler LLP Attn: Jorian L. Rose 45 Rockefeller Plaza New York, New York 10111</p> <p>And</p> <p>Baker & Hostetler LLP Attn: Andrew V. Layden SunTrust Center, Suite 2300 200 South Orange Avenue Orlando, FL 32801-3432</p>
<p><u>To the Member Committee:</u></p>	<p>Sirianni Youtz Spoonemore Hamburger Attn: Eleanor Hamburger 3101 Western Avenue, Suite 350 Seattle, Washington 98121</p>

K. Filing of Additional Documents

On or before the Effective Date, the Debtor may file with the Bankruptcy Court all agreements and other documents that may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and further evidence the terms and conditions hereof.

XVII. RISKS AND OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

A. Bankruptcy Considerations

Although the Plan Proponent believes that this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement will satisfy all requirements necessary for confirmation by the Bankruptcy Court, there can be no assurance that the Bankruptcy Court will confirm the Plan as proposed. Moreover, there can be no assurance that modifications of this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement will not be required for confirmation or that such modifications would not necessitate the re-solicitation of votes.

In addition, the occurrence of the Effective Date is conditioned on the satisfaction (or waiver) of the conditions precedent specified herein, and there can be no assurance that such conditions will be satisfied or waived. In the event such conditions precedent have not been satisfied or waived (to the extent possible hereunder) within forty five (45) days after the Plan Confirmation Date, which period may be extended by the Plan Proponent and the Members Committee, then the Plan Confirmation Order may be vacated, no Distributions will be made pursuant to the Plan, and the Debtor and all Holders of Claims and Interests will be restored to the status quo ante as of the day immediately preceding the Plan Confirmation Date as though the Plan Confirmation Date had never occurred.

Section 1122 of the Bankruptcy Code provides that a plan may place a claim or an equity interest in a particular class only if such claim or equity interest is substantially similar to the other claims or equity interests in such class. The Plan Proponent believes that the classification of Claims and Interests under the Plan complies with the requirements set forth in the Bankruptcy Code because each Class of Claims and Interests encompass Claims or Interests, as applicable, that are substantially similar to the other Claims and Interests in each such Class. Nevertheless, there can be no assurance that the Bankruptcy Court will reach the same conclusion.

While the Plan Proponent believes that there are sufficient Liquidating Trust Assets to make Distributions to Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries, there can be no assurance that the Liquidating Trust Assets will be sufficient to pay all Liquidating Trust Operational Expenses or make Distributions to the Liquidating Trust Beneficiaries.

B. No Duty to Update Disclosures

The Plan Proponent has no duty to update the information contained in this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement as of the date hereof, unless otherwise specified herein, or unless the Plan Proponent is required to do so pursuant to an Order of the Bankruptcy Court. Delivery of this Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement after the date hereof does not imply that the information contained herein has remained unchanged.

C. Alternatives to Confirmation and Consummation of the Plan

1. Alternate Plan

If the Plan is not confirmed, the Debtor or any other party in interest (if, pursuant to section 1121 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtor have not Filed a plan within the time period prescribed under the Bankruptcy Code) could attempt to formulate and propose a different plan. Such a plan likely would result in additional costs, including, among other things, additional professional fees or potential asserted substantial contribution claims, all of which would likely constitute Administrative Expense Claims (subject to allowance). The Plan Proponent believes that the Plan, which is the result of extensive negotiations among the Debtor and the Members Committee, provides for an orderly and efficient liquidation of the Debtor's remaining assets and enables creditors to realize the best return under the circumstances.

2. Chapter 7 Liquidation or Dismissal

If a plan pursuant to Chapter 11 is not confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court, the Chapter 11 Case could (if the Debtor consents) be converted to a liquidation case under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code in which a trustee would be elected or appointed, pursuant to applicable provisions of Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, to liquidate the assets of the Debtor for distribution in accordance with the priorities established by the Bankruptcy Code. The Plan Proponent believes that liquidation under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code of the Debtor's remaining assets would result in a substantial reduction in the value to be realized by holders of Claims as compared to Distributions contemplated under the Plan. This is so because a Chapter 7 liquidation would require the appointment of a trustee, unfamiliar with the debtor's business operations, issues relevant to the Debtor's membership, and the events that transpired during the Chapter 11 Case, and which would require substantial additional expenses (including the costs associated with the Trustee's retention of attorneys and other professionals) and would delay the orderly liquidation of the Estate Assets, thereby lowering recoveries to holders of Claims. Consequently, the Debtor believes that confirmation of the Plan will provide a substantially greater return to holders of Claims than would liquidation under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. A copy of the Plan Proponent's liquidation analysis is attached to this Plan as **Exhibit B**.

D. Certain Federal Tax Consequences

THE FOLLOWING DISCUSSION SUMMARIZES CERTAIN MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN TO THE DEBTOR AND TO CERTAIN HOLDERS OF ALLOWED CLAIMS. THIS SUMMARY DOES NOT ADDRESS THE FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES TO HOLDERS OF CLAIMS WHO ARE UNIMPAIRED, DEEMED TO HAVE REJECTED THE PLAN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 1126(G) OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE, OR HOLDERS WHOSE CLAIMS ARE ENTITLED TO PAYMENT IN FULL IN CASH.

This summary is based on the IRC, existing and proposed Treasury Regulations, judicial decisions, and published administrative rules and pronouncements of the IRS as in effect on the

date hereof, all of which are subject to change, possibly on a retroactive basis. Any such change could significantly affect the U.S. federal income tax consequences described below.

The Debtor has not requested an opinion of counsel or a ruling from the IRS with respect to any of the tax aspects of the Plan. This discussion does not address foreign, state, or local tax consequences of the Plan, nor does it purport to address the U.S. federal income tax consequences of the Plan to special classes of taxpayers (*e.g.*, foreign taxpayers, small business investment companies, regulated investment companies, real estate investment trusts, banks and certain other financial institutions, insurance companies, tax-exempt organizations, retirement plans, individual retirement and other tax-deferred accounts, states or their subdivisions or integral parts, other governmental entities, holders that are, or hold Claims through, S corporations, partnerships or other pass-through entities for U.S. federal income tax purposes, persons whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar, dealers in securities or foreign currency, traders that mark-to-market their securities, persons subject to the alternative minimum tax or the “Medicare” tax on unearned income, persons who use the accrual method of accounting and report income on an “applicable financial statement,” and persons holding Claims that are part of a straddle, hedging, constructive sale, or conversion transaction). In addition, this discussion does not address U.S. federal taxes other than income taxes, nor does it address the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act. Creditors who are non-U.S. Holders should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the tax consequences of the Plan applicable to them.

The following discussion generally assumes that the Plan will be treated as a plan of liquidation of the Debtor for U.S. federal income tax purposes, and that all Distributions to holders of Claims will be taxed accordingly.

ACCORDINGLY, THE FOLLOWING SUMMARY IS FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR CAREFUL TAX PLANNING OR FOR ADVICE BASED UPON THE PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES PERTAINING TO A HOLDER OF A CLAIM. EACH HOLDER OF A CLAIM OR INTEREST IS URGED TO CONSULT ITS OWN TAX ADVISORS FOR THE FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL AND FOREIGN INCOME AND OTHER TAX CONSEQUENCES APPLICABLE TO IT UNDER THE PLAN.

3. Consequences To The Debtor

(a) Cancellation of Debt Income. In general, absent an exception, a taxpayer will realize and recognize cancellation of indebtedness income (“**CODI**”) upon satisfaction of its outstanding indebtedness for total consideration less than the amount of such indebtedness. The amount of CODI, in general, is the excess of (1) the adjusted issue price of the indebtedness satisfied, over (2) the fair market value of any consideration given in satisfaction of such indebtedness at the time of the exchange.

Under section 108 of the Tax Code, a taxpayer is not required to include CODI in gross income (a) if the taxpayer is under the jurisdiction of a court in a case under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code and the discharge of debt occurs pursuant to that case (the “**Bankruptcy Exception**”), or (b), to the extent that the taxpayer is insolvent immediately before the discharge (the “**Insolvency Exception**”). Instead, as a consequence of such exclusion, a taxpayer-debtor

must reduce its tax attributes by the amount of CODI that it excluded from gross income. In general, tax attributes will be reduced in the following order: (a) net operating losses (“**NOLs**”); (b) most tax credits; (c) capital loss carryovers; (d) tax basis in assets (but not below the amount of liabilities to which the debtor remains subject); (e) passive activity loss and credit carryovers; and (f) foreign tax credits. Alternatively, the taxpayer can elect first to reduce the basis of its depreciable assets pursuant to section 108(b)(5) of the Tax Code.

(b) Transfer of Assets to Liquidating Trust. The Debtor’s transfer of assets to the Liquidating Trust may result in the recognition of gain or loss by the Debtor, depending in part on the value of such assets on the date of such transfer to the Liquidating Trust relative to the Debtor’s adjusted tax basis in such assets.

4. Consequences to Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims

Pursuant to the Plan, each holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim will receive, in full and final satisfaction of its applicable claim, its Pro Rata Share of the Beneficial Interests. As discussed below (see Section 5—“Tax Treatment of the Liquidating Trust and Holders of Liquidating Trust Interests”), each holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim that receives a Liquidating Trust Interest will be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as directly receiving, and as a direct owner of, an undivided interest in the Liquidating Trust Assets consistent with its economic rights in the trust.

(a) Realization and Recognition of Gain or Loss. In general, a holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim will recognize gain or loss with respect to its Allowed General Unsecured Claim in an amount equal to the difference between (i) the sum of the amount of any Cash and the fair market value of its undivided interest in the Liquidating Trust Assets consistent with its economic rights in the trust received in respect of its Claim (other than any consideration attributable to a Claim for accrued but unpaid interest or OID) and (ii) the adjusted tax basis of the Claim exchanged therefor (other than any tax basis attributable to accrued but unpaid interest or accrued OID previously included in the holder’s taxable income). Pursuant to the Plan, the Liquidating Trust will in good faith value the assets transferred to the Liquidating Trust, and all parties to the Liquidating Trust (including holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims receiving Liquidating Trust Interests) must consistently use such valuation for all U.S. federal income tax purposes. As discussed below, the amount of Cash or other property received in respect of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim for accrued but unpaid interest will be taxed as ordinary income, except to the extent previously included in income by a holder under its method of accounting. See Section D.4 below—“Distributions in Respect of Accrued Interest or OID.”

In the event of the subsequent disallowance of any Disputed General Unsecured Claim or the reallocation of undeliverable distributions, it is possible that a holder of a previously Allowed Claim may receive additional distributions in respect of its Claim. Accordingly, it is possible that the recognition of any loss realized by a holder with respect to an Allowed General Unsecured Claim may be deferred until all General Unsecured Claims are Allowed or Disallowed. Alternatively, it is possible that a holder will have additional gain in respect of any additional distributions received. See also Section D.5—“Tax Treatment of the Liquidating Trust and

Holders of Liquidating Trust Interests – Tax Reporting for Assets Allocable to Disputed Claims,” below.

After the Effective Date, a holder’s share of any collections received on the assets of the Liquidating Trust (other than as a result of the subsequent disallowance of Disputed Claims or the reallocation of undeliverable distributions) should not be included, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, in the holder’s amount realized in respect of its Allowed Claim but should be separately treated as amounts realized in respect of such holder's ownership interest in the underlying assets of the Liquidating Trust.

If gain or loss is recognized, such gain or loss may be long-term capital gain or loss if the Allowed General Unsecured Claim disposed of is a capital asset in the hands of the holder and has been held for more than one year. Each holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim should consult its tax advisor to determine whether gain or loss recognized by such holder will be long-term capital gain or loss and the specific tax effect thereof on such holder. The character of any gain or loss depends on, among other things, the origin of the holder’s Allowed General Unsecured Claim, when the holder receives payment in respect of such Allowed General Unsecured Claim, whether the holder reports income using the accrual or cash method of tax accounting, whether the holder acquired its Allowed General Unsecured Claim at a discount, whether the holder has taken a bad debt deduction with respect to such Allowed General Unsecured Claim, and/or whether (as intended and herein assumed) the Plan implements the Liquidating of the Debtor for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

A holder’s aggregate tax basis in its undivided interest in the Liquidating Trust Assets will equal the fair market value of such interest increased by its share of the Debtor’s liabilities to which such assets remain subject upon transfer to the Liquidating Trust, and a holder’s holding period generally will begin the day following establishment of the Liquidating Trust

5. Distributions in Respect of Accrued Interest or OID

In general, to the extent any amount received (whether stock, Cash, or other property) by a holder of a debt instrument is received in satisfaction of accrued interest or OID accrued during its holding period, such amount will be taxable to the holder as ordinary interest income (if not previously included in the holder’s gross income under the holder’s normal method of accounting). Conversely, a holder generally recognizes a deductible loss to the extent any accrued interest or OID was previously included in its gross income and is not paid in full. However, the IRS has privately ruled, in the case of a tax-free exchange, that a holder could not claim an ordinary deduction with respect to any accrued OID. It is unclear whether the same result would obtain in the case of a taxable transaction.

Pursuant to Article X.L., except as otherwise required by law (as reasonably determined by the Liquidating Trustee), distributions with respect to an Allowed Claim will be allocated first to the principal portion of such Allowed Claim (as determined for U.S. federal income tax purposes) and, thereafter, to the remaining portion of such Allowed Claim, if any. However, there is no assurance that such allocation would be respected by the IRS for U.S. federal income tax purposes. You are urged to consult your own tax advisor regarding the allocation of consideration received under the Plan, as well as the deductibility of accrued but unpaid interest (including OID)

and the character of any loss claimed with respect to accrued but unpaid interest (including OID) previously included in gross income for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

6. Tax Treatment of the Liquidating Trust and Holders of Liquidating Trust Interests

(a) Classification of the Liquidating Trust. The Liquidating Trust is intended to qualify as a “liquidating trust” for U.S. federal income tax purposes (other than in respect of any portion of the Liquidating Trust Assets allocable to, or retained on account of, Disputed Claims, as discussed below). In general, a liquidating trust is not a separate taxable entity but rather is treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a “grantor” trust (*i.e.*, a pass-through entity). The IRS, in Revenue Procedure 94-45, 1994-2 C.B. 684, set forth the general criteria for obtaining an IRS ruling as to the grantor trust status of a liquidating trust under a chapter 11 plan. The Liquidating Trust will be structured with the intention of complying with such general criteria. Pursuant to the Plan, and in conformity with Revenue Procedure 94-45 all parties (including, without limitation, the Debtor, the Liquidating Trustee, the Liquidating Trust Oversight Committee, and holders of Liquidating Trust Interests) shall treat the transfer of Liquidating Trust Assets to the Liquidating Trust as (1) a transfer of the Liquidating Trust Assets (subject to any obligations relating to those assets) directly to holders of Liquidating Trust Interests (other than to the extent Liquidating Trust Assets are allocable to Disputed Claims), followed by (2) the transfer by such beneficiaries to the Liquidating Trust of Liquidating Trust Assets in exchange for Liquidating Trust Interests. Accordingly, except in the event of contrary definitive guidance, holders of Liquidating Trust Interests shall be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as the grantors and owners of their respective share of Liquidating Trust Assets (other than such Liquidating Trust Assets as are allocable to Disputed Claims). While the following discussion assumes that the Liquidating Trust would be so treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes, no ruling will be requested from the IRS concerning the tax status of the Liquidating Trust as a grantor trust. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the IRS would not take a contrary position to the classification of the Liquidating Trust as a grantor trust. If the IRS were to challenge successfully such classification, the U.S. federal income tax consequences to the Liquidating Trust and the holders of Claims could vary from those discussed herein.

(b) General Tax Reporting by the Liquidating Trust and holders of Liquidating Trust Interests. For all U.S. federal income tax purposes, all parties must treat the Liquidating Trust as a grantor trust of which the holders of Liquidating Trust Interests are the owners and grantors, and treat the holders of Liquidating Trust Interests, as the direct owners of an undivided interest in the Liquidating Trust Assets (other than any assets allocable to Disputed Claims), consistent with their economic interests therein. The Liquidating Trustee will file tax returns for the Liquidating Trust treating the Liquidating Trust as a grantor trust pursuant to Treasury Regulations Section 1.671-4(a). The Liquidating Trustee also shall annually send to each holder of a Liquidating Trust Interest a separate statement regarding the receipts and expenditures of the Liquidating Trust as relevant for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Allocations of taxable income of the Liquidating Trust (other than taxable income allocable to any assets allocable to, or retained on account of, Disputed Claims, if such income is otherwise taxable at the Liquidated Trust) among the holders of Liquidating Trust Interests will be determined by reference to the manner in which an amount of Cash equal to such taxable income

would be distributed (were such Cash permitted to be distributed at such time) if, immediately prior to such deemed distribution, the Liquidating Trust had distributed all its assets (valued at their tax book value, and, if applicable, other than assets allocable to Disputed Claims) to the holders of Liquidating Trust Interests, adjusted for prior taxable income and loss and taking into account all prior and concurrent distributions from the Liquidating Trust. Similarly, taxable loss of the Liquidating Trust will be allocated by reference to the manner in which an economic loss would be borne immediately after a liquidating distribution of the remaining Liquidating Trust Assets. The tax book value of the Liquidating Trust Assets for purposes of allocating taxable income and loss shall equal their fair market value on the date of the transfer of the Liquidating Trust Assets to the Liquidating Trust, adjusted in accordance with tax accounting principles prescribed by the Tax Code, applicable Treasury Regulations, and other applicable administrative and judicial authorities and pronouncements.

As soon as reasonably practicable after the transfer of the Liquidating Trust Assets to the Liquidating Trust, the Liquidating Trust shall make a good faith valuation of the Liquidating Trust Assets. All parties to the Liquidating Trust (including, without limitation, the Debtor, the Liquidating Trustee, and holders of Liquidating Trust Interests) must consistently use such valuation for all U.S. federal income tax purposes. The valuation will be made available, from time to time, as relevant for tax reporting purposes.

Taxable income or loss allocated to a holder of Liquidating Trust Interests should be treated as income or loss with respect to such holder's undivided interest in the Liquidating Trust Assets, and not as income or loss with respect to its prior Allowed General Unsecured Claim. The character of any income and the character and ability to use any loss will depend on the particular situation of the holders of Liquidating Trust Interests.

The U.S. federal income tax obligations of a holder with respect to its Liquidating Trust Interest are not dependent on the Liquidating Trust distributing any Cash or other proceeds. Thus, a holder may incur a U.S. federal income tax liability with respect to its allocable share of the Liquidating Trust's income even if the Liquidating Trust does not make a concurrent distribution to the holder. In general, other than in respect of Cash retained on account of Disputed Claims and distributions resulting from undeliverable distributions (the subsequent distribution of which still relates to a holder's Allowed General Unsecured Claim), a distribution of Cash by the Liquidating Trust will not be separately taxable to a holder of Liquidating Trust Interests since the beneficiary is already regarded for U.S. federal income tax purposes as owning the underlying assets (and was taxed at the time the Cash was earned or received by the Liquidating Trust). Holders are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the appropriate U.S. federal income tax treatment of any subsequent distributions of Cash originally retained by the Liquidating Trust on account of Disputed Claims.

The Liquidating Trustee will comply with all applicable governmental withholding requirements. Thus, in the case of any holders of Liquidating Trust Interests that are not U.S. persons, the Liquidating Trustee may be required to withhold up to 30% of the income or proceeds allocable to such persons, depending on the circumstances (including whether the type of income is subject to a lower treaty rate). As indicated above, the foregoing discussion of the U.S. federal income tax consequences of the Plan does not generally address the consequences to non-U.S.

holders; accordingly, such holders should consult their tax advisors with respect to the U.S. federal income tax consequences of the Plan, including owning an interest in the Liquidating Trust.

(c) Tax Reporting for Assets Allocable to Disputed Claims. Subject to definitive guidance from the IRS or a court of competent jurisdiction to the contrary (including the receipt by the Liquidating Trustee of an IRS private letter ruling if the Liquidating Trustee so requests one, or the receipt of an adverse determination by the IRS upon audit if not contested by the Liquidating Trustee), the Liquidating Trustee (A) may elect to treat any Liquidating Trust Assets allocable to, or retained on account of, Disputed Claims (i.e., a Disputed Claim Reserve) as a “disputed ownership fund” governed by Treasury Regulations Section 1.468B-9, if applicable, and (B) to the extent permitted by applicable law, will report consistently for state and local income tax purposes. Accordingly, if a “disputed ownership fund” election is made with respect to a Disputed Claim Reserve, such reserve will be subject to tax annually on a separate entity basis on any net income earned with respect to the Liquidating Trust Assets (including any gain recognized upon the disposition of such assets). All distributions from such reserves (which distributions will be net of the expenses, including taxes, relating to the retention or disposition of such assets) will be treated as received by holders in respect of their Claims as if distributed by the Debtor. All parties (including, without limitation, the Debtor, the Liquidating Trustee and the holders of Liquidating Trust Interests) will be required to report for tax purposes consistently with the foregoing. A Disputed Claim Reserve will be responsible for payment, out of the assets of the Disputed Claim Reserve, of any taxes imposed on the Disputed Claim Reserve or its assets. In the event, and to the extent, any Cash in the Disputed Claim Reserve is insufficient to pay the portion of any such taxes attributable to the taxable income arising from the assets of such reserve (including any income that may arise upon the distribution of the assets in such reserve), assets of the Disputed Claim Reserve may be sold to pay such taxes.

7. Withholding on Distributions and Information Reporting

All distributions to holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims under the Plan are subject to any applicable tax withholding, including employment tax withholding. Under U.S. federal income tax law, interest, dividends, and other reportable payments may, under certain circumstances, be subject to “backup withholding” at the then applicable withholding rate (currently 24%). Backup withholding generally applies if the holder (a) fails to furnish its social security number or other taxpayer identification number, (b) furnishes an incorrect taxpayer identification number, (c) fails properly to report interest or dividends, or (d) under certain circumstances, fails to provide a certified statement, signed under penalty of perjury, that the tax identification number provided is its correct number and that it is not subject to backup withholding. Backup withholding is not an additional tax but merely an advance payment, which may be refunded to the extent it results in an overpayment of tax. Certain persons are exempt from backup withholding, including, in certain circumstances, corporations and financial institutions. Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the Treasury Regulations governing backup withholding and whether the transactions contemplated by the Plan would be subject to these Treasury Regulations.

In addition, a holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim or a holder of Liquidating Trust Interests that is not a U.S. person may be subject to up to 30% withholding, depending on, among other things, the particular type of income and whether the type of income is subject to a

lower treaty rate. As to certain Claims, it is possible that withholding may be required with respect to Distributions by the Debtor even if no withholding would have been required if payment was made prior to the Chapter 11 Cases. A non-U.S. holder may also be subject to other adverse consequences in connection with the implementation of the Plan. As discussed above, the foregoing discussion of the U.S. federal income tax consequences of the Plan does not generally address the consequences to non-U.S. holders. Non-U.S. holders are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding potential withholding on Distributions by the Debtor or payments from the Liquidating Trust.

In addition, Treasury Regulations generally require disclosure by a taxpayer on its U.S. federal income tax return of certain types of transactions in which the taxpayer participated, including, among other types of transactions, certain transactions that result in the taxpayer's claiming a loss in excess of specified thresholds. Holders are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding these Treasury Regulations and whether the transactions contemplated by the Plan would be subject to these Treasury Regulations and require disclosure on the holder's tax returns.

XVIII. RECOMMENDATION AND CONCLUSION

The Plan Proponent strongly believes that the Plan is in the best interests of the Estates and urges the Holders of Impaired Claims entitled to vote to accept the Plan and to evidence such acceptance by properly voting and timely returning their Ballots.

Dated: November 29, 2021
Wilmington, Delaware

SHARITY MINISTRIES, INC.

By: /s/ Neil Luria
Name: Neil Luria
Title: Chief Restructuring Officer

EXHIBIT A

MEMBER SUMMARY

Sharity Ministries, Inc. (“Sharity”) has filed for bankruptcy in the Bankruptcy Court in Delaware. Sharity was originally named “Trinity Healthshare, Inc.” (“Trinity”) but its name was changed to Sharity. Sharity and Trinity are the same company.

You are getting these papers because you are listed as a current or former member of Sharity or Trinity.

For purposes of the bankruptcy, you will be treated as having a claim for the greater of all monthly payments you made or medical claims you submitted but which were not paid, according to Sharity’s records. You do not need to do anything to have a claim for this amount. As described below, you have the right to correct the amount shown by filing an additional claim. If you already filed a proof of claim in the bankruptcy, your claim will be the amount you listed in the proof of claim, unless it is objected to.

This summary provides information on the “Plan” for handling the claims against Sharity and how your claim will be treated if the Bankruptcy Court approves the “Plan.”

Please read this summary of the Plan and the process for approving it.

STEPS TO CONFIRMATION OF THE PLAN:

- Sharity’s Combined Disclosure Statement and Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation (the “Plan”) was filed with the Bankruptcy Court and has been provided to Members along with a ballot for Members to accept or reject the Plan.
- Members may vote on whether to accept or reject the Plan. **YOUR VOTE IS IMPORTANT.** Please submit your vote by November 22, 2021, at 5:00 p.m. prevailing Eastern Time.
- The Bankruptcy Court will hold a hearing after the vote to determine whether to approve or reject the Plan or to make changes to it.
- If the Plan is confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court, Sharity will be liquidated and its assets will be transferred to a special “Liquidating Trust” set up to pursue claims on behalf of Members against any person or entity responsible for their losses. The Liquidating Trust will be controlled by a Liquidating Trustee with oversight by a Liquidating Trust Committee made up of Members and operated for the benefit of Members. The Liquidating Trust Committee will most likely be the people who make up the current Members Committee, which is five Sharity Members selected by the U.S. Trustee to represent the interests of Members in this bankruptcy. There will also be a governmental representative who will act on behalf of state governments.
- Your claim for compensation is already submitted and the amount is provided on your ballot. The amount is either the total unpaid medical expenses submitted in claims to

Sharity or the total monthly payments you made, whichever is greater. The amount was calculated based on Sharity's records which may not be accurate. If you already filed a proof of claim in the bankruptcy, your claim will be the amount you listed in the proof of claim.

- **You have until January 4, 2022 to submit additional claims for compensation or to dispute your claim information. You can find instructions on how to submit an additional claim or other information at www.bmcgroup.com/sharity.**
- You may submit an additional claim even if you do not vote on the Plan or voted to reject the Plan.
- If the Plan is not confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court, another plan must be confirmed or there must be another resolution of Sharity's chapter 11 case before any payments can be made. It is also possible that if the Plan is not confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court, the case will be converted to a liquidation under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code and run by a court-appointed trustee, or it could be dismissed. Members would not have the opportunity to vote on a plan if either of those things happens.

YOUR VOTE COUNTS: You have the right to vote to accept or reject the Plan if you were or are a member of Sharity (previously known as Trinity). **Ballots must be RECEIVED by November 22, 2021, at 5:00 p.m. prevailing Eastern Time**, in order to be counted.

HOW TO VOTE: You can vote by submitting an electronic ballot or by mailing your ballot. You should have received a ballot with instructions on how you can vote. The ballot will contain information regarding the amount of your specific claim for compensation. If you did not receive a ballot or if you have any questions regarding the Plan or voting, please contact the Debtor's Solicitation Agent, BMC Group, via one of the following methods:

BMC Group Inc.
Telephone: 1-888-909-0100
Website: www.bmcgroup.com/sharity
Email: sharity@bmcgroup.com

LIQUIDATING TRUST: The Plan creates a Trust for the benefit of Members to hold all of the assets (money and legal claims) held by Sharity. The Trust is expected to start with approximately \$1 million plus Sharity's possible lawsuits against third parties, including the Alera Companies, its related companies and its insiders. The Trust will be able to bring lawsuits to recover money. Any money recovered will be for the benefit of Members.

TIMING: The hearing to approve the Plan will be held on December 2, 2021 at 1:00 p.m. prevailing Eastern Time.

CLAIMS: The deadline for filing additional claims for compensation is January 4, 2022. You may file a claim at this website: www.bmcgroup.com/sharity.

If you made a monthly payment to Sharity after July 8, 2021, and the Plan is approved by the Court, the Liquidating Trustee will refund those claims within 30 days after the Plan becomes effective.

If you file any other claim, such as a claim for uncovered medical expenses, or a refund of monthly payments on or before July 8, 2021, then the Liquidating Trustee will process and pay those claims according to the Plan only if and when enough money is recovered through the lawsuits to pay the claims. The amount and timing of any such payment is not known, and depends on whether the Liquidating Trustee is successful in pursuing the legal claims of Sharity for the Members' benefit.

PLEASE VOTE.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS FOR MEMBERS

1. Do I need to file a claim to receive compensation under the Plan?

No, your claim for compensation is already submitted and the amount is provided on your ballot. You can also go to www.bmcgroup.com/sharity and follow the instructions to see your claim. The amount of your claim is the greater of the total unpaid medical expenses submitted in claims to Sharity or the total monthly payments you made, unless you filed a proof of claim, in which case the amount of your claim is what you listed in the proof of claim. If you think the claim information on the website is incorrect and wish to dispute it or wish to file an additional claim for compensation you must file a claim by **January 4, 2022**. You can find instructions on how to submit an additional claim and other information at www.bmcgroup.com/sharity.

2. Under the Plan, how will my claims be paid?

The Plan will establish a trust fund to pay member claims. This trust fund is called the Liquidating Trust.

Members that made monthly payments to Sharity after July 8, 2021 will be paid 100% of the amount you paid after that date within 30 days of the Plan becoming effective.

Other claims will not be paid until there is enough money recovered from lawsuits that the Liquidating Trust will file.

3. Does the Bankruptcy Court need to approve Sharity's Plan?

Yes. The Bankruptcy Court will decide whether to approve the Plan at a hearing on December 2, 2021.

4. Do members get to vote on whether the Bankruptcy Court should approve or not approve the Plan?

Yes, all members may vote on whether they accept or reject the Plan based upon their claims. Members will be divided into two Classes for voting purposes, called Class 3 and Class 4 under the Plan. Class 3 is made up of all Sharity Members who submitted a monthly payment after July 8, 2021, the date Sharity filed for bankruptcy. Class 4 is made up of all other claims by Member and claims of other unsecured creditors.

5. Do I vote twice if I have two claims, one in Class 3 and one in Class 4?

Yes, Members who have two claims, one in Class 3 and one in Class 4, may cast a ballot to accept or reject the Plan in each class.

6. How do I vote?

You may submit your ballot online or by mail, as provided in the instructions.

7. How many Classes must vote in favor of the Plan for the Plan to be Confirmed?

At least one Class must vote to accept the plan in order for it to be approved. For a Class to accept the Plan, at least 50% of the claims voted and 66 and 2/3% of the amounts voted in that Class must vote to accept the Plan.

8. If no Class accepts the Plan, can the Bankruptcy Court still approve the Plan?

No, if no Classes vote to accept the Plan, a new Plan would have to be submitted or the case would not proceed in Chapter 11 bankruptcy.

9. If the Plan is Approved, Who will run the Liquidating Trust?

The Liquidating Trust will be run by an individual known as a Liquidating Trustee. The Members Committee will identify a Liquidating Trustee, which will be posted on the BMC website as part of a “Plan Supplement” by November 8, 2021. If those parties cannot agree on a Liquidating Trustee, the Bankruptcy Court will appoint one at or shortly after the confirmation hearing.

10. What claims will be paid from the Liquidating Trust?

All valid, approved Claims (called “allowed claims” in the Bankruptcy Code) filed by Members, including claims for uncovered medical expenses, refunds of monthly payments, and all amounts paid to Sharity after July 8, 2021, will be paid from the Liquidating Trust. Those claims are categorized in Classes 3 and 4 in the Plan.

Member claims in Class 3 are only for monthly payments made to Sharity after July 8, 2021, for which the member will receive a full payment of the amount you paid after that date within 30 days after the Plan becomes effective.

Member claims in Class 4 will be paid if, and when, there is a recovery (money) from lawsuits brought by the Liquidating Trustee. There is no guarantee that money will become available to pay Claims in Class 4, however, and if money does become available, there is no way of knowing how much it will be or how much the Members will actually receive. It is most likely that Members will receive only a percentage of their claims, although the size of the percentage will also be unknown until everything is collected and the Liquidating Trust figures how much there is in Claims and how much money there is to pay them after deducting the expense of conducting the process.

11. What is my Unpaid Medical Claims Amount?

Sharity has a database of all Unpaid Medical Claims. Members can use this database to establish their claim. Members should follow the instructions in their ballot to see what Sharity calculated the Unpaid Medical Claims to be for that Member. If you disagree with the calculation of your Unpaid Medical Claim or wish to file a claim against Sharity for other medical expenses or some other reason, you should submit a proof of claim by following the instructions on BMC’s website (www.bmcgroup.com/sharity) **by no later than January 4, 2022.**

12. How will the Liquidating Trust be funded?

The Liquidating Trust will be funded initially with what is expected to be approximately \$1 million in cash on the official date that the Plan is approved. The Liquidating Trust will also own the right to bring lawsuits on behalf of Sharity. The Trust will receive any money obtained from the lawsuits, and use that money to pay Members' Claims.

13. What does the Liquidating Trustee do?

The Liquidating Trustee will run the Liquidating Trust. This means the Liquidating Trustee, with help from legal and financial professionals, will determine the amount of Members' claims, pay them, manage the money in the Liquidating Trust and make sure that all members are treated fairly.

The Liquidating Trustee will be overseen by the Liquidating Trust Committee, which will be made up of five Members of Sharity selected by the U.S. Trustee to represent the Members' interests and a governmental representative.

14. What if I have more questions?

If you have any questions regarding the Plan or voting, please contact Sharity's Solicitation Agent, BMC Group, via one of the following methods. Additional information will also be posted to Sharity's website, SharityMinistries.org.

BMC Group Inc.
Telephone: 1-888-909-0100
Website: www.bmcgroup.com/sharity
Email: sharity@bmcgroup.com

If you have general questions about the Sharity Bankruptcy, you may contact the lawyers for the Members Committee:

Sirianni Youtz Spoonemore Hamburger PLLC
Mehri & Skalet
Website: <http://www.symslaw.com/>
Email: Sharitymemberscommittee@sylaw.com

15. How Do I Obtain Health Insurance?

If you or your family need health coverage, please visit <https://www.healthcare.gov/marketplace-in-your-state/> to find information regarding affordable, comprehensive health coverage available in your state. Open enrollment begins on November 1st. Open enrollment periods may close soon, and vary depending on your state, so it is important to review the information and seek coverage promptly.

EXHIBIT B

Charity Ministries
Liquidation Analysis
(\$ in Thousands)

For Discussion Purposes Only
Subject to Ongoing Review and Material Revision

Liquidation Analysis - Chapter 7 Liquidation Compared to Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation										
Amounts in \$000s										
	Notes	Estimated Balance	Chapter 7 Liquidation				Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation			
			Realization Percentage		Liquidation Value		Realization Percentage		Liquidation Value	
			Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High
Table I: Assets Available For Distribution										
Estimated Cash and Cash Equivalents - Operating Account	a	\$ 841	100%	100%	\$ 841	\$ 841	100%	100%	\$ 841	\$ 841
Estimated Cash and Cash Equivalents - Monies Received on Post-Petition Member Contributions	b	\$ 1,174	100%	100%	\$ 1,174	\$ 1,174	100%	100%	1,174	1,174
Estimated Cash and Cash Equivalents - Monies Residing in Sharebox Funding Account	c	\$ 779	100%	100%	779	779	100%	100%	779	779
Cash Deposits	d	331	0%	0%	-	-	10%	100%	33	331
Due from Alera	e	23,654	10%	100%	2,365	23,654	10%	100%	2,365	23,654
Licenses; Intangibles; Other Assets	f	-	NA	NA	-	-	NA	NA	-	-
Total Assets and Net Proceeds Available For Distribution		\$ 26,779	19%	99%	\$ 5,159	\$ 26,448	19%	100%	\$ 5,192	\$ 26,779
Table II: Estimated Wind Down Expenses										
Wind Down Expenses	g				\$ 450	\$ 450			\$ -	\$ -
Chapter 7 Trustee Professional Fees	h				800	300			-	-
Chapter 11 Liquidating Trust Professional Fees	h				-	-			800	300
Chapter 7 Trustee Fees (3% of Proceeds)	i				155	793			-	-
Total Wind Down Expenses					\$ 1,405	\$ 1,543			\$ 800	\$ 300
Net Proceeds Available After Wind Down Expenses					\$ 3,754	\$ 24,904			\$ 4,392	\$ 26,479
Table III: Estimated Creditor Recoveries										
Class 1: Miscellaneous Secured Claims (Unimpaired)		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Class 2: Priority Non-Tax Claims (Unimpaired)		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Class 3: Member Claims for Post-July 8, 2021 Monthly Payments (Impaired)		1,174	100.00%	100.00%	\$ 1,174	\$ 1,174	100.00%	100.00%	\$ 1,174	\$ 1,174
Class 4: Members Claims and General Unsecured Claims (Impaired)	j	TBD	TBD	TBD	2,581	23,731	TBD	TBD	3,219	25,305
Class 5: Governmental Fines and Penalty Claims (Impaired)	j	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Class 6: Section 510(c) Claims (Fully Extinguished and Discharged)		TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD

Notes:

- a Estimated operating cash balance tested at the effective date subject to continued updating and refinement; assumes professional fee retainers of Baker Hostetler and SOLIC Capital Advisors are applied. Does not include segregated funds currently held in separate bank accounts at Regions Banks. Includes wind-down expenses for professional fees.
- b Cash reserve balance for refunds to members who made monthly contributions subsequent to the filing date.
- c Static cash reserve balance for bank account that was used for funding share requests.
- d Estimated cash deposits held by attorneys outside of Baker Hostetler and includes other prepaid amounts, primarily a MedWatch advanced payment amount of \$316k.
- e Represents monies due from Alera Companies and its affiliates to the estate; subject to ongoing analysis to determine amounts Due from Alera. Estimate is hypothetical for illustrative purposes only using the reported unaudited balance sheet from the general ledger provided by the Alera Companies as of 12/31/2020. Includes estimated TSYS credit card processor withholdings. These amounts do not include the value of any claims from causes of action or claims against Alera outside of current amounts owing by Alera.
- f No value assigned in the financial statements to the estate's intangible assets (domain names, mailing lists, trademark, etc.). Estimated at de minimus value for purpose of analysis.
- g Incremental wind-down costs for liquidation approximated at an incremental 12 weeks applying application of CRO services at 75% of current run-rate (shown as \$37.5k per week). Base wind-down expenses for CRO services are already reflected as a deduct in the cash balance per footnote (a) above.
- h Estimate.
- i Chapter 7 Trustee Commission is calculated in accordance with 11 U.S.C. section 326(a).
- j Claims amounts uncertain in light of the General Bar Date extended to January 4, 2022. Recoveries are before any contingency fees due to counsel representing the Chapter 7 Trustee or the Liquidating Trustee.

EXHIBIT C

EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASE

CONTRACT/LEASE COUNTERPARTY	COUNTERPARTY ADDRESS	CONTRACT/LEASE DESCRIPTION	STATUS
A. Joseph Guarino III	A. Joseph Guarino III 4917 Farm Valley Dr. Woodstock, GA 30188	Employment Agreement	Rejected by 2 nd Rejection Order [D.I. 182, 9/7/21]
Adevo LLC	Adevo LLC 990 Hammond Drive, Suite 700 Atlanta, GA 30328	Marketing and Brand Development Services Agreement	Rejected by 1 st Rejection Order [D.I. 161, 8/19/21]
Base Commerce, LLC (Fresno First Bank)	Fresno State Bank 7690 N. Palm Avenue, Suite 101 Fresno, CA 93711 – and – Base Commerce 5055 E. Washington Street, Suite 300 Phoenix, AZ 85034	Processing of credit card transactions and other ancillary transaction services	Rejected by 2 nd Rejection Order [D.I. 182, 9/7/21]
Centivo T Holdings, LLC	Centivo T. Holdings, LLC C/O Centivo Corporation 307 Cayuga Road, Suite 170 Buffalo, NY 14225 – and – Lowenstein Sandler, LLP 1251 6th Ave., 17th Floor New York, NY 10020 Attn: Anthony Pergola	Master Services Agreement	Rejected by 3 rd Rejection Order [D.I. 227, 10/4/21]

CONTRACT/LEASE COUNTERPARTY	COUNTERPARTY ADDRESS	CONTRACT/LEASE DESCRIPTION	STATUS
Corporation Service Corporation	Corporation Service Corporation 251 Little Falls Drive Wilmington, DE 19808	Registered Agent Services Contract	
Enrollment123, Inc. <i>dba</i> Administration123	Enrollment 123, Inc. C/O Administration123 668 N. Coast Hwy #167 Laguna Beach, CA 92651 Attn: Joe Siedel	Services Agreement	Rejected by 3 rd Rejection Order [D.I. 227, 10/4/21]
Ensurian Agency, LLC	Ensurian Agency, LLC 990 Hammond Drive, Suite 700 Atlanta, GA 30328	Managing National General Wholesaler Agreement	Rejected by 1 st Rejection Order [D.I. 161, 8/19/21]
Faith Driven Life Church	Faith Driven Life Church/New Horizons Church of God in Christ c/o Oliver J. Haney III 2822 Randall St. East Point, GA 30344	Charitable Contribution Agreement	Rejected by 2 nd Rejection Order [D.I. 182, 9/7/21]
Forestall CPA's	Forestall CPA's 5328 Lanier Island Parkway, Suite 201 Buford, GA 30518-9056	Engagement Letter	
Gibbons, P.C.	Gibbons, P.C. One Gateway Center Newark, NJ 07102-6310 Attn: Kevin G. Walsh, Esq.	Legal Services Engagement Letter	
Global Processing Partners, LLC	Global Processing Partners, LLC 389 Highway 21, Suite 402b Madisonville, LA 70447	Processing of ACH transactions and checks	Rejected by 2 nd Rejection Order [D.I. 182, 9/7/21]

CONTRACT/LEASE COUNTERPARTY	COUNTERPARTY ADDRESS	CONTRACT/LEASE DESCRIPTION	STATUS
Howard S. Russell	Howard S. Russell H.S. Russell Family Ministries, Inc. 16163 Galehouse Road Doylestown, OH 44230	Consultant Services Agreement	
Husch Blackwell	Husch Blackwell 901 St. Louis Street, Suite 1800 Springfield, MO 65806 Attn: Ginger K. Gooch, Esq.	Legal Services Engagement Letter	
Joy C. Spriggs	Joy C. Spriggs 8473 SE Pine Circle Hobe Sound, FL 33455	Employment Agreement	
McBrayer PLLC	McBrayer PLLC 201 East Main Street, Suite 900 Lexington, KY 40507 Attn: Jon A. Woodall, Esq.	Legal Services Engagement Letter	
MedWatch, LLC	MedWatch, LLC 400 Colonial Center Parkway Suite 320 Lake Mary, FL 32746 Attn: Sally-Ann Polson	Medical Management Services Agreement	Rejected by 3 rd Rejection Order [D.I. 227, 10/4/21]
McLane Middleton	McLane Middleton 900 Elm Street, 10th Floor Manchester, NH 03101 Attn: Michael A. Delaney, Esq.	Legal Services Engagement Letter	
Michael A. LeBrun	Michael A. LeBrun Midaire, LLC 1930 Rand Ridge Ct., Suite B Marietta, GA 30062	Consultant Services Agreement	

CONTRACT/LEASE COUNTERPARTY	COUNTERPARTY ADDRESS	CONTRACT/LEASE DESCRIPTION	STATUS
Office Evolution	Office Evolution 821 Atlanta Street Roswell, GA 30075	Lease of Office space	Rejected by 2 nd Rejection Order [D.I. 182, 9/7/21]
Stage2Accounting, Inc.	Stage2Accounting, Inc. 661 Wellington Drive Winder, GA 30680	Independent Contractor Agreement	
Tactic Edge Solutions, LLC	Tactic Edge Solutions, LLC 990 Hammond Drive, Suite 700 Atlanta, GA 30328	Ancillary Services Agreement	Rejected by 1 st Rejection Order [D.I. 161, 8/19/21]
Tactic Edge Solutions, LLC	Tactic Edge Solutions, LLC 990 Hammond Drive, Suite 700 Atlanta, GA 30328	IT Platform Services Agreement	Rejected by 1 st Rejection Order [D.I. 161, 8/19/21]
Three Digital Advertising	Three Digital Advertising 550 Pharr Road, Suite 900 Atlanta, GA 30305	Advertising Contract	
USA Benefits & Administrators, LLC	USA Benefits & Administrators, LLC 990 Hammond Drive, Suite 700 Atlanta, GA 30328	Administration Services Agreement	Rejected by 1 st Rejection Order [D.I. 161, 8/19/21]
Vonage Business Inc.	Vonage Business PO Box 392415 Pittsburgh, PA 15251-9415 – and – Vonage Legal Dept. Vonage Business 23 Main Street Holmdel, NJ 07733	Service Agreement	

Exhibit B

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

In re:

SHARITY MINISTRIES, INC.,¹

Debtor.

Chapter 11

Case No.: 21-11001 (JTD)

Ref. No. ____

NOTICE OF (A) ENTRY OF THE ORDER (I) APPROVING THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ON A FINAL BASIS AND (II) CONFIRMING THE PLAN OF LIQUIDATION OF SHARITY MINISTRIES, INC. PURSUANT TO CHAPTER 11 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE; (B) THE EFFECTIVE DATE THEREOF; AND (C) CERTAIN DEADLINES

TO CREDITORS AND PARTIES IN INTEREST PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT:

1. **Confirmation of the Plan.** On December __, 2021, the Honorable John T. Dorsey, United States Bankruptcy Judge for the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the “Bankruptcy Court”), entered the *Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order (I) Approving the Disclosure Statement on a Final Basis and (II) Confirming the Plan of Liquidation of Sharity Ministries, Inc. Pursuant to Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code* [D.I. ____] (the “Confirmation Order”) (i) granting final approval and confirmation of the *Combined Disclosure Statement* (“Disclosure Statement”) and *Chapter 11 Plan of Liquidation of Sharity Ministries Inc.* [D.I. ____] (the “Plan,” and together with the Disclosure Statement, the “Combined Plan and Disclosure Statement”).²

2. **Effective Date of the Plan.** All conditions precedent to occurrence of the Effective Date of the Plan have been satisfied or waived. The Effective Date of the Plan occurred on December __, 2021.

3. **Copies of the Plan and the Confirmation Order.** Copies of the Confirmation Order, Disclosure Statement, the Plan, and related documents, are available free of charge at <https://bmcgroup.com/sharity>, or for a fee at the Bankruptcy Court’s website at www.deb.uscourts.gov. The Confirmation Order, Disclosure Statement, Plan and related documents also are available for inspection during regular business hours in the office of the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court, 824 Market Street, 3rd Floor, Wilmington, Delaware 19801.

4. **Administrative Expense Claim Bar Date.** Pursuant to paragraph 17 of the Confirmation Order, the deadline for filing proofs of claim or requests for payment of Administrative Expense Claims accruing from the Petition Date through and including the Effective Date (the “Administrative Claim Expense Requests”), other than Professional Fee

¹ The last four digits of the Debtor’s federal tax identification number is 0344. The Debtor’s mailing address is 821 Atlanta Street, Suite 124, Roswell, GA 30075.

² All capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined herein shall have the respective meanings ascribed to them in the Plan.

Claims, is thirty (30) days from the date of service of this Notice of Effective Date, which is **January , 2022**. All Administrative Expense Claim Requests must be submitted to BMC Group, Inc. (the “Claims Agent”). Administrative Expense Claim Requests will be deemed timely Filed only if **actually received** by the Claims Agent on or before **January , 2022** (the “Administrative Expense Claim Bar Date”). Each Administrative Expense Claim Request, including supporting documentation, must be submitted: (i) on or before the Administrative Expense Claim Bar Date, by completing the administrative proof of claim form, copies of which can be accessed at the Claims Agent’s website <https://bmcgroup.com/sharity>, and clicking on the “File a Claim” link on the “General Info” page and following the directions given therein; or (ii) by United States mail or other hand delivery system, so as to be **actually received** by the Claims Agent on or before the applicable Bar Date at the following address:

If by Regular Mail:	If by Messenger or Overnight Delivery:
BMC Group Attn: Sharity Ministries Claims Processing PO Box 90100 Los Angeles, CA 90009	BMC Group Attn: Sharity Ministries Claims Processing 3732 West 120th Street Hawthorne, CA 90250

Administrative Expense Claims Requests may **not** be delivered by facsimile, telecopy, or electronic mail transmission to the Claims Agent, the Clerk of the Court or the Debtor.

If you are required to File an Administrative Expense Claim Request pursuant to paragraph [17] of the Confirmation Order and fail to do so by the Administrative Expense Claims Bar Date, your untimely Administrative Expense Claim will not be considered Allowed, and you will not be treated as a creditor for purposes of distributions with respect to such claim, and you shall be entitled to no distribution under the Plan with respect to such claim.

5. **Professional Fee Claims Bar Date.** Pursuant to paragraph 18 of the Confirmation Order, any Entity seeking an award by the Bankruptcy Court of compensation for services or reimbursement of expenses incurred in accordance with Bankruptcy Code sections 328, 330 or 331 before the Effective Date or entitled to priorities established pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 503(b)(2), 503(b)(3), 503(b)(4) or 503(b)(5) shall (1) File with the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court no later than twenty-one (21) days from the date of service of this Notice of Effective Date, which is **December , 2021** (the “Professional Fee Claims Bar Date”), an application, including, without limitation, a final fee application, for such award of compensation or reimbursement; (2) serve a copy thereof, together with exhibits and schedules related thereto, upon (i) Co-counsel to the Debtor, Baker & Hostetler, LLP, 45 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, New York 10111 (Attn: Jorian L. Rose, Esq., jrose@bakerlaw.com, and Jason I. Blanchard, Esq., jblanchard@bakerlaw.com); Baker & Hostetler, LLP, 200 South Orange Avenue, Suite 2300, Orlando, Florida 32801 (Attn: Andrew V. Layden, Esq., alayden@bakerlaw.com); and Landis Rath & Cobb LLP, 919 Market Street, Suite 1800, Wilmington, Delaware 19801 (Attn: Matthew B. McGuire, Esq., mcguire@lrclaw.com and Nicolas E. Jenner, Esq., jenner@lrclaw.com); (ii) Office of the United States Trustee, 844 King Street, Suite 2207, Lockbox 35, Wilmington, Delaware 19801, (Attn: Rosa Sierra, Esq., rosa.sierra@usdoj.gov); and (iii) Co-counsel to the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors, Sirianni Youtz Spoonemore Hamburger PLLC, 3101 Western Avenue, Suite 350 Seattle, Washington 98121 (Attn: Eleanor Hamburger, Esq.,

ele@sylaw.com); Mehri & Skalet, PLLC, 1250 Connecticut Avenue, NW, Suite 300, Washington, D.C. 20036 (Attn: Cyrus Mehri, Esq., CMehri@findjustice.com); Stevens & Lee, P.C., 919 North Market Street, Suite 1300, Wilmington, Delaware 19801 (Attn: Joseph H. Huston, Jr., Esq., joseph.huston@stevenslee.com and David W. Giattino, Esq., david.giattino@stevenslee.com); and (3) comply with the applicable requirements for such claim.

6. **Rejection Claims Bar Date.** Pursuant to paragraph 14 of the Confirmation Order, the deadline for filing proofs of claim or requests for payment of Claims created by the rejection of executory contracts and unexpired leases pursuant to the Plan (the “Rejection Claims Requests”) is thirty (30) days from the date of service of this Notice of Effective Date, which is **January , 2022**. All Rejection Claims must be submitted to the Claims Agent. Rejection Claims will be deemed timely Filed only if **actually received** by the Claims Agent on or before **January , 2022** (the “Rejection Claims Bar Date”). Each Rejection Claim Request, including supporting documentation, must be submitted: (i) on or before the Rejection Claims Bar Date, by completing the proof of claim form, copies of which can be accessed at the Claims Agent’s website <https://bmcgroup.com/sharity>, and clicking on the “File a Claim” link on the “General Info” page and following the directions given therein; or (ii) by United States mail or other hand delivery system, so as to be **actually received** by the Claims Agent on or before the Rejection Claims Bar Date at the following address:

If by Regular Mail:	If by Messenger or Overnight Delivery:
BMC Group Attn: Sharity Ministries Claims Processing PO Box 90100 Los Angeles, CA 90009	BMC Group Attn: Sharity Ministries Claims Processing 3732 West 120th Street Hawthorne, CA 90250

Rejection Claims Requests may **not** be delivered by facsimile, telecopy, or electronic mail transmission to the Claims Agent, the Clerk of the Court or the Debtor. Absent order of the Court to the contrary, any Rejection Claims Requests not Filed by the Rejection Claims Bar Date will not be considered Allowed and such person or entity shall not be treated as a creditor for purposes of distributions under the Plan with respect to such claim.

7. **Post-Effective Date Notice.** Pursuant to Article IX, Section F of the Plan, after the Effective Date, to continue to receive notice of documents pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2002, all Creditors and other parties in interest (except those listed in the following sentence) must file a renewed notice of appearance requesting receipt of documents pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2002. After the Effective Date, the Liquidating Trustee is authorized to limit the list of parties in interest receiving notice of documents pursuant to Bankruptcy Rules 2002 to the Office of the United States Trustee, the States, and those parties in interest who have filed such renewed requests; provided, however, that the Liquidating Trustee also shall serve any known parties directly affected by or having a direct interest in, the particular filing in accordance with Local Rule 2002-1(b). Notice given in accordance with the foregoing procedures shall be deemed adequate pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, and the Local Rules.

8. **Binding Nature of Plan.** The Plan and its provisions are binding on the Debtor and any holder of a Claim against, or Interest in, the Debtor, and such holder's respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns, whether or not the Claim or Interest of such holder is impaired by the Plan and whether or not such holder voted to accept or reject the Plan.

Dated: December __, 2021
Wilmington, Delaware

LANDIS RATH & COBB LLP

Adam G. Landis (No. 3407)
Matthew B. McGuire (No. 4366)
Nicolas E. Jenner (No. 6554)
919 Market Street, Suite 1800
Wilmington, Delaware 19801
Telephone: (302) 467-4400
Facsimile: (302) 467-4450
Email: landis@lrclaw.com
mcguire@lrclaw.com
jenner@lrclaw.com

-and-

BAKER & HOSTETLER LLP

Jorian L. Rose (Admitted *pro hac vice*)
Jason I. Blanchard (Admitted *pro hac vice*)
45 Rockefeller Plaza
New York, New York 10111
Telephone: (212) 589-4200
Facsimile: (212) 589-4201
Email: jrose@bakerlaw.com
jblanchard@bakerlaw.com

Andrew V. Layden (Admitted *pro hac vice*)
SunTrust Center, Suite 2300
200 South Orange Avenue
Orlando, FL 32801-3432
Telephone: (407) 649-4000
Facsimile: (407) 841-0168
Email: alayden@bakerlaw.com

*Counsel for the Debtor and
Debtor-in-Possession*